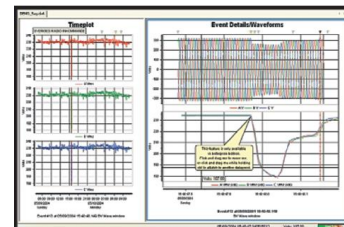
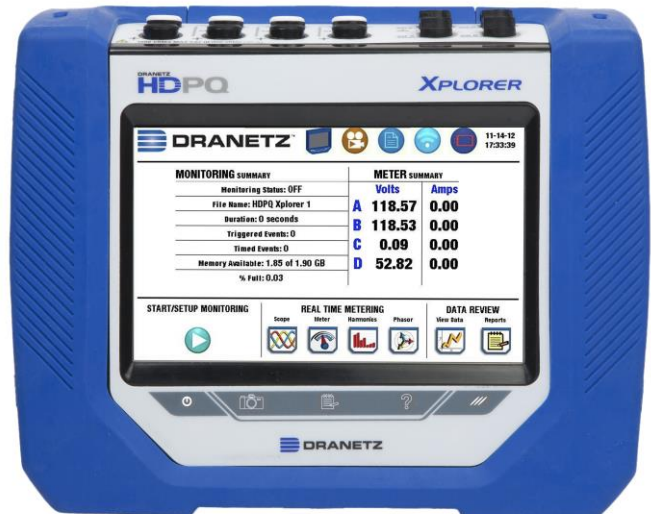


# DRANETZ HDPQ® DATA SHEET

## XPLORER, XPLORER-400, GUIDE & VISA

### FEATURE SUMMARY

- PORTABLE POWER QUALITY, DEMAND & ENERGY ANALYSIS
- 7-INCH WIDE SCREEN COLOR, TOUCH LCD
- 4 DIFFERENTIAL 50/60HZ, AC/DC VOLTAGE CHANNELS
- 400HZ FOR AVIATION, NAVAL, MILITARY (XPLORER-400)
- 1000V CAT III, 600V CAT IV
- 32US/40US TRANSIENTS. 1US (XPLORER, XPLORER-400)
- 4 AC/DC CURRENT CHANNELS WITH FLEX PROBE POWER
- IEC 61000-4-30:2008 CLASS A, EN50160:2010
- IEEE 1159, 519:2014, 1453, 1459 (XPLORER, GUIDE)
- SAG/DIP, SWELL, TRANSIENTS, UNBALANCE, FLICKER
- HARMONICS, INTERHARMONICS, MAINS SIGNALING
- INRUSH WITH 10K CYCLE RECORDING (GUIDE, XPLORER/400)
- INTELLIGENT ANSWER MODULES® (GUIDE, XPLORER/400)
- EASY-TO-USE WITH AUTOMATIC OR MANUAL SETUPS
- 4GB INTERNAL FLASH MEMORY. EXTERNAL STORAGE VIA USB
- ETHERNET, 802.11 WIRELESS, BLUETOOTH, USB OTG
- APPS FOR APPLE, ANDROID TABLETS & SMARTPHONES
- VNC REMOTE CONTROL FOR PC, MAC, IOS & ANDROID
- GPS, NTP, INTERNAL TIME SYNCHRONIZATION
- FULLY COMPATIBLE WITH DRANVIEW 7
- RUGGED IP50 ENCLOSURE WITH EASEL & CABLE MANAGEMENT
- UNIVERSAL POWER SUPPLY WITH MULTI-COUNTRY PLUGS



**Dran-View® 7**



**Apple &  
Android Apps**

### INTRODUCTION

The Dranetz HDPQ® family of Power Quality, Demand and Energy instruments is the latest in a long line of industry leading products from Dranetz. The Dranetz HDPQ family is comprised of four portable instruments, with the difference being the availability of Wi-Fi communications, advanced intelligent AnswerModules, high speed transient capabilities, 400Hz monitoring and other advanced features. The Dranetz HDPQ instruments are: *Visa*, *Guide*, *Xplorer* and *Xplorer-400*. Each is a successor to the Dranetz *PowerVisa*, *PowerGuide*, *PowerXplorer* and *PowerXplorer-400*.

The Dranetz HDPQ merges the state-of-the-art power monitoring capabilities you expect from Dranetz, with 'best in class' communication capabilities to provide users with a revolutionary monitoring experience. Each instrument has a built-in 7-inch color wide screen LCD user interface for monitoring setup and data review. By putting operator safety first, the Dranetz HDPQ also enables users to review data and change settings remotely from virtually any Smartphone or Tablet mobile device, along with traditional PC and Mac laptops and desktops. Just hook up the instrument, close the cabinet doors to 'safe' the environment and use either a free 3<sup>rd</sup> party VNC App or our Dranetz HDPQ Apple or Android App via Ethernet, Wireless, or Bluetooth for remote control from anywhere with connectivity to the instrument.

## DRANETZ HDPQ APPLICATIONS

The Dranetz HDPQ family is a series of portable monitoring instruments that is intended for temporary and semi-permanent Power Quality, Demand, and Energy surveys. It has a 7-inch color, touch user interface that allows for easy setup and reporting using the local display. Ethernet, wireless and Bluetooth interfaces are available for the user (model dependent) to remotely control the instrument from a safe environment using a VNC interface and/or the Dranetz Apple/Android App, greatly reducing exposure to hazardous environments.

Dranetz HDPQ instruments measure 4 channels of voltage and 4 channels of current to measure and detect changes in the electrical circuit being measured. The instrument measures Sags/Dips, Swells, Harmonics and Flicker in accordance with all accepted worldwide industry standards, such as IEC 61000-4-30:2008 Class A, IEC 61000-4-7, IEC 61000-4-15, IEEE 1159, IEEE 519:2014 and IEEE 1453, and more. Low, medium and high frequency Transients are also measured (model dependant), as well as power parameters, such as Watts, VA, VAR, Power Factor, Demand/Energy, and many more.

The Dranetz HDPQ family is ideally suited for many industries and applications, such as:

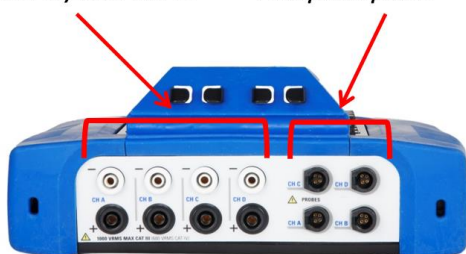
- Electric Utilities
- Facilities
- Electrical contractors
- Hospital and Healthcare
- Military and Government
- Consultants
- Service
- Rental companies
- Education
- Chemical, petrochemical and other industries
- Many more

This data sheet describes the features, benefits, and specifications for each of the Dranetz HDPQ instruments. Although many advanced features are shared by all HDPQ instruments, some features are only available in certain instruments, which are noted below.

### MEASUREMENT INPUTS - ALL HDPQ INSTRUMENTS

**4 Voltage Channels – AC/DC**  
**1000V CAT III/600V CAT IV**

**4 Current Channels – AC/DC**  
**FLEX probe power**



### Voltage

Dranetz HDPQ has (4) differential AC/DC voltage channels rated 1000V CAT III/600V CAT IV. Voltage channels are labeled A, B, C, D and are connected to the circuit using supplied 1000V, 6ft (2m) black (+) and white (-) cables terminated in 4mm plugs and alligator clips. Colored cable clips are provided to match to identifying phase colors.

### Current

Dranetz HDPQ has (4), 1.5V typical, AC/DC current channels with the standard Dranetz 'TR' style connector. Current channels are labeled A, B, C, D and are connected to the circuit using available Dranetz clamp and Flex CT's. Each current connector supplies 3Vdc power to compatible Dranetz Flex CT's.

### COMMUNICATIONS - ALL HDPQ INSTRUMENTS

#### USB OTG Ethernet RJ45



#### Ethernet - All HDPQ Instruments

RJ45 connector for 100BaseT Ethernet communications. Ethernet is used for remote control and data transfer using Dranetz Apps and VNC communications.

#### USB - All HDPQ Instruments

Two USB (On The Go - OTG) ports are available including USB master (full size) and USB slave (micro). The full size USB connector is compatible with off-the-shelf external flash storage devices and the micro, slave connector, is for plug & play connections to a computer for data transfer.

#### Wireless - Guide, Xplorer, Xplorer-400

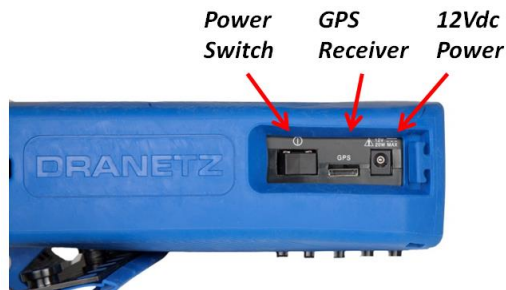
Built-in wireless adapter & antenna that supports 802.11a, b, and g wireless networks. Wireless is used for remote control and data transfer from HDPQ using Dranetz Apps and VNC communications.

#### Bluetooth - Standard on Xplorer, Xplorer-400, Guide. Optional on Visa

External Bluetooth USB adapter to establish a Personal Area Network (PAN) for remote control and data transfer from HDPQ using Dranetz Apps and VNC communications. PC compatible only.

## INSTRUMENT POWER & GPS - ALL HDPQ INSTRUMENTS

### Instrument Power



External 90VAC-265VAC, 50/60HZ, 12V output universal power supply. US, UK, Euro, and Australian country plugs are included. A user accessible NIMH rechargeable battery (UPS) is included with a 2hr (3hr for Guide & Visa) run time on a full charge. Charge time for a depleted battery is 3hrs.

### Time Synchronization GPS

Three methods of time synchronization are available and the system will use the best available time source: GPS using an external GPS receiver and antenna for time synchronization to 1ms, Network Time Protocol (NTP) time synchronization via Ethernet or wireless for time synchronization to 10ms and internal clock.

## CONTROLS - ALL HDPQ INSTRUMENTS

### Color LCD, Touch Display - All HDPQ Instruments



All Dranetz HDPQ instruments have a built-in 7-inch (measured diagonally) color LCD touch display with an LED backlight. The 7-inch LCD is the primary user interface for the Dranetz HDPQ, including instrument setup, real-time metering, data analysis, and reporting.

### Hard Buttons - All HDPQ Instruments



**Snapshot**

**Mini Report  
Viewer**

**Help**

All Dranetz HDPQ instruments have 3 'hard' buttons located beneath the LCD display. These buttons are for reporting and help functions that are available to the user at all times, regardless of the user interface screen being displayed.

The left and center buttons are for the Mini-Report feature. Mini-Reports are screen snapshots (pictures) of individual screens that are compiled into a single file. Mini-Reports are saved in an .xml format and can be viewed locally on the instrument's LCD or transferred to a computer for viewing in any compatible program, such as Microsoft Word.

The left (camera icon) button takes a snapshot of the screen presently displayed. The center (report icon) displays the Mini-Report viewer on the local LCD.

The right (? icon) displays context-sensitive help for the screen presently being displayed on the LCD.

## PACKAGING - ALL HDPQ INSTRUMENTS

### Enclosure

All Dranetz HDPQ instruments are packaged in an IP50, ergonomically designed ABS plastic enclosure with a protective rubber boot. The HDPQ enclosure provides the user several unique, 'ease of use' features.

An integrated instrument hanger hook is mounted to the rear of the instrument. This hook allows for conveniently hanging the HDPQ on a breaker door, switchgear panel or other appropriate vertical surface. The hook also positions the instrument at a convenient viewing angle when used on a floor. The hook is easily removed and replaced by two keyhole mount hanging

buttons for mounting the Dranetz HDPQ in a Dranetz weather resistant enclosure, or other enclosure.



