

## PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

This low cost compact LCD voltmeter module is ideally suited for high volume applications. It features an exceptionally large display in a miniature package and includes auto-zero and user-selectable decimal points. The module is supplied with a panel mounting bezel.

## FEATURES

- Low Cost
- 6.3mm (0.25") Digit Height
- 200mV d.c. Full Scale Reading
- 1mA (typ)@ +9V d.c. Power Supply
- Auto-zero and Auto-polarity
- User Selectable Decimal Points
- Supplied with Mounting Bezel



## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- High Volume, Low Cost Systems
- Power Supply Monitoring
- Panel-Mount Indication

## ORDERING INFORMATION

Standard Meter

Stock Number  
V 1

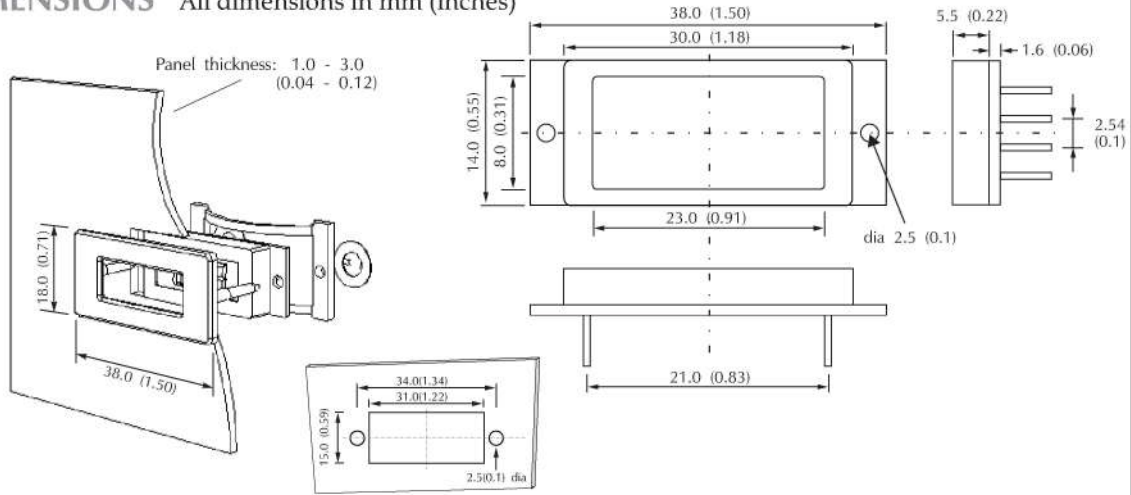
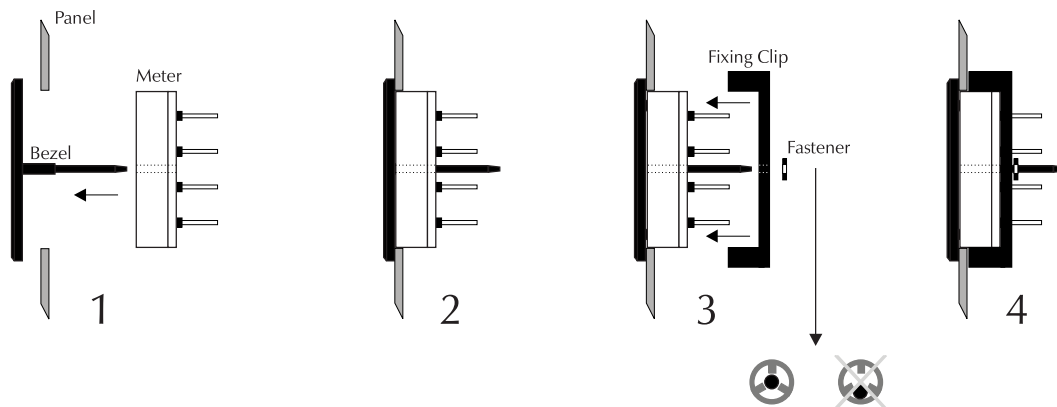
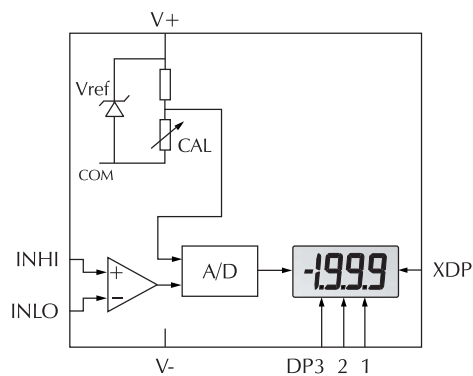
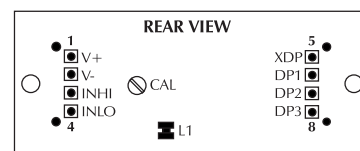
## ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Specification               | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit          |
|-----------------------------|------|------|------|---------------|
| Accuracy (overall error) *  |      | 0.25 |      | % (±3 counts) |
| Linearity                   |      | ±3   |      | counts        |
|                             |      | ±5   |      | counts        |
| Sample rate                 |      | 3    |      | samples/sec   |
| Operating temperature range | 0    |      | 50   | °C            |
| Temperature stability       |      | 300  |      | ppm/°C        |
| Supply voltage              | 7.0  | 9    | 12   | V d.c.        |
| Supply current              |      | 1    | 2    | mA            |

