

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The DPM 2AS-BL features a 200mV d.c. measurement range with auto-zero and auto-polarity. Decimal points are user selectable. The DPM 2AS-BL features a negative rail generator which enables the meter to measure a signal referenced to its own power supply GND. LED backlighting ensures excellent readability under low light conditions. The design of the panel meter's housing allows the module to be easily snapped into a panel. The module's low cost means it will suit high and low volume applications. The DPM 2AS-BL is intended to replace the DPM 2, DPM 2S, DPM 2-BL and DPM 2S-BL in many applications, usually requiring only minor circuit modifications.

FEATURES

- 8.25mm (0.32") Digit Height
- 200mV d.c. Full Scale Reading
- 3.0 to 7.5V or 6.0 to 15.0V Operation
- Auto-zero and Auto-polarity
- Programmable Decimal Points
- LED Backlighting



TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Precision Instrumentation Systems
- Power Supply Monitoring
- Hand held instruments
- Panel-Mount Indication
- Low Power Voltage Measurement

ORDERING INFORMATION

Standard Meter	Stock Number DPM 2AS-BL
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ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Specification	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Accuracy (overall error) *		0.1		% (±1 count)
Linearity			±1	count
Sample rate		2.5		samples/sec
Operating temperature range	0		50	°C
Temperature stability		250		ppm/°C
Meter supply voltage	V+ to GND configuration	3.0	5.0	7.5
	V+ to V- configuration	6.0	9.0	15.0**
Meter supply current	V+ to GND configuration		350	μA
	V+ to V- configuration		175	μA
Backlight supply voltage	4.75	5.0	***	V d.c.
Backlight supply current @ 5V d.c.		8	15	mA
Input leakage current (Vin = 0V)		1	10	pA

* To ensure maximum accuracy, re-calibrate periodically.

** Operation of the meter beyond the maximum supply voltage rating may cause permanent damage to the meter.

*** An external series resistor is required above 5V, see Applications.

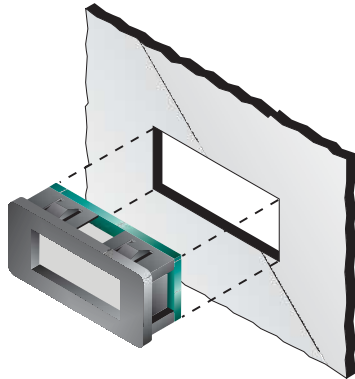
Unless otherwise noted, specifications apply at T_A=25°C, V_{supply}=5Vd.c. (f_{clock}=48kHz) and are tested with the module configured for single ended input mode.

SAFETY

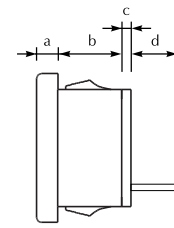
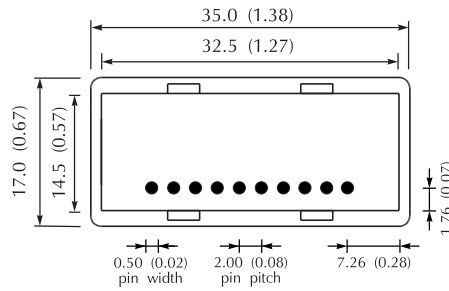
To comply with the Low Voltage Directive (LVD 93/68/EEC), input voltages to the module's pins must not exceed 60Vdc. The user must ensure that the incorporation of the panel meter into the user's equipment conforms to the relevant sections of BS EN 61010 (Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measuring, Control and Laboratory Use).

DIMENSIONS

All dimensions in mm (inches)



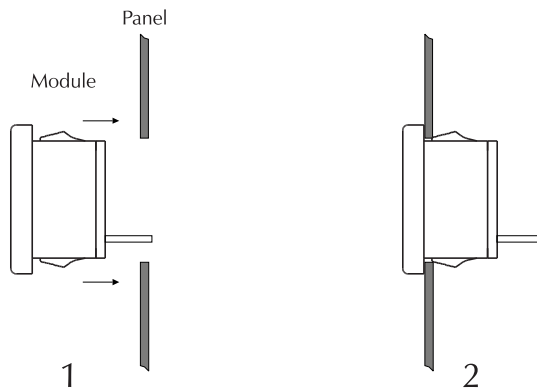
Panel cut-out: 33.0 x 15.0
(1.30 x 0.59)



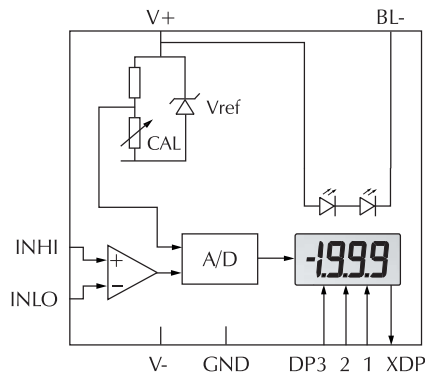
- a. 2.00 (0.08)
- b. 6.00 (0.24)
- c. 1.60 (0.06)
- d. 6.00 (0.24)