Integrated cable management is available for the user to neatly and safely 'dress' the voltage and current measurement cables by securing them to the instrument. Wire retainers are available on the instrument hanger, as well as a unique cable guide system that is available on the instrument stand.



Dranetz HDPQ instruments also have an integrated power cable retainer to secure the 12VDC power supply cable to the instrument, preventing it from being accidentally pulled out while monitoring.



## REMOTE USER INTERFACES & CONTROLS - ALL HDPQ INSTRUMENTS

### VNC (Virtual Network Computing)

All HDPQ instruments have a standard VNC remote control feature that allows the instruments to be fully controlled using virtually any PC, Mac, Apple or Android tablet or Smartphone. VNC is a computing industry standard for secure, password protected

remote control. Users download a free program or App and connect remotely to the Dranetz HDPQ via an Ethernet, Wireless, or Bluetooth PAN network.

VNC uses the Dranetz HDPQ's remote communication interfaces to allow the user to perform all instrument functions remotely, as if the user was touching (controlling) the 7-inch local user interface. Users have full remote control of monitoring setup, real-time meters, data analysis, and reporting.

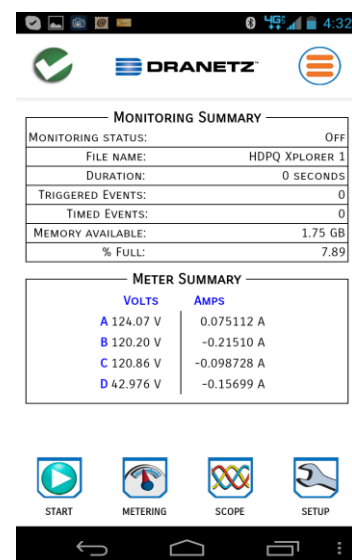
By using VNC, Dranetz HDPQ users can safely review data and control their instrument remotely while installed in switchgear or other hazardous locations.

### Apple & Android Apps

All Dranetz HDPQ instruments are compatible with the Dranetz HDPQ Apple and Android Apps. These Apps are free and available for download at the iTunes and Google Play stores.



The Dranetz HDPQ Apps allow for remote metering and automatic setup of the HDPQ instrument. The metering functions include a Dashboard feature for color-coded notification of instrument-triggered conditions.



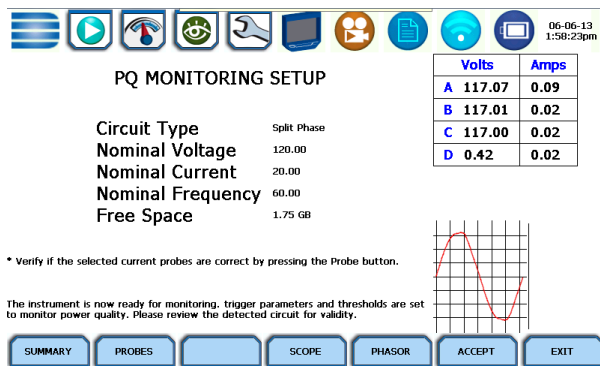
## WIRING CONFIGURATIONS - ALL HDPQ INSTRUMENTS

All Dranetz HDPQ instruments can be connected to the following circuit types:

- Single phase
- Split Phase
- 3 Phase, Four Wire Wye
- 3 Phase Delta
- 3 Phase (Floating or Grounded) Delta
- 3 Phase 2-Watt Delta
- 2 1/2 Element without Voltage Channel B
- 2 1/2 Element without Voltage Channel C
- Generic Circuit - 4 single phase measurements
- Variations of the above

## INSTRUMENT SETUP - ALL HDPQ INSTRUMENTS

The Dranetz HDPQ offers both automatic and manual setup methods allowing users to be immediately productive, and to begin monitoring within minutes. Automatic setups are the quickest and easiest way to start monitoring in just a few steps. When connected to an energized circuit, the instrument automatically detects the circuit type, nominal voltage/current and displays them for review. The user can then set the current probe type and start monitoring immediately. The instrument will configure itself using triggers based upon the IEEE 1159 +/- 10% of nominal recommendations. Automatic setups are available for both Power Quality and Demand/Energy.

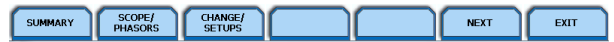
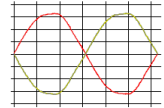


Wizard setups are also available for the user to have complete control over the instrument's setup and triggering. The Wizard setup guides you step-by-step through each setup category. Wizard setup categories are: Probes/Scaling, Wiring Configuration, Nominal/Frequency, Monitoring Mode, Trigger Limits, and Finalize. Each category is randomly accessible and guides the user through the settings available in each setup screen. The instrument will also inform the user of potential setup errors, such as mismatches between the circuit type setting and the circuit type automatically detected.



### STEP-by-STEP MONITORING SETUP

These next series of screens will guide you through the monitoring setup process. Whereas it is recommended that you go through each screen in sequence from left to right in order of the buttons at the top. You can skip ahead to any of the topics by selecting that icon button. However, this will leave the "skipped" items in their previously programmed setup, which may not be compatible with your present application.



## POWER QUALITY MEASUREMENT FUNCTIONS - ALL HDPQ INSTRUMENTS

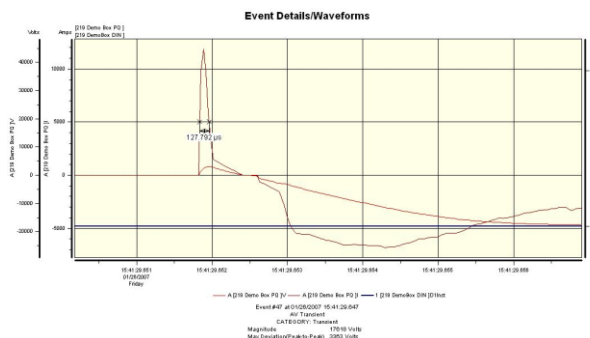
The Dranetz HDPQ family of instruments offers the latest in Power Quality, Demand and Energy measurement, and monitoring capabilities. Each Dranetz HDPQ product is Class A compliant with IEC 61000-4-30:2008 and also supports EN 50160:2010, IEEE 1159, IEEE 519:2014 and IEEE 1453.

### Data Acquisition

Each Dranetz HDPQ instrument samples every cycle of each voltage and current channel 512 times. Sampling is gapless, which means each voltage and current cycle is continuously sampled without gaps between cycles. Sampling is controlled by a Phase Locked Loop (PLL) circuit that is referenced to channel A voltage by default, with other references available, including current. The PLL automatically adjusts the sampling rate to the power line frequency to ensure that the instrument always acquires 512 evenly spaced samples per cycle for every channel. Therefore, any variation in the power line frequency adjusts the sampling rate accordingly. This translates to a sampling rate of 30.72KHz at 60Hz and 25.6KHz at 50Hz. Switchable Anti-Aliasing filters are available for strict compliance with IEC 61000-4-30 Class A. Note that switching in such filters may limit the transient response of the instrument. The instrument is Class A compliant with Anti-Aliasing filters switched either on or off.

The data acquired by the above process is digitized by a 16-bit Analog to Digital (A/D) converter and is used as the foundation for all voltage, current and power measurements, and computations that are available in the instrument.

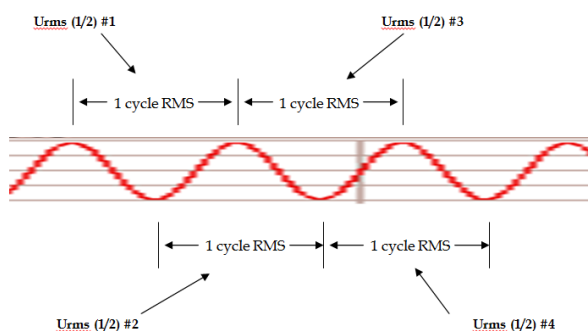
This technique of data acquisition is appropriate for low and medium frequency transients as defined by IEEE 1159. At 512 samples per cycle, the time between samples is about 32us at 60Hz and 39us at 50Hz, which is adequate to record transient activity on most power systems. The Dranetz HDPQ Xplorer and Xplorer-400 have additional high speed transient circuitry for 1 microsecond transient detection.



## Power Quality Triggers

### RMS Triggers

In accordance with IEC 61000-4-30 and other standards, RMS measurements are computed over one cycle, but incremented in  $\frac{1}{2}$  cycle steps. IEC standards refer to this as *Urms(1/2)*. It's important to note that the measurement window for PQ triggers is always 1 cycle, but the  $\frac{1}{2}$  cycle increment allows for more detailed event detection. Any one cycle exceeding the instrument's limits will trigger an RMS type event, regardless if it's detected on a  $\frac{1}{2}$  cycle boundary.



If a trigger occurs, data is stored to memory in accordance with the RMS Summary and Waveform (# of cycles recorded) settings entered during setup. Like other Dranetz products, Dranetz HDPQ detects and records current RMS events in the same manner as voltage. Please see the instrument user's guide for further details.

In addition to PQ triggers, the *Urms(1/2)* data is used as the basis for all voltage and current min, max and average measurements with a 1 cycle resolution with  $\frac{1}{2}$  cycle steps.

### Transient Triggers

As per IEEE 1159, transients are divided into three categories:

- Low frequency (<5Khz)
- Medium frequency (5 - 500Khz)
- High frequency (500Khz - 5Mhz)

All Dranetz HDPQ instruments have extensive transient capture capabilities. Each can capture low and medium frequency transients, with the Dranetz HDPQ

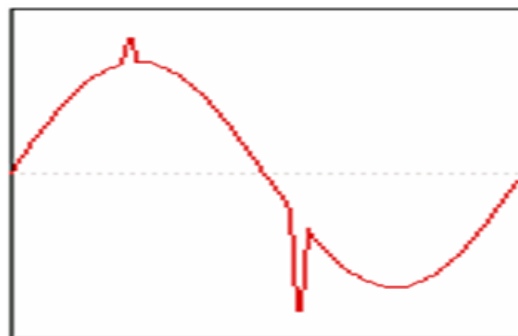
**Xplorer** and **Xplorer-400** having additional circuitry to also capture high speed transients. It is important to note that the Dranetz HDPQ goes well beyond the requirements of IEC 61000-4-30 and EN 50160. In addition, the Dranetz HDPQ family employs the methods used for voltage transients to trigger on current transients.

Transient trigger methods available are:

- *Instantaneous Peak* - All Dranetz HDPQ
- *Cycle to Cycle Waveshape* - All Dranetz HDPQ
- *RMS Difference Waveshape* - All Dranetz HDPQ
- *High Speed Sampling* - Xplorer, Xplorer-400

### Instantaneous Peak

This trigger uses the RMS sampled data and looks for any one of the 512 samples to exceed the Instantaneous Peak limit. If at least one sample exceeds the limit, data is recorded to memory based upon the user's pre/post waveform settings. Applications for this trigger are events such as peak over voltage (or current), lightning strikes, etc.



### Waveshape Triggers

Waveshape triggers look for changes in each and every waveform on a cycle-by-cycle basis. These are important triggers, as many types of transients do not affect the waveshape enough to change the RMS or harmonics significantly. Therefore, traditional RMS triggers will not detect these events.