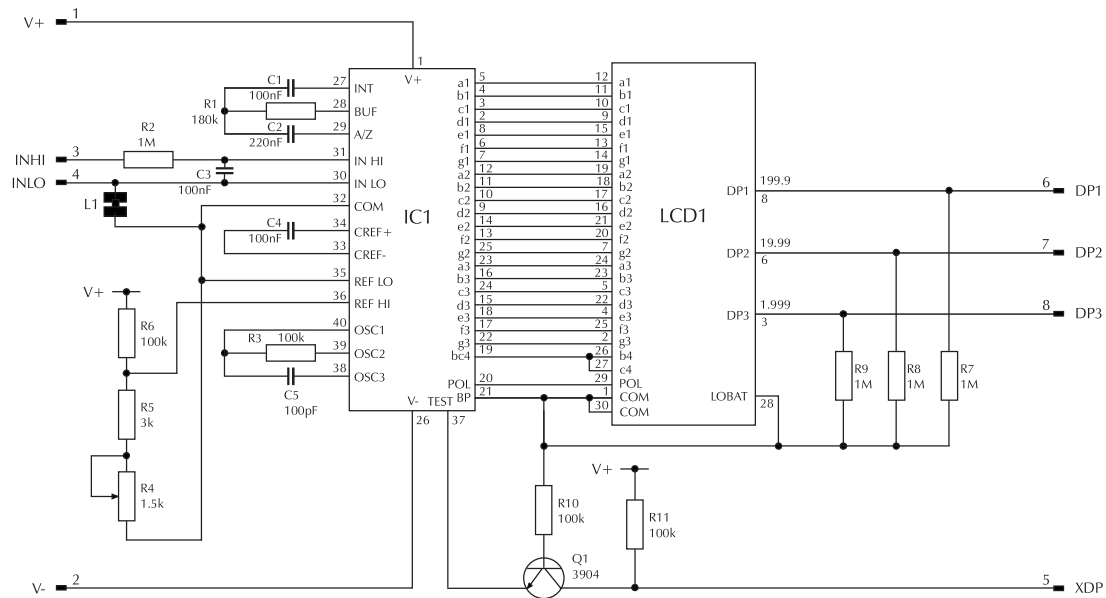
\* To ensure maximum accuracy, re-calibrate periodically.

## SAFETY

To comply with the Low Voltage Directive (LVD 93/68/EEC), input voltages to the module's pins must not exceed 60Vdc. The user must ensure that the incorporation of the panel meter into the user's equipment conforms to the relevant sections of BS EN 61010 (Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measuring, Control and Laboratory Use).

**DIMENSIONS** All dimensions in mm (inches)**PANEL FITTING****FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM****PIN CONFIGURATION (rear view)**

## CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



## PIN FUNCTIONS

- |         |                                                           |                                                                                        |
|---------|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1. V+   | Positive power supply connection.                         |                                                                                        |
| 2. V-   | Negative power supply connection.                         |                                                                                        |
| 3. INHI | Positive measuring input with reference to INLO.          | } Analogue inputs must be no closer than 1V to either the positive or negative supply. |
| 4. INLO | Negative measuring input with reference to INHI.          |                                                                                        |
| 5. XDP  | Connect to DP1, 2 or 3 to display required decimal point. |                                                                                        |
| 6. DP1  | Connect to XDP to display Decimal Point 1 (199.9).        |                                                                                        |
| 7. DP2  | Connect to XDP to display Decimal Point 2 (19.99).        |                                                                                        |
| 8. DP3  | Connect to XDP to display Decimal Point 3 (1.999).        |                                                                                        |