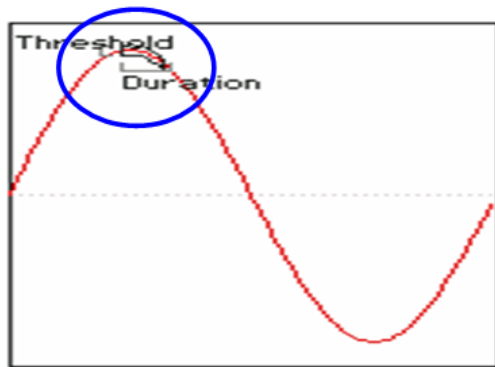
There are two waveshape trigger methods available:

- Cycle to cycle waveshape
- RMS distortion (or difference) waveshape

Both methods look for changes in the waveshape by comparing the present AC cycle to the previous AC cycle. If the difference exceeds the user's limits, an event is recorded. Both methods have been available in prior Dranetz products. Even though these are similar trigger methods, both remain available since some users prefer one over the other. Both methods are available for voltage and current triggers.

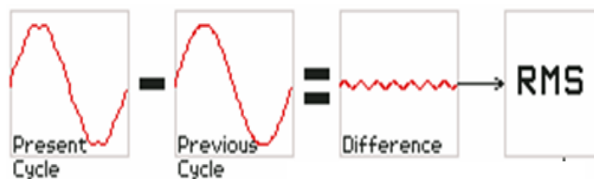
### Cycle to Cycle Waveshape

This method breaks down the present AC waveform being measured into user defined windows of time (shown below in the circle) that represents a percentage of the overall waveform. Each window is compared to the same window of time in the previous waveform, and if the difference exceeds the user's limits, an event is recorded. In the picture below, the duration (width of the window) is 10% (1.67ms @60Hz), which means the waveform is broken down into 10 consecutive windows, with each representing 10% of the overall waveform. If the duration were 50%, the waveform would be broken down into 2 windows, with each representing 50% (8.3ms) of the overall waveform.



### RMS distortion (or difference) waveshape

This method performs a (sample) point-by-point subtraction of the previous waveform from the present waveform. If the waveforms are the same, the difference will be zero; otherwise the difference will be the change in waveshape from the previous to present waveform. If the difference exceeds the customer's limits, an event is recorded.



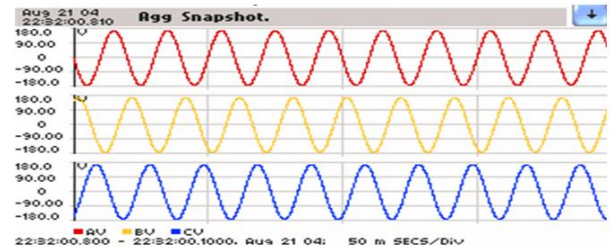
### High Speed Sampling - Xplorer, Xplorer-400

High frequency detected transients use special circuitry to detect and capture transients as small as 1 microsecond in duration. These transients can be positive and/or negative values above or below the low frequency waveshape.

### Magnitude of Supply 200ms Window

IEC 61000-4-30 and IEC 61000-4-7 require data be acquired over a 200ms window for use in certain measurements, such as magnitude of supply,

harmonics, and interharmonics. The 200ms window equates to 12 cycles at 60Hz and 10 cycles at 50Hz. A 10 cycle 50Hz example is shown below. In addition, Class A compliance requires the 200ms windows to be gapless, meaning that any processing by the instrument must be completed in time to process the next 200ms window without any gaps between windows. Being Class A, the Dranetz HDPQ family fully complies with these requirements.



### Harmonics & Interharmonics

Harmonic & Interharmonic computations are in accordance with IEC 61000-4-7 and IEEE 519, which dictate that harmonic analysis is done using a synchronous 200ms window of 10 cycles for 50Hz, or 12 cycles for 60Hz. Successive 200ms windows are gapless. This results in frequency bins that are nominally 5Hz wide. The actual width of the bin is equal to the actual frequency divided by 10 if the nominal frequency is 50Hz, and 12 if 60Hz. For example, if the actual frequency is 49.9 Hz, the bin is 4.99Hz, but is labeled "5Hz".

All harmonic based triggering of the Dranetz HDPQ is based upon the (DFT) harmonic analysis and computations of each 200ms magnitude of supply window. Results are used for all harmonic parameters, computations and triggers. Therefore, 200ms is the smallest unit of measurement for harmonic type parameters and is the basis for all associated min, max, and average measurements.

Harmonic parameters include: VTHD, ITHD, VTID, ITID, K-Factor, TIF, TDF, User Specified (individual) Harmonics, Mains Signaling Frequencies, and other parameters.

Please see the parameter list below for a complete list of parameters.

### Voltage Flicker

Voltage Flicker computations are in full compliance with IEC 61000-4-15 and IEEE 1453. Flicker is a phenomenon due primarily to small, rapid fluctuations of the voltage. Loads that exhibit continuous, rapid variations in the load current, particularly the reactive component, can cause voltage variations, often referred to as flicker. Flicker is characterized by modulation at a frequency that is typically less than 25Hz. Modulating signal magnitudes as low as 0.5% of

the fundamental for frequencies between 5-10Hz can result in perceptible light flicker.

Voltage Flicker parameters include: PST, PLT, PLT (slide), and Pinst.

Please see the parameter list below for a complete list of parameters.

### Unbalance/Imbalance

Unbalance is the relationship between the magnitude and phase angle of power system phases. A three phase power system is considered balanced when the magnitude of the voltage and current in each phase is equal, and each phase is separated equally by 120 degrees. Any change from this ideal indicates an Unbalance (Imbalance). Depending on your geographic region, different references may be used, so the Dranetz HDPQ supports several methods of computing Unbalance:

#### V/I Sequence:

Positive, Negative, and Zero sequence components for both Voltage and Current.

#### V/I Unbalance:

Voltage Unbalance (RMS/RMSAverage), Voltage Unbalance (S2/S1), Voltage Unbalance (S0/S1), Current Unbalance (RMS/RMS Average), Current Unbalance (S2/S1), Current Unbalance (S0/S1), Voltage Imbalance, and Current Imbalance.

Please see the parameter list below for a complete list of parameters.

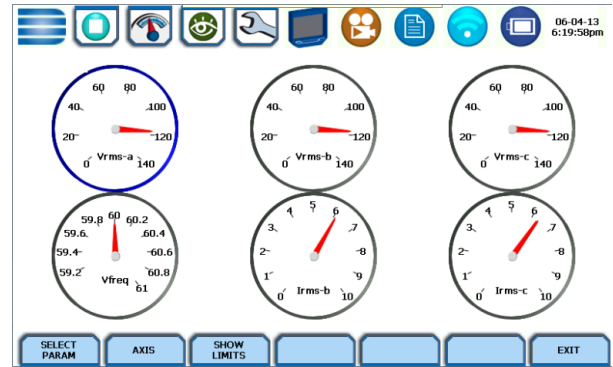
### REPORTING AND COMPLIANCE - ALL HDPQ INSTRUMENTS

The Dranetz HDPQ has many reporting functions available, and the user can choose the reporting method that best suits the needs of the application. Basic reporting (such as real-time meters), historical trends and event lists show data in its basic form. More advanced reporting, such as EN 50160 compliance, Dashboard alarm panels, and a Mini-Report are also available. Like all Dranetz portable products, the Dranetz HDPQ is fully compatible with Dran-View 7 Power Quality, Demand and Energy analysis, and reporting software.

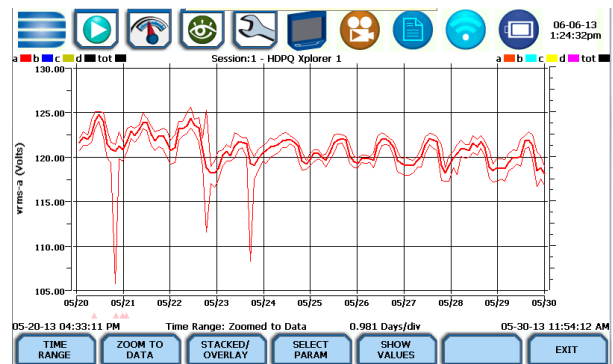
### Real-time Meters, Trends and Event Lists

All parameters available in the Dranetz HDPQ can be metered in real-time, trended over time, and can have trigger conditions enabled to record details of changes in each parameter. The resolution of each trigger is parameter dependent.

Real-time meters display the instantaneous value of each parameter, which is updated about every second.



For monitoring, users can set Journal intervals that record data at pre-determined timed intervals, regardless of whether or not trigger conditions have been met. Four independent Journal time categories are available: Power (V, I, W, etc.), Demand/Energy, Harmonics, and Flicker. Depending on the parameter, the Journal interval timer can range from seconds to minutes to hours. Once Journal intervals are recorded, the user can trend the minimum, maximum, and average of most enabled parameters. Trend graphs can be configured in a stacked or overlaid display mode and are 'zoomable' to magnify any data of interest.

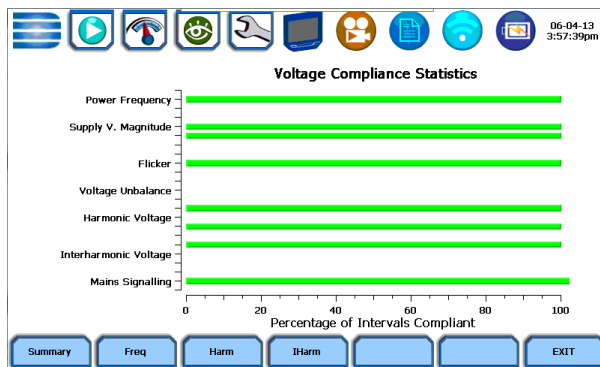


Event lists are available to indicate any triggered events recorded to the instrument's database. The event list appears in chronological order, and the user can scroll the list and select any event for further analysis. Both time and type filters are available for the user to select a specific time period to display, as well as the type of event, such as RMS or Transient.

| Date       | Time        | Phase | Type      | Duration                          |
|------------|-------------|-------|-----------|-----------------------------------|
| 2013-05-23 | 22:55:28.55 | BV    | Transient | 8.567 msec, pk-pk: 0.0            |
| 2013-05-23 | 22:55:28.55 | AV    | Transient | 8.567 msec, pk-pk: 0.0            |
| 2013-05-23 | 22:55:28.50 | AV    | Sag       | 0.058 secs, min: 81.0 max: 94.7   |
| 2013-05-23 | 22:55:28.50 | BV    | Sag       | 0.058 secs, min: 81.0 max: 94.7   |
| 2013-05-23 | 22:55:28.50 | CV    | Sag       | 0.058 secs, min: 81.0 max: 94.7   |
| 2013-05-23 | 22:55:28.48 | CV    | Transient | 8.330 msec, pk-pk: 0.0            |
| 2013-05-23 | 22:55:28.48 | BV    | Transient | 8.330 msec, pk-pk: 0.0            |
| 2013-05-23 | 22:55:28.48 | AV    | Transient | 8.330 msec, pk-pk: 0.0            |
| 2013-05-23 | 09:19:22.11 | AV    | Swell     | 0.225 secs, min: 131.3 max: 138.7 |
| 2013-05-23 | 09:19:22.11 | BV    | Swell     | 0.225 secs, min: 131.2 max: 138.6 |
| 2013-05-23 | 09:19:22.11 | CV    | Swell     | 0.225 secs, min: 131.3 max: 138.7 |
| 2013-05-23 | 08:41:43.65 | AV    | Swell     | 0.250 secs, min: 132.3 max: 139.2 |

### Compliance - EN 50160:2010

EN 50160 is a European standard for the statistical analysis of power quality data. The statistical package called Quality of Supply (QOS) is built into the Dranetz HDPQ, with monitoring and setup protocols available to determine compliance with the EN 50160:2010 standard. The EN 50160-required measurement parameters include Power Frequency, Supply Voltage Variations, Rapid Voltage Changes, Supply Voltage Unbalance, Harmonic Voltage, Interharmonic Voltage, and Mains Signaling. The monitoring site is said to be IN COMPLIANCE if the statistical value over one week for the specified parameters is 95% or greater. The EN 50160 options setup allows users to define up to five mains signaling frequencies below 3KHz. Users can also select pre-defined values for main voltage characteristics of the electricity supplied.



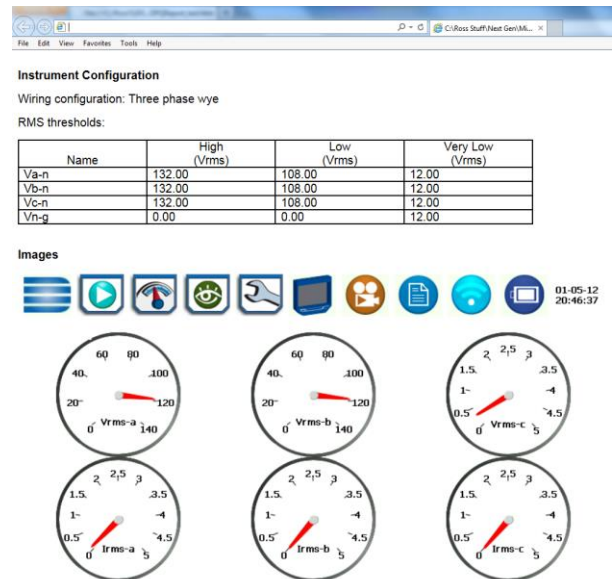
### Reporting

Any instrument can provide trends and event lists detailing what's been recorded during a power survey, but users want results quickly. The Dranetz HDPQ reporting functions make analysis quick and easy by summarizing survey data and results in easy-to-use formats. When combined with the advanced remote control capabilities of Dranetz HDPQ, users can easily see their results from anywhere with connectivity to the instrument.

### Mini-Reports

The Dranetz HDPQ Mini-Report is a fast and easy way to generate custom reports directly from the instrument's front panel. Mini-Reports are a compilation of user snapshots of any screen shown on the local Dranetz HDPQ display. By simply pressing the Snapshot (camera) button on the front panel, a .bmp file containing a picture of the screen presently displayed is added to the Mini-Report. The Mini-Report is stored in an .xml format and can be uploaded to any computer, Tablet, or Smartphone for viewing in a web browser. Once uploaded, users can annotate the Mini-Report and add comments or make any changes using Microsoft Word or any other .html editor. Users can keep the file in a .xml format or "Save As" and convert to .doc, .rtf, or other formats. Also, each screen image displayed in the Mini-Report is a separate .bmp file, so

it can be treated individually for emailing, incorporating in other documents, or any other use. Mini-Reports can be sent to your colleagues or customers to easily share monitoring information, or sent to Dranetz Technical Support for assistance with the instrument setup, operation, interpretation of data or other questions.



### Dashboard Alarm Panel

The Dashboard alarm panel is a combination of real-time measurements and triggered data on one screen, summarizing your monitoring survey in one easy-to-use reporting screen. The Dashboard is an alarm panel with cells that represent real-time meters and recording status of parameters being measured. Cells are color-coded so the user can easily know if events have been recorded for the parameters displayed. For Power Quality, Voltage and Current cells are green or red indicating if HI or LOW trigger conditions have been met. Green cells indicate no alarms or events have been recorded for that parameter. A red cell indicates an alarm condition and that an event has been recorded for that parameter. By pressing the cell, the user can view details of the event(s). For Harmonics, Flicker, Power, Demand, Energy, and other parameters, HI/LO and VERY HI/VERY LO triggers are available to indicate both warning and severe conditions. For such parameters, HI/LO alarms are indicated by a yellow color and VERY HI/VERY LO alarms are indicated by a red color. Once the user has reviewed the Dashboard, the alarms can be cleared and all red and yellow cells will return to a green color until the next alarm condition occurs. A grey color indicates monitoring for that parameter is disabled.

|                     |         |                      |        |
|---------------------|---------|----------------------|--------|
| 06-05-13 10:58:01am |         |                      |        |
| RMS Voltage         |         | RMS Current          |        |
| A                   | 117.94  | A                    | 435.37 |
| B                   | 119.80  | B                    | 483.36 |
| C                   | 119.96  | C                    | 475.53 |
| Frequency           |         | Transformer Derating |        |
| Line 59.96          |         | A                    | 978m   |
|                     |         | B                    | 984m   |
|                     |         | C                    | 978m   |
| Pst                 |         | Sag                  |        |
| A                   | 250m    | Count                | 0      |
| B                   | 240m    | Count                | 0      |
| C                   | 250m    | Count                | 0      |
| Active Power        |         | Voltage THD          |        |
| A                   | 48.436k | A                    | 2.98   |
| B                   | 54.451k | B                    | 2.81   |
| C                   | 53.641k | C                    | 3.02   |
| V Unbalance (52/51) |         | I Unbalance (52/51)  |        |
| A                   | 1.09    | A                    | 6.32   |
| B                   | 474m    | B                    | 4.00   |
| C                   | 611m    | C                    | 2.32   |
| POWER QUALITY       |         | EXIT                 |        |

Dashboards available are: Power Quality, Energy/Demand and Motor Health.

### Dran-View® 7 PC Software

Dran-View® 7 is a 64 bit Windows-based PC software package that enables power professionals to simply and quickly visualize and analyze power monitoring data. It is easy to navigate, delivers automated functionality, and incorporates powerful analytical capabilities and customizable options to meet the needs of each individual user. By supporting more than 12 languages, Dran-View is used by thousands of customers around the world and has become the industry leading power management software tool. Dran-View is available in two versions, Pro and Enterprise, so there's a version to meet everyone's needs.

Like all Dranetz portable products, Dranetz HDPQ is directly compatible with Dran-View. Please see the supporting documentation for Dran-View for more information.

### POWER, DEMAND & ENERGY MEASUREMENT FUNCTIONS - ALL HDPQ INSTRUMENTS

In addition to Power Quality, the Dranetz HDPQ family also has extensive Power, Demand & Energy metering, survey and reporting functions. The user can easily conduct a Power Quality survey, Demand and Energy survey, or both simultaneously. The user has complete control of parameters enabled without limit.

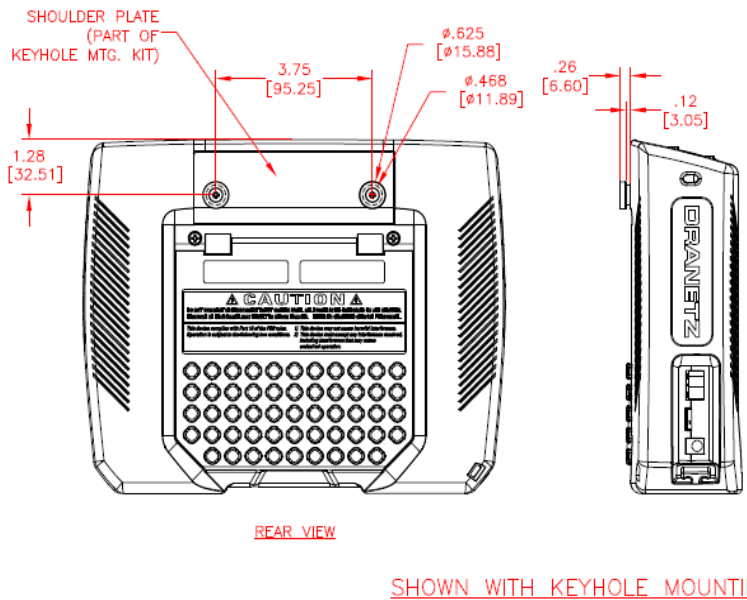
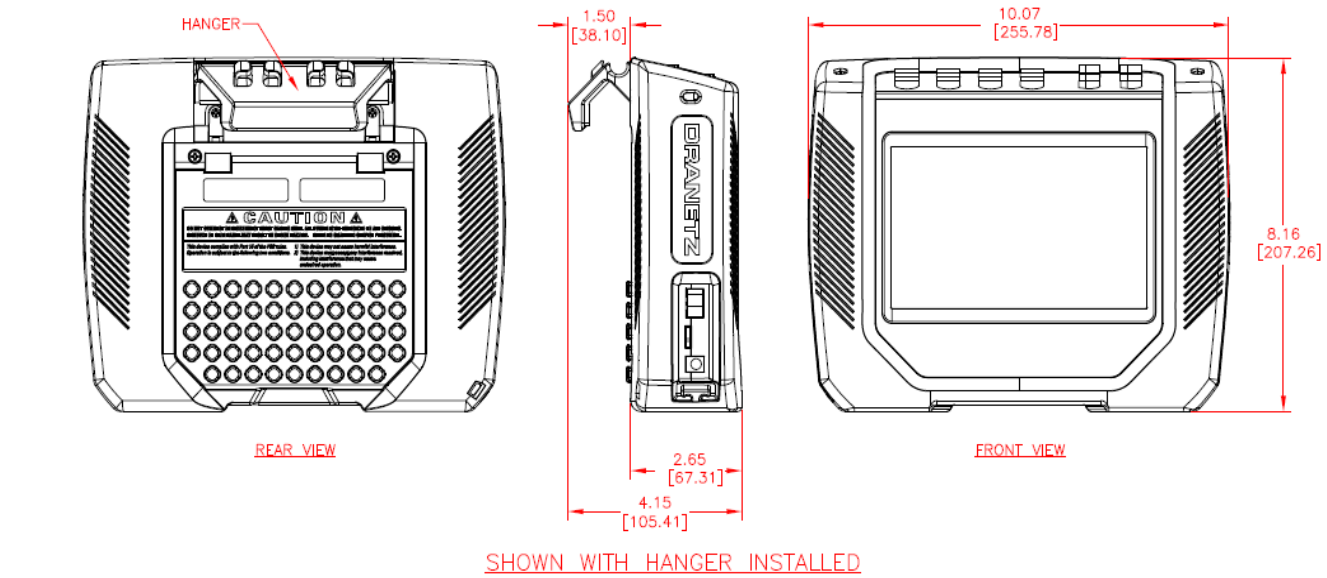
Like the Power Quality parameters, the Dranetz HDPQ provides real-time meters, historical trends and condition based triggers for power flow parameters. Such parameters are treated the same and are viewed using the same reporting methods. The only difference may be the resolution of the data being displayed, since it is not recorded on a cycle-by-cycle basis as with the Power Quality parameters.