Solder Links:

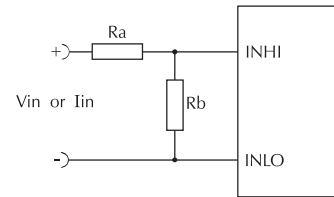
L1 Normally Closed, connects COM to INLO.

## SCALING

Two resistors  $R_a$  and  $R_b$  may be used to alter the full scale reading (FSR) of the meter - see table. The meter will have to be re-calibrated by adjusting the calibration potentiometer on the rear of the module.

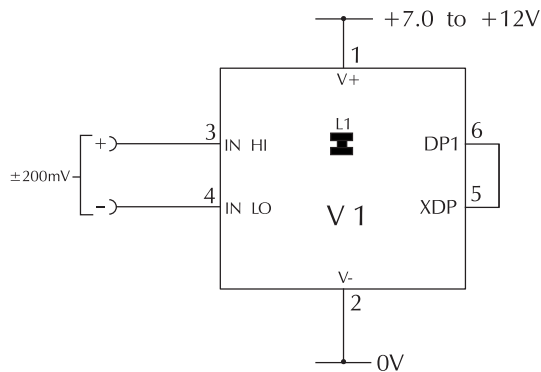
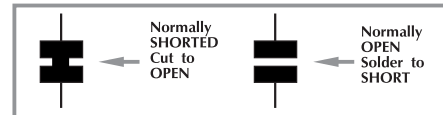
|                     | FSR    | $R_a$ | $R_b$ |
|---------------------|--------|-------|-------|
| Voltage<br>$V_{in}$ | 2V     | 910k  | 100k  |
|                     | 20V    | 1M    | 10k   |
|                     | 200V   | 1M    | 1k    |
|                     | 2000V* | 1M    | 100R  |
| Current<br>$I_{in}$ | 200µA  | 0R    | 1k    |
|                     | 2mA    | 0R    | 100R  |
|                     | 20mA   | 0R    | 10R   |
|                     | 200mA  | 0R    | 1R    |

\*Ensure that  $R_a$  is rated for high voltage use.

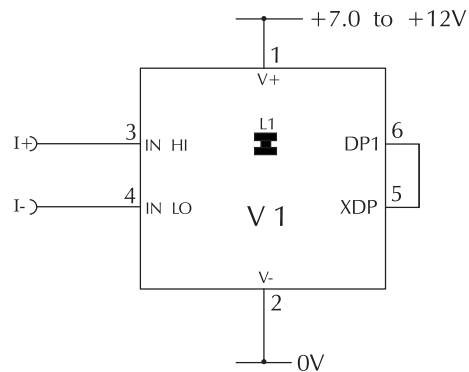


## APPLICATIONS

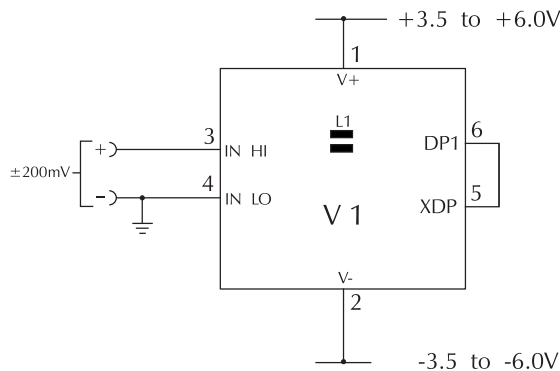
Do not connect more than one meter to the same power supply if the meters cannot use the same signal ground. Taking any input beyond the power supply rails will damage the meter.



Measuring an input voltage referenced to a floating supply, i.e. the input voltage and the meter's power supply are isolated from each other. Check Link L1 is closed.



Measuring a current referenced to a floating supply, i.e. the current being measured and the meter's power supply are isolated from each other. Check Link L1 is closed.



Measuring a single ended input referenced to supply, i.e. the input voltage and the meter's power supply share the same 0V rail. Check Link L1 is open.