|                    |        |                |         |
|--------------------|--------|----------------|---------|
| 06-04-13 6:21:32pm |        |                |         |
| Energy             |        | Demand - Total |         |
| A                  | 133.73 | Watt           | 896.58  |
| B                  | 1.23   | VA             | 1.0715k |
| C                  | 743m   | VA             | 2.1056k |
| Predicted - Total  |        | RMS Voltage    |         |
| Watt 902.38        |        | A              | 117.35  |
| VA 1.0783k         |        | B              | 117.28  |
| VA 2.1166k         |        | C              | 117.27  |
| RMS Current        |        | W              |         |
| A                  | 11.96  | A              | 892.12  |
| B                  | 6.05   | B              | 7.93    |
| C                  | 6.27   | C              | 4.93    |
| VA                 |        | VAR            |         |
| A 1.4037k          |        | A 1.0825k      |         |
| B 709.39           |        | B -6.72        |         |
| C 734.96           |        | C -6.91        |         |
| PF                 |        | Daily Pk Dmd   |         |
| A 636m             |        | Tot 896.58     |         |
| B -11.2m           |        | Weekly Pk Dmd  |         |
| C -6.71m           |        | Tot 896.58     |         |
|                    |        | Monthly Pk Dmd |         |
|                    |        | Tot 896.58     |         |
| POWER QUALITY      |        | EXIT           |         |

|                                                                   |         |              |         |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|---------|--------------|---------|
| 06-05-13 10:52:07am                                               |         |              |         |
| Standard Distortion Unbalance Advanced Adv Dmd Energy Adv Flicker |         |              |         |
| Active Power                                                      |         | Apparent Pwr |         |
| A                                                                 | 46.867k | A            | 48.969k |
| B                                                                 | 48.269k | B            | 51.245k |
| C                                                                 | 50.904k | C            | 54.585k |
| Reactive Pwr                                                      |         | True PF      |         |
| 13.457k                                                           |         | 956m         |         |
| 16.630k                                                           |         | 941m         |         |
| 931m                                                              |         | 936m         |         |
| Displace PF                                                       |         |              |         |
| -23.7μ                                                            |         | -214m        |         |
| 4.33m                                                             |         | -974m        |         |
| 5.56μ                                                             |         |              |         |
| TOTAL                                                             |         | 942m         |         |
| 146.04k                                                           |         | 945m         |         |
| 154.80k                                                           |         |              |         |
| 49.310k                                                           |         |              |         |
| VOLT & AMP                                                        |         | EXIT         |         |

Power type parameters available in the Dranetz HDPQ are: Watts, VA, VAR, Power Factor, Displacement Power Factor, Demand (Active, VA, VAR), Energy (WHr, VAHr, VARHr). The Dranetz HDPQ Xplorer and Xplorer-400 add Forward and Reverse energy parameters.

# Dranetz HDPQ Dimensions



HDPQ/MAVOWATT OUTLINE DIMENSIONS  
FOR REFERENCE ONLY  
SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE  
NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR TYPOGRAPHICAL ERRORS  
DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES [MM]

REV A

## PQ Parameter Calculations

**Calculations** Measuring and monitoring power quality (PQ) parameters require several calculations, i.e. RMS values of voltage and current, etc. Depending on the type of parameter measured, calculations are performed using samples of monitored waveforms or using every sample cycle for quick disturbance detection. This section defines the parameters used in PQ calculations.

**NOTE:** The parameter specifications provided in this section are for reference only and are subject to change without notice.

| Description                                                                                                       | Abbreviation                             | Wiring Configuration                     | Formula                                                                  | Units | Precision                             |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|---------------------------------------|
| Volts RMS<br>Derived from<br>200mS (10/12<br>cycles 50/60 Hz)<br>Aggregated to<br>selected interval               | Vrms-a<br>Vrms-b<br>Vrms-c<br>Vrms-d     | Single phase<br>Split phase<br>Wye       | $V_{rms} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n U^2}{n}}$<br><br>where n=512 samples | Volts | +/- 0.1% of<br>Reading *<br>15 KHz BW |
|                                                                                                                   | Vrms-ab<br>Vrms-bc<br>Vrms-ca            | Measured for Delta<br>Calculated for Wye |                                                                          |       |                                       |
| Volts DC<br>Derived from<br>200mS (10/12<br>cycles 50/60 Hz)<br>Aggregated to<br>selected interval                | Vdc-a<br>Vdc-b<br>Vdc-c<br>Vdc-d         | Single phase<br>Split phase<br>Wye       | $V_{dc} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n U}{n}$<br><br>where n=512 samples           | Volts | +/- 0.2% of<br>Reading *              |
|                                                                                                                   | Vdc-ab<br>Vdc-bc<br>Vdc-ca               | Measured for Delta<br>Calculated for Wye |                                                                          |       |                                       |
| Volts ½ cycle slide<br>Cyclic RMS of full<br>cycle restarted<br>every ½ cycle<br>(used in Sag/Swell<br>detection) | Vcyc-a<br>Vcyc-b<br>Vcyc-c<br>Vcyc-d     | Single phase<br>Split phase<br>Wye       | $V_{rms} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n U^2}{n}}$<br><br>where n=512 samples | Volts | +/- 0.2% of<br>Reading *              |
|                                                                                                                   | Vcyc-ab<br>Vcyc-bc<br>Vcyc-ca            | Measured for Delta<br>Calculated for Wye |                                                                          |       |                                       |
| DC of individual<br>Cycle                                                                                         | Vcydc-a<br>Vcydc-b<br>Vcydc-c<br>Vcydc-d | Single phase<br>Split phase<br>Wye       | $V_{dc} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n U}{n}$<br><br>where n=512 samples           | Volts | +/- 0.2% of<br>Reading *              |
|                                                                                                                   | Vcydc-ab<br>Vcydc-bc<br>Vcydc-ca         | Measured for Delta<br>Calculated for Wye |                                                                          |       |                                       |
| * +/- 0.05% of FS for input < 40V                                                                                 |                                          |                                          |                                                                          |       |                                       |

## Calculations (continued)

| Description                                                                                                                                      | Abbreviation                                                                                   | Wiring Configuration                                                                   | Formula                                                                                                                | Units  | Precision                          |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|
| RMS Deviation<br><br>Subtraction of 1 cycle RMS from adjacent cycles. Used for cyclic waveshape transient trigger system.                        | Vcycw-a<br>Vcycw-b<br>Vcycw-c<br>Vcycw-d<br><br>Vcycw-ab<br>Vcycw-bc<br>Vcycw-ca               | Single phase<br>Split phase<br>Wye<br><br>Measured for Delta<br>Not Calculated for Wye | Vrms(cycle 1) -<br>Vrms(cycle 2)                                                                                       | Volts  | +/- 0.2% of Reading *<br>15 KHz BW |
| Maximum magnitude value of Crest.<br><br>Largest Absolute magnitude of samples in a ½ cycle. Used for cyclic waveshape transient trigger system. | Vpk-a<br>Vpk-b<br>Vpk-c<br>Vpk-d<br><br>Vpk-ab<br>Vpk-bc<br>Vpk-ca                             | Single phase<br>Split phase<br>Wye<br><br>Measured for Delta<br>Not Calculated for Wye | Largest Absolute magnitude of 256 samples (1/2 cycle)                                                                  | Volts  | +/- 0.2% of Reading *              |
| Phase of fundamental on individual cycle.<br><br>Derived from DFT output based on sync channel.                                                  | Vcycdeg-a<br>Vcycdeg-b<br>Vcycdeg-c<br>Vcycdeg-d<br><br>Vcycdeg-ab<br>Vcycdeg-bc<br>Vcycdeg-ca | Single phase<br>Split phase<br>Wye<br><br>Measured for Delta<br>Calculated for Wye     | $f(t) = \sin \omega_n \tau + \delta_n$<br><br>where g= phase<br><br>where n=1 for 1 <sup>st</sup> harmonic             | Degree | +/- 1°                             |
| Phase of fundamental averaged over 200ms.<br><br>Derived from DFT sine expansion output.                                                         | Vdeg-a<br>Vdeg-b<br>Vdeg-c<br>Vdeg-d<br><br>Vdeg-ab<br>Vdeg-bc<br>Vdeg-ca                      | Single phase<br>Split phase<br>Wye<br><br>Measured for Delta<br>Calculated for Wye     | $f(t) = \sin \omega_n \tau + \delta_n$<br><br>where n=1 for 1 <sup>st</sup> harmonic<br><br>Averaged over 10/12 cycles | Degree | +/- 1°                             |
| * +/- 0.05% of FS for input < 40V                                                                                                                |                                                                                                |                                                                                        |                                                                                                                        |        |                                    |

## Calculations (continued)

| Description                                              | Abbreviation                         | Wiring Configuration                         | Formula                                                                                                                | Units | Precision                          |
|----------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|------------------------------------|
| Volts RMS of fundamental                                 | Vfnd-a<br>Vfnd-b<br>Vfnd-c<br>Vfnd-d | Single phase<br>Split phase<br>Wye           | $V_{fund} = \frac{V_{pk}}{\sqrt{2}}$                                                                                   | Volts | +/- 0.2% of Reading *<br>15 KHz BW |
| Derived from DFT                                         | Vfnd-ab<br>Vfnd-bc<br>Vfnd-ca        | Measured for Delta<br>Calculated for Wye     | V <sub>pk</sub> is calculated from the 1 <sup>st</sup> harmonic of DFT                                                 |       |                                    |
| NEMA Unbalance                                           | Vunbal-a<br>Vunbal-b<br>Vunbal-c     | Measured for Wye                             | $V_{unbal} = \frac{ V_x - V_{avg} }{V_{avg}}$                                                                          | %     | +/- 1 %                            |
| Max deviation of the 3 phases from the average of the 3. | Vunbal-max                           |                                              |                                                                                                                        |       |                                    |
|                                                          | Vunbal-ab<br>Vunbal-bc<br>Vunbal-ca  | Measured for Delta<br>Not Calculated for Wye | V <sub>x</sub> is channel with largest deviation from average<br><br>V <sub>avg</sub> is average of the three channels |       |                                    |
| Symmetrical Components                                   |                                      |                                              |                                                                                                                        |       |                                    |
| Zero Sequence                                            | Vseqzro                              | Delta or Wye only                            | $U0_a = \frac{1}{3} [U_a + U_b + U_c]$                                                                                 | None  | +/- 0.15 %                         |
| Positive Sequence                                        | Vseqpos                              |                                              | $U1_a = \frac{1}{3} [U_a + a^1 U_b + 2a^2 U_c]$                                                                        |       |                                    |
| Negative Sequence                                        | Vseqneg                              |                                              | $U2_a = \frac{1}{3} [U_a + 2a^1 U_b + a^2 U_c]$                                                                        |       |                                    |
| Negative Unbalance                                       | Vunbalneg                            |                                              | $\frac{S_2}{S_1} \text{ or } \frac{U2_a}{U1_a}$                                                                        |       |                                    |
| Zero Unbalance                                           | Vunbalzro                            |                                              | $\frac{S_0}{S_1} \text{ or } \frac{U0_a}{U1_a}$                                                                        |       |                                    |
| Frequency<br>Freq of sync channel                        | Vfreq                                | Any                                          | $\left[ \frac{\text{Sum of 10s of cycles periods}}{10} \right]^{-1}$                                                   | Hz    | +/- 10 mHz                         |
| Rapid Voltage Change                                     | Vrvc-a<br>Vrvc-b<br>Vrvc-c<br>Vrvc-d | Any                                          | Max Deviation from 1 sec steady state RMS as defined in NVE-1157                                                       | %     | +/- 0.2 %                          |
| * +/- 0.05% of FS for input < 40V                        |                                      |                                              |                                                                                                                        |       |                                    |

## Calculations (continued)

| Description                                                                                                                                                              | Abbreviation                                 | Wiring Configuration               | Formula                                                              | Units | Precision                                                |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| Amps RMS<br>Derived from<br>200mS (10/12<br>cycles 50/60 Hz)<br>Aggregated to<br>selected interval                                                                       | Irms-a<br>Irms-b<br>Irms-c<br>Irms-d         | Any                                | $I_{rms} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n I^2}{n}}$<br>where n=512 samples | Amps  | +/- 0.1% of<br>Reading<br>+/- 0.05%<br>of FS<br>9 KHz BW |
| Amp ½ cycle slide<br>Cyclic RMS of full<br>cycle restarted<br>every ½ cycle                                                                                              | Icyc-a<br>Icyc-b<br>Icyc-c<br>Icyc-d         | Any                                | $I_{rms} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n I^2}{n}}$<br>where n=512 samples | Amps  | +/- 0.1% of<br>Reading<br>+/- 0.1% of<br>FS<br>9 KHz BW  |
| Amps DC<br>Derived from<br>200mS (10/12<br>cycles 50/60 Hz)<br>Aggregated to<br>selected interval.                                                                       | Idc-a<br>Idc-b<br>Idc-c<br>Idc-d             | Any                                | $I_{dc} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n I}{n}$<br>where n=512 samples           | Amps  | +/- 0.2% of<br>Reading<br>+/- 0.1% of<br>FS              |
| RMS Deviation<br><br>Subtraction of 1<br>cycle RMS from<br>adjacent cycles.<br>Used for cyclic<br>waveshape<br>transient trigger<br>system.                              | Icycw-a<br>Icycw-b<br>Icycw-c<br>Icycw-d     | Single phase<br>Split phase<br>Wye | Irms(cycle 1) -<br>Irms(cycle 2)                                     | Amps  | +/- 0.2% of<br>Reading<br>+/- 0.1% of<br>FS<br>9 KHz BW  |
| Maximum<br>magnitude value of<br>Crest.<br><br>Largest Absolute<br>magnitude of<br>samples in a ½<br>cycle. Used for<br>cyclic waveshape<br>transient trigger<br>system. | Ipk-a<br>Ipk-b<br>Ipk-c<br>Ipk-d             | Single phase<br>Split phase<br>Wye | Largest Absolute<br>magnitude of 256<br>samples (1/2 cycle)          | Amps  | +/- 0.2% of<br>Reading<br>+/- 0.1% of<br>FS              |
| DC of individual<br>Cycle                                                                                                                                                | Icycdc-a<br>Icycdc-b<br>Icycdc-c<br>Icycdc-d | Any                                | $I_{dc} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n I}{n}$<br>where n=512 samples           | Amps  | +/- 0.2% of<br>Reading                                   |

## Calculations (continued)

| Description                                                                                     | Abbreviation                                     | Wiring Configuration | Formula                                                                                                                 | Units  | Precision                       |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|---------------------------------|
| Phase of fundamental averaged over 200ms.<br><br>Derived from DFT sine expansion output.        | Ideg-a<br>Ideg-b<br>Ideg-c<br>Ideg-d             | Any                  | $f(t) = \sin \omega_n \tau + \delta_n$<br><br>where n=1 for 1 <sup>st</sup> harmonic.<br><br>Averaged over 10/12 cycles | Degree | +/- 1°                          |
| Phase of fundamental on individual cycle.<br><br>Derived from DFT output based on sync channel. | Icycdeg-a<br>Icycdeg-b<br>Icycdeg-c<br>Icycdeg-d | Any                  | $f(t) = \sin \omega_n \tau + \delta_n$<br><br>where g= phase<br>where n=1 for 1 <sup>st</sup> harmonic                  | Degree | +/- 1°                          |
| Amps RMS of fundamental<br><br>Derived from DFT                                                 | Ifnd-a<br>Ifnd-b<br>Ifnd-c<br>Ifnd-d             | Any                  | $I_{fund} = \frac{I_{pk}}{\sqrt{2}}$<br><br>I <sub>pk</sub> is calculated from the 1 <sup>st</sup> harmonic of DFT      | Volts  | +/- 0.2% of Reading<br>9 KHz BW |
| NEMA Current Unbalance<br><br>Max deviation of the 3 phases from the average of the 3.          | Iunbal-a<br>Iunbal-b<br>Iunbal-c                 | Any                  | $I_{unbal} = \frac{ I_x - I_{avg} }{I_{avg}}$                                                                           | %      | +/- 1 %                         |
| Symmetrical Components                                                                          |                                                  |                      |                                                                                                                         |        |                                 |
| Zero Sequence                                                                                   | Iseqzro                                          | Delta or Wye only    | $U0_a = \frac{1}{3} [U_a + U_b + U_c]$                                                                                  | None   | +/- 1 %                         |
| Positive Sequence                                                                               | Iseqpos                                          |                      | $U1_a = \frac{1}{3} [U_a + a^1 U_b + 2a^2 U_c]$                                                                         |        |                                 |
| Negative Sequence                                                                               | Iseqneg                                          |                      | $U2_a = \frac{1}{3} [U_a + 2a^1 U_b + a^2 U_c]$                                                                         |        |                                 |
| Negative Unbalance                                                                              | Iunbalneg                                        |                      | $\frac{S_2}{S_1} \text{ or } \frac{U2_a}{U1_a}$                                                                         |        |                                 |
| Zero Unbalance                                                                                  | Iunbalzro                                        |                      | $\frac{S_0}{S_1} \text{ or } \frac{U0_a}{U1_a}$                                                                         |        |                                 |

## Calculations (continued)

| Description        | Abbreviation | Wiring Configuration                                                      | Formula                                                                                                                 | Units | Precision                           |
|--------------------|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------------------------------------|
| Residual Current   | Ires         | Delta or Wye only                                                         | RMS of<br>$\sum_{i=1}^n (I_a + I_b + I_c)$ where n=512 samples                                                          | Amps  | 0.3 % of Reading<br>+/- 0.15% of FS |
| Net Current        | Inet         | Wye only                                                                  | RMS of<br>$\sum_{i=1}^n (I_a + I_b + I_c + I_d)$ where n=512 samples                                                    | Amps  | 0.4 % of Reading<br>+/- 0.15% of FS |
| Watts, Real Power  | W-a          | Wye, uses measured values<br>Delta uses calculated phantom Neutral Values | $W = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (V \cdot I)}{512}$ where n=512 samples                                                          | Watts | 0.2 % of Reading<br>+/- 0.05% of FS |
|                    | W-b          |                                                                           |                                                                                                                         |       |                                     |
|                    | W-c          |                                                                           |                                                                                                                         |       |                                     |
|                    | W-d          |                                                                           |                                                                                                                         |       |                                     |
|                    | W-total      |                                                                           | W = W <sub>a</sub> +W <sub>b</sub> +W <sub>c</sub>                                                                      |       |                                     |
| Volt-Amps          | VA-a         | Wye, uses measured values<br>Delta uses calculated phantom Neutral Values | VA=V <sub>RMS</sub> x I <sub>RMS</sub>                                                                                  | VA    | 0.2 % of Reading<br>+/- 0.05% of FS |
|                    | VA-b         |                                                                           |                                                                                                                         |       |                                     |
|                    | VA-c         |                                                                           |                                                                                                                         |       |                                     |
|                    | VA-d         |                                                                           |                                                                                                                         |       |                                     |
|                    | VA-total     |                                                                           | A = VA <sub>a</sub> +VA <sub>b</sub> +VA <sub>c</sub>                                                                   |       |                                     |
| Volt-Amps Reactive | VAR-a        | Wye, uses measured values<br>Delta uses calculated phantom Neutral Values | $VAR = V_{RMS-Fund} * I_{RMS-Fund} * \sin(\phi)$<br>Calculated using Fundamentals of V and I obtained from DFT          | VAR   | 0.2 % of Reading<br>+/- 0.05% of FS |
|                    | VAR-b        |                                                                           |                                                                                                                         |       |                                     |
|                    | VAR-c        |                                                                           |                                                                                                                         |       |                                     |
|                    | VAR-d        |                                                                           |                                                                                                                         |       |                                     |
|                    | VAR-total    |                                                                           | VAR-Total=VAR <sub>a</sub> +VAR <sub>b</sub> +VAR <sub>c</sub>                                                          |       |                                     |
| Watts, Fundamental | Wf-a         | Wye, uses measured values<br>Delta uses calculated phantom Neutral Values | $W_{fund} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n v_{fund} \cdot i_{fund}}{512}$ where n=512 samples<br><br>Waveform data derived from DFT | Watts | 0.2 % of Reading<br>+/- 0.05% of FS |
|                    | Wf-b         |                                                                           |                                                                                                                         |       |                                     |
|                    | Wf-c         |                                                                           |                                                                                                                         |       |                                     |
|                    | Wf-d         |                                                                           |                                                                                                                         |       |                                     |
|                    | Wf-total     |                                                                           | W <sub>fund</sub> Total=W <sub>fund</sub> a+W <sub>fund</sub> b+W <sub>fund</sub> c                                     |       |                                     |
| VA Vector Total    | VA-tot       | Wye and Neutral based measurements                                        | $VA_{vect-tot} = \sqrt{W_{fund-Tot}^2 + VAR_{fund-tot}^2}$                                                              | VA    | 0.2 % of Reading<br>+/- 0.05% of FS |

## Calculations (continued)

| Description                                                                       | Abbreviation | Wiring Configuration                                  | Formula                                                                                                | Units  | Precision                           |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------------|
| VA Arithmetic Fundamental Total                                                   | VAfa-tot     | Wye and Neutral based measurements                    | $= VAa_{fund} + VAb_{fund} + VAc_{fund}$                                                               | VA     | 0.2 % of Reading<br>+/- 0.05% of FS |
| True Power Factor                                                                 | TPF-a        | Wye, uses measured values<br>Not meaningful for Delta | $PF = \frac{Watts}{VA}$                                                                                | None   | 1% of Reading                       |
|                                                                                   | TPF-b        |                                                       |                                                                                                        |        |                                     |
|                                                                                   | TPF-c        |                                                       |                                                                                                        |        |                                     |
|                                                                                   | TPF-d        |                                                       |                                                                                                        |        |                                     |
| Displacement Power Factor                                                         | DPF-a        | Wye, uses measured values<br>Not meaningful for Delta | $DPF = \cos(\phi_{volts} - \phi_{amps})$<br><br>DFT derived fundamental of Volts and Amps              | None   | 1% of Reading                       |
|                                                                                   | DPF-b        |                                                       |                                                                                                        |        |                                     |
|                                                                                   | DPF-c        |                                                       |                                                                                                        |        |                                     |
|                                                                                   | DPF-d        |                                                       |                                                                                                        |        |                                     |
| Phase of Volts to Amps of fundamental on individual cycle<br><br>Derived from DFT | VIdeg-a      | Not meaningful for Delta                              | $VIdeg = \delta_{Vfa} - \delta_{Ifa}$                                                                  | Degree | +/- 1°                              |
|                                                                                   | VIdeg-b      |                                                       | $VIdeg = \delta_{Vfb} - \delta_{Ifb}$                                                                  |        |                                     |
|                                                                                   | VIdeg-c      |                                                       | $Ideg = \delta_{Vfc} - \delta_{Ifc}$                                                                   |        |                                     |
|                                                                                   | VIdeg-d      |                                                       | $VIdeg = \delta_{Vfd} - \delta_{Ifd}$                                                                  |        |                                     |
|                                                                                   |              |                                                       | $f(t) = \sin \omega_n \tau + \delta_n$<br><br>where g= phase<br>where n=1 for 1 <sup>st</sup> harmonic |        |                                     |
| TPF worst case of A,B,C                                                           | TPFworst     | Not meaningful for Delta                              | Max of<br>1-  TPF <sub>a</sub>  , 1-  TPF <sub>b</sub>  ,<br>1-  TPF <sub>c</sub>                      | None   | +/- 1%                              |
| Total Vector Power Factor                                                         | TPFv-tot     | All                                                   | $= \frac{W_{tot}}{VA_{tot-vect}}$                                                                      | None   | +/- 1%                              |
| Total Arithmetic Power Factor                                                     | TPFa-tot     | All                                                   | $= \frac{W_{tot}}{VA_{tot-arithmetic}}$                                                                | None   | +/- 1%                              |
| DPF average                                                                       | DPFavg       | All                                                   | $= \frac{DPFa + DPFb + DPFc}{3}$                                                                       | None   | +/- 1%                              |
| DPF worst case of A,B,C                                                           | DPFworst     | All                                                   | DPF of channel with largest deviation from 1.0                                                         | None   | +/- 1%                              |

## Calculations (continued)

| Description                                                          | Abbreviation | Wiring Configuration | Formula                                                                                                                                | Units | Precision |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-----------|
| Total Arithmetic Displacement Power Factor                           | DPFa-tot     | All                  | $= \frac{W_{tot}}{VA_{tot-arithmetic}}$ <p>VA derived from DFT fundamental</p>                                                         | None  | +/- 1%    |
| Total Vector Displacement Power Factor                               | DPFv-tot     | All                  | $= \frac{W_{tot}}{VA_{tot-vect}}$ <p>VA derived from DFT fundamental</p>                                                               | None  | +/- 1%    |
| Total Voltage Harmonic Distortion Normalized to the fundamental      | HVthdfund-a  | All                  | $= \frac{\sqrt{HV_2^2 + HV_3^2 - HV_{127}^2}}{HV_{fund}} * 100$ <p>Per 61000-4-7</p>                                                   | %     | +/- 5%    |
|                                                                      | HVthdfund-b  |                      |                                                                                                                                        |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVthdfund-c  |                      |                                                                                                                                        |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVthdfund-d  |                      |                                                                                                                                        |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVthdfund-ab |                      |                                                                                                                                        |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVthdfund-bc |                      |                                                                                                                                        |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVthdfund-ca |                      |                                                                                                                                        |       |           |
| Total Current Harmonic Distortion Normalized to the fundamental      | HIthdfund-a  | All                  | $= \frac{\sqrt{HI_2^2 + HI_3^2 - HI_{63}^2}}{HI_{fund}} * 100$ <p>Per 61000-4-7</p>                                                    | %     | +/- 5%    |
|                                                                      | HIthdfund-b  |                      |                                                                                                                                        |       |           |
|                                                                      | HIthdfund-c  |                      |                                                                                                                                        |       |           |
|                                                                      | HIthdfund-d  |                      |                                                                                                                                        |       |           |
| Total Voltage InterHarmonic Distortion Normalized to the fundamental | HVtidfund-a  | All                  | $= \frac{\sqrt{HigV_2^2 + HigV_3^2 - HigV_{127}^2}}{HV_{fund}} * 100$ <p>HigV is Voltage Inter-harmonic Group</p> <p>Per 61000-4-7</p> | %     | +/- 5%    |
|                                                                      | HVidfund-b   |                      |                                                                                                                                        |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVtidfund-c  |                      |                                                                                                                                        |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVtidfund-d  |                      |                                                                                                                                        |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVtidfund-ab |                      |                                                                                                                                        |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVtidfund-bc |                      |                                                                                                                                        |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVtidfund-ca |                      |                                                                                                                                        |       |           |
| Total Current InterHarmonic Distortion Normalized to the fundamental | HItidfund-a  | All                  | $= \frac{\sqrt{HigI_2^2 + HigI_3^2 - HigI_{63}^2}}{HV_{fund}} * 100$ <p>HigI is Current Inter-harmonic Group</p> <p>Per 61000-4-7</p>  | %     | +/- 5%    |
|                                                                      | HItidfund-b  |                      |                                                                                                                                        |       |           |
|                                                                      | HItidfund-c  |                      |                                                                                                                                        |       |           |
|                                                                      | HItidfund-d  |                      |                                                                                                                                        |       |           |

## Calculations (continued)

| Description                                                          | Abbreviation | Wiring Configuration | Formula                                                                                                             | Units | Precision |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-----------|
| Total Voltage Harmonic Distortion Root Sum of Squares (RSS)          | HVthdrss-a   | All                  | $= \sqrt{HV_2^2 + HV_3^2 \dots HV_{127}^2}$ Per 61000-4-7                                                           | %     | +/- 5%    |
|                                                                      | HVthdrss-b   |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVthdrss-c   |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVthdrss-d   |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVthdrss-ab  |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVthdrss-bc  |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVthdrss-ca  |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
| Total Voltage Inter Harmonic Distortion Root Sum of Squares (RSS)    | HVtldrss-a   | All                  | $= \frac{\text{HigI is Voltage Inter-harmonic Group}}{\sqrt{HigV_2^2 + HigV_3^2 \dots HigV_{127}^2}}$ Per 61000-4-7 | %     | +/- 5%    |
|                                                                      | HVtldrss-b   |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVtldrss-c   |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVtldrss-d   |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVtldrss-ab  |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVtldrss-bc  |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVtldrss-ca  |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
| Total Odd Voltage Harmonic Distortion Normalized to the fundamental  | HVohtd-a     | All                  | $= \frac{\sqrt{HV_3^2 + HV_5^2 \dots HV_{127}^2}}{HV_{fund}} * 100$ Per 61000-4-7                                   | %     | +/- 5%    |
|                                                                      | HVohtd-b     |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVohtd-c     |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVohtd-d     |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVohtd-ab    |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVohtd-bc    |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVohtd-ca    |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
| Total Even Voltage Harmonic Distortion Normalized to the fundamental | HVehtd-a     | All                  | $= \frac{\sqrt{HV_2^2 + HV_4^2 \dots HV_{126}^2}}{HV_{fund}} * 100$ Per 61000-4-7                                   | %     | +/- 5%    |
|                                                                      | HVehtd-b     |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVehtd-c     |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVehtd-d     |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVehtd-ab    |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVehtd-bc    |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVehtd-ca    |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
| Total Current Odd Harmonic Distortion Normalized to the fundamental  | HIohd-a      | All                  | $= \frac{\sqrt{HI_3^2 + HI_5^2 \dots HI_{63}^2}}{HV_{fund}} * 100$ Per 61000-4-7                                    | %     | +/- 5%    |
|                                                                      | HIohd-b      |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
|                                                                      | HIohd-c      |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |
|                                                                      | HIohd-d      |                      |                                                                                                                     |       |           |

## Calculations (continued)

| Description                                                          | Abbreviation | Wiring Configuration | Formula                                                                                                                                                                                                                        | Units | Precision |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-----------|
| Total Current Even Harmonic Distortion Normalized to the fundamental | Hlehd-a      | All                  | $\frac{\sqrt{Hl_2^2 + Hl_4^2 + Hl_6^2}}{HV_{fund}} * 100$                                                                                                                                                                      | %     | +/- 5%    |
|                                                                      | Hlehd-b      |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |       |           |
|                                                                      | Hlehd-c      |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |       |           |
|                                                                      | Hlehd-d      |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |       |           |
|                                                                      |              |                      | Per 61000-4-7                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |       |           |
| Telephone Influence Factor, normalized to Fundamental                | HVtiffund-a  | All                  | $TIF = \frac{\sqrt{\sum (x_f \cdot w_f)^2}}{x_{fund}}$                                                                                                                                                                         | None  | +/- 1%    |
|                                                                      | HVtiffund-b  |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVtiffund-c  |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVtiffund-d  |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |       |           |
|                                                                      |              |                      | where:<br><br>$X_{fund}$ = Total RMS of fund<br><br>$X_f$ = single frequency RMS at frequency f<br><br>$W_f$ = Single frequency weighing factor at frequency f<br><br>Per IEEE 519/D7 1990 covers weighing factors up to 5 KHz |       |           |
| Telephone Influence Factor, normalized to RMS of input               | HVtifrms-a   | All                  | $TIF = \frac{\sqrt{\sum (x_f \cdot w_f)^2}}{x}$                                                                                                                                                                                | None  | +/- 1%    |
|                                                                      | HVtifrms-b   |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVtifrms-c   |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |       |           |
|                                                                      | HVtifrms-d   |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |       |           |
|                                                                      |              |                      | where:<br><br>$X$ = RMS of channel<br><br>$X_f$ = single frequency RMS at frequency f<br>$W_f$ = single frequency weighing factor at frequency f<br><br>Per IEEE 519/D7 1990 covers weighing factors up to 5 KHz               |       |           |

## Calculations (continued)

| Description                   | Abbreviation                                 | Wiring Configuration | Formula                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Units | Precision |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-----------|
| Total Harmonic unsigned power | Huspower-a                                   | All                  | $= \sum_{n=2}^{63}  V_n I_n \cos \phi_n $                                                                                                                                                                                | Watts | +/- 5%    |
|                               | Huspower-b                                   |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       |           |
|                               | Huspower-c                                   |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       |           |
|                               | Huspower-d                                   |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       |           |
| Total Harmonic signed power   | Hspower-a                                    | All                  | $= \left  \sum_{n=2}^{63} V_n I_n \cos \phi_n \right $                                                                                                                                                                   | Watts | +/- 5%    |
|                               | Hspower-b                                    |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       |           |
|                               | Hspower-c                                    |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       |           |
|                               | Hspower-d                                    |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       |           |
| Transformer K Factor          | HIxfmrk-a                                    | All                  | $K = \frac{\sum_{n=2}^{63} (H I_n^2 \cdot n^2)}{\sum_{n=2}^{63} H I_n^2}$                                                                                                                                                | None  | +/- 5%    |
|                               | HIxfmrk-b                                    |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       |           |
|                               | HIxfmrk-c                                    |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       |           |
|                               | HIxfmrk-d                                    |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       |           |
| Transformer De-Rating Factor  | HIxfmrdrat-a                                 | All                  | $= \sqrt{\frac{P_{LL\_R}}{(1 + F_{HL} \cdot P_{EC\_R})}}$ <p>Defined in IEEE C57.110-1998</p>                                                                                                                            | None  | +/- 5%    |
|                               | HIxfmrdrat-b                                 |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       |           |
|                               | HIxfmrdrat-c                                 |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       |           |
|                               | HIxfmrdrat-d                                 |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       |           |
| Volts Under-Deviation         | HVudev-a<br>HVudev-b<br>HVudev-c<br>HVudev-d | All                  | $= \frac{V_{nom} - V_{rms}}{V_{nom}} * 100$ <p>If result is &gt; V<sub>nom</sub> then value is 0</p> <p>Where:</p> <p>V<sub>nom</sub> is Declared Nominal Voltage</p> <p>V<sub>rms</sub> is 200ms RMS per 61000-4-30</p> | %     | +/- 1%    |
|                               | HVudev-ab<br>HVudev-bc<br>HVudev-ca          |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |       |           |

## Calculations (continued)

| Description                                                                                                                          | Abbreviation                                 | Wiring Configuration | Formula                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Units         | Precision |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-----------|
| Volts Over-Deviation                                                                                                                 | HVodev-a<br>HVodev-b<br>HVodev-c<br>HVodev-d | All                  | $= \frac{V_{rms} - V_{nom}}{V_{nom}} * 100$ <p>If result is &lt; V<sub>nom</sub> then value is 0</p> <p>Where:</p> <p>V<sub>nom</sub> is Declared Nominal Voltage</p> <p>V<sub>rms</sub> is 200ms RMS Per 61000-4-30</p> | %             | +/- 1%    |
|                                                                                                                                      | HVodev-ab<br>HVodev-bc<br>HVodev-ca          |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |               |           |
| User Specified Frequencies                                                                                                           |                                              | All                  | 5 individually recorded frequencies derived from DFT expansion. User selectable in 5 Hz increments.                                                                                                                      | Volts or Amps | +/- .2 %  |
| Main Signaling Frequencies                                                                                                           |                                              | Volts only           | 5 individually recorded frequencies derived from DFT expansion. User selectable in 5 Hz increments.                                                                                                                      | Volts or Amps | +/- 5 % * |
| Individual Harmonic Voltages<br>0-127<br>0=DC                                                                                        |                                              | Volts                | Computed according to 61000-4-7 using DFT over 200mS window aggregated to selected journal interval as RMS                                                                                                               | Volts         | +/- 5 %   |
| Individual Harmonic Current<br>h0-63<br>h0=DC                                                                                        |                                              | Current              | Computed according to 61000-4-7 using DFT over 200mS window aggregated to selected journal interval as RMS                                                                                                               | Amps          | +/- 5 %   |
| * from 3% to 15% of U <sub>din</sub> , +/- 5 % of measured value, from 1% to 3% of U <sub>din</sub> , +/- 0.15 % of U <sub>din</sub> |                                              |                      |                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |               |           |

## Calculations (continued)

| Description                                                | Abbreviation  | Wiring Configuration | Formula                                                                                                    | Units | Precision |
|------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-----------|
| Individual Inter Harmonic Voltages h:h+1<br>0-127<br>h0=DC |               | Volts                | Computed according to 61000-4-7 using DFT over 200mS window aggregated to selected journal interval as RMS | Volts | +/- 5%    |
| Individual Inter Harmonic Current h:h+1<br>0-63<br>h0=DC   |               | Current              | Computed according to 61000-4-7 using DFT over 200mS window aggregated to selected journal interval as RMS | Amps  | +/- 5%    |
| Instantaneous Flicker                                      | Pinst-a       | All                  | Compliant to 61000-4-15                                                                                    | None  | +/- 8%    |
|                                                            | Pinst-b       |                      |                                                                                                            |       |           |
|                                                            | Pinst-c       |                      |                                                                                                            |       |           |
|                                                            | Pinst-ab      |                      |                                                                                                            |       |           |
|                                                            | Pinst-bc      |                      |                                                                                                            |       |           |
|                                                            | Pinst-ca      |                      |                                                                                                            |       |           |
| Instantaneous Flicker Low Pass Filter output stage         | Pinstlpf-a    | All                  | Compliant to 61000-4-15<br><br>LPF - (1 minute TC)                                                         | None  | +/- 8%    |
|                                                            | Pinstlpf-b    |                      |                                                                                                            |       |           |
|                                                            | Pinstlpf-c    |                      |                                                                                                            |       |           |
|                                                            | Pinstlpf-ab   |                      |                                                                                                            |       |           |
|                                                            | Pinstlpf-bc   |                      |                                                                                                            |       |           |
|                                                            | Pinstlpf-ca   |                      |                                                                                                            |       |           |
| Instantaneous Flicker Square Root output stage             | Pinstrt-a     | All                  | Compliant to 61000-4-15<br><br>$= \sqrt{\frac{P_{inst}}{2}}$                                               | None  | +/- 8%    |
|                                                            | Pinstrt-b     |                      |                                                                                                            |       |           |
|                                                            | Pinstrt-c     |                      |                                                                                                            |       |           |
|                                                            | Pinstrt-ab    |                      |                                                                                                            |       |           |
|                                                            | Pinstrt-bc    |                      |                                                                                                            |       |           |
|                                                            | Pinstrt-ca    |                      |                                                                                                            |       |           |
| Instantaneous Flicker Square Root output stage LPF         | Pinstrtlpf-a  | All                  | Compliant to 61000-4-15<br><br>LPF - (1 minute TC)<br><br>$= \sqrt{\frac{P_{inst}}{2}}$                    | None  | +/- 8%    |
|                                                            | Pinstrtlpf-b  |                      |                                                                                                            |       |           |
|                                                            | Pinstrtlpf-c  |                      |                                                                                                            |       |           |
|                                                            | Pinstrtlpf-ab |                      |                                                                                                            |       |           |
|                                                            | Pinstrtlpf-bc |                      |                                                                                                            |       |           |
|                                                            | Pinstrtlpf-ca |                      |                                                                                                            |       |           |

## Calculations (continued)

| Description                          | Abbreviation | Wiring Configuration | Formula                                                                                       | Units | Precision |
|--------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-----------|
| Short Term Flicker                   | Pst-a        | All                  | Compliant to 61000-4-15                                                                       | None  | +/- 5%    |
|                                      | Pst-b        |                      |                                                                                               |       |           |
|                                      | Pst-c        |                      |                                                                                               |       |           |
|                                      | Pst-ab       |                      |                                                                                               |       |           |
|                                      | Pst-bc       |                      |                                                                                               |       |           |
|                                      | Pst-ca       |                      |                                                                                               |       |           |
| Long Term Flicker                    | Plt-a        | All                  | Compliant to 61000-4-15                                                                       | None  | +/- 5%    |
|                                      | Plt-b        |                      |                                                                                               |       |           |
|                                      | Plt-c        |                      |                                                                                               |       |           |
|                                      | Plt-ab       |                      |                                                                                               |       |           |
|                                      | Plt-bc       |                      |                                                                                               |       |           |
|                                      | Plt-ca       |                      |                                                                                               |       |           |
| Long Term Flicker Slide              | PltSlide-a   | All                  | Compliant to 61000-4-15<br><br>Plt value computed every Pst interval (nominal 10 min)         | None  | +/- 5%    |
|                                      | PltSlide-b   |                      |                                                                                               |       |           |
|                                      | PltSlide-c   |                      |                                                                                               |       |           |
|                                      | PltSlide-ab  |                      |                                                                                               |       |           |
|                                      | PltSlide-bc  |                      |                                                                                               |       |           |
|                                      | PltSlide-ca  |                      |                                                                                               |       |           |
| Current Demand                       | Idmd-a       | All                  | Average Current of 1 sec readings over the user selected Demand interval                      | Amps  | +/- 0.2%  |
|                                      | Idmd-b       |                      |                                                                                               |       |           |
|                                      | Idmd-c       |                      |                                                                                               |       |           |
| Peak Current Demand                  | Ipk-a        | All                  | Peak Current of 1 sec readings over the user selected Demand interval                         | Amps  | +/- 0.2%  |
|                                      | Ipk-b        |                      |                                                                                               |       |           |
|                                      | Ipk-c        |                      |                                                                                               |       |           |
| Current Demand Average               | Idmd-avg     | Polyphase only       | Average of Idmd-a, Idmd-b and Idmd-c for 3 phase. For Split phase, only A and B are averaged. | Amps  | +/- 0.2%  |
| Peak Current Demand Average          | Ipk-avg      | Polyphase only       | Average of Ipk-a, Ipk-b and Ipk-c for 3 phase. For Split phase, only A and B are averaged.    | Amps  | +/- 0.2%  |
| VA coincident with Peak Watts Demand | VAcow        | All                  | VA Demand at time of Peak Watts, during a Demand interval                                     | VA    | +/- 0.5%  |

## Calculations (continued)

| Description                                                 | Abbreviation | Wiring Configuration | Formula                                                         | Units | Precision |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-----------|
| VAR coincident with Peak Watts Demand                       | VARcoW       | All                  | VAR Demand at time of Peak Watts, during a Demand interval      | VAR   | +/- 0.5%  |
| Average True Power Factor coincident with Peak Watts Demand | PFavgcoW     | All                  | Average True PF at time of Peak Watts, during a Demand interval | None  | +/- 0.5%  |
| VA coincident with Peak VAR Demand                          | VAcovar      | All                  | VA Demand at time of Peak VAR, during a Demand interval         | VA    | +/- 0.5%  |
| Watts coincident with Peak VAR Demand                       | Wcovar       | All                  | Watts Demand at time of Peak VAR, during a Demand interval      | Watts | +/- 0.5%  |
| Average True Power Factor coincident with Peak VAR Demand   | PFavgcovar   | All                  | Average True PF at time of Peak VAR, during a Demand interval   | None  | +/- 0.5%  |
| Watts coincident with Peak VA Demand                        | WcoVA        | All                  | Watts Demand at time of Peak VA, during a Demand interval       | Watts | +/- 0.5%  |
| VAR coincident with Peak VA Demand                          | VARcoVA      | All                  | VAR Demand at time of Peak VA, during a Demand interval         | VAR   | +/- 0.5%  |
| Average True Power Factor coincident with Peak VA Demand    | PFavgcoVA    | All                  | Average True PF at time of Peak VA, during a Demand interval    | None  | +/- 15%   |
| Predicted Watts Demand                                      | Wpred-tot    | All                  | Prediction of Watts demand before interval is complete          | Watts | NA        |
| Predicted VAR Demand                                        | VARpred-tot  | All                  | Prediction of VAR demand before interval is complete            | VAR   | NA        |
| Predicted VA Demand                                         | VApred-tot   | All                  | Prediction of VA demand before interval is complete             | VA    | NA        |

## Calculations (continued)

| Description                                | Abbreviation | Wiring Configuration | Formula                                                                                            | Units  | Precision |
|--------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|-----------|
| Energy Watt-Hours                          | WHr-a        | All                  | Sum of Watt readings each second scaled to Watt-Hours and accumulated into user selected interval. | Watt-h | +/- 0.22% |
|                                            | WHr-b        |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
|                                            | WHr-c        |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
|                                            | WHr-d        |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
|                                            | WHr-tot      |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
| Energy VAR-Hours                           | VARHr-a      | All                  | Sum of VAR readings each second scaled to VAR-Hours and accumulated into user selected interval.   | VAR-h  | +/- 0.22% |
|                                            | VARHr-b      |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
|                                            | VARHr-c      |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
|                                            | VARHr-d      |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
|                                            | VARHr-tot    |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
| Energy VA-Hours                            | VAHr-a       | All                  | Sum of VA readings each second scaled to VA-Hours and accumulated into user selected interval.     | VA-h   | +/- 0.22% |
|                                            | VAHr-b       |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
|                                            | VAHr-c       |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
|                                            | VAHr-d       |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
|                                            | VAHr-tot     |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
| Energy Watt-Hours, Positive flow into load | WHrpos-a     | All                  | Absolute value of Sum of each 1 second accumulation that has a positive value.                     | Watt-h | +/- 0.22% |
|                                            | WHrpos-b     |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
|                                            | WHrpos-c     |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
|                                            | WHrpos-d     |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
|                                            | WHrpos-tot   |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
| Energy Watt-Hours, Negative flow into load | WHrneg-a     | All                  | Absolute value of Sum of each 1 second accumulation that has a negative value.                     | Watt-h | +/- 0.22% |
|                                            | WHrneg-b     |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
|                                            | WHrneg-c     |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
|                                            | WHrneg-d     |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
|                                            | WHrneg-tot   |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
| Energy VAR-Hours, Positive flow into load  | VARHrpos-a   | All                  | Absolute value of Sum of each 1 second accumulation that has a positive value.                     | VAR-h  | +/- 0.22% |
|                                            | VARHrpos-b   |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
|                                            | VARHrpos-c   |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
|                                            | VARHrpos-d   |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
|                                            | VARHrpos-tot |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
| Energy VAR-Hours, Negative flow into load  | VARHrneg-a   | All                  | Absolute value of Sum of each 1 second accumulation that has a negative value.                     | VAR-h  | +/- 0.22% |
|                                            | VARHrneg-b   |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
|                                            | VARHrneg-c   |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
|                                            | VARHrneg-d   |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |
|                                            | VARHrneg-tot |                      |                                                                                                    |        |           |