Panel thickness: 1.0 - 2.5
(0.04 - 0.10)

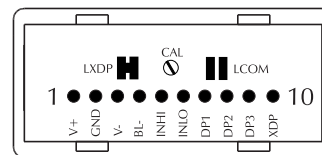
PANEL FITTING



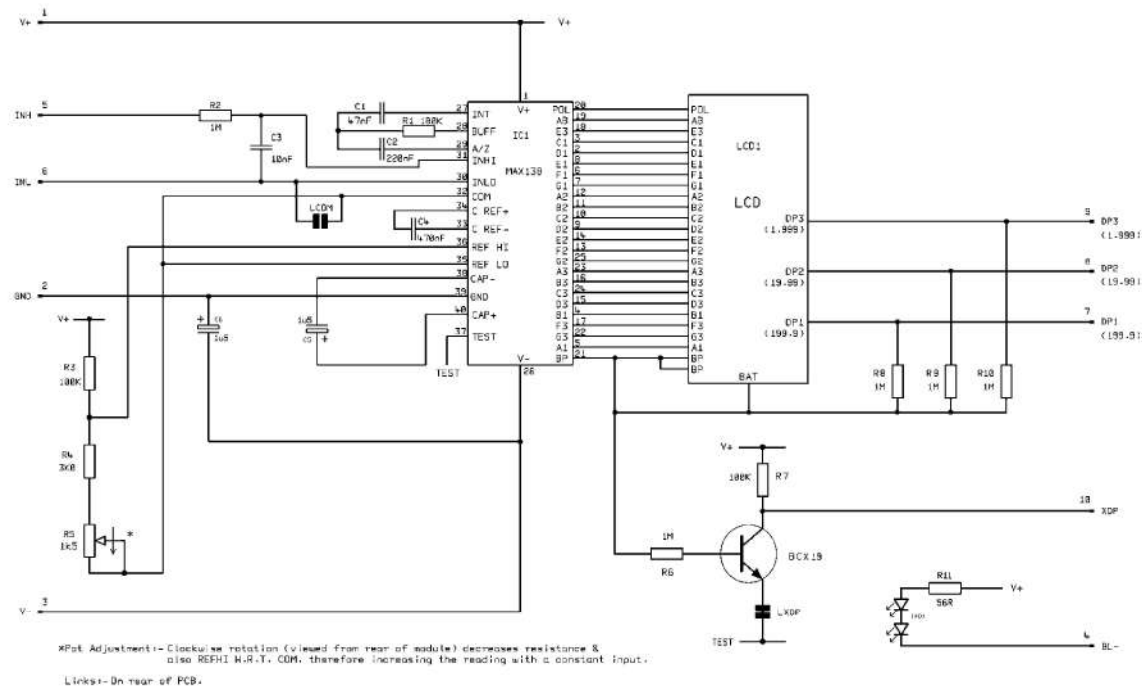
FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN CONFIGURATION (rear view)



CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



PIN FUNCTIONS

1. V+ Positive power supply to the meter.
2. GND 0V power supply to the meter (3.0 to 7.5V meter power supply applications only).
3. V- Negative power supply to the meter (6.0 to 15.0V meter power supply applications only).
4. BL- Connect to the meter's negative supply voltage to switch on the LED backlighting.
For meter supply voltages above 5V, add a series resistor Rs.
See Applications for suitable circuit diagrams.
5. INHI Positive measuring input.
6. INLO Negative measuring input.
7. DP1 Connect to XDP to display DP1 (199.9).
8. DP2 Connect to XDP to display DP2 (19.99).
9. DP3 Connect to XDP to display DP3 (1.999).
10. XDP Connect to pin 7, 8 or 9 to display required decimal point.

Note:

A negative supply is generated internally and mirrors the positive supply. For example: if V+ is +5V, then the internally generated V- is -5V. When measuring with the input referenced to the same supply rail as that of the panel meter, then the limitations on the input range are (V- + 1.5V) to (V+ - 1.5V).

Solder Links:

LCOM Normally Open. Connects INLO to COM.

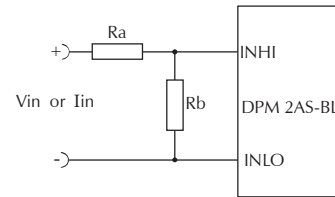
LXDP Normally Closed. Cut this link to disable the internal decimal point drive circuit and thereby reduce the meter's current consumption.

SCALING

Two external resistors R_a and R_b may be used to alter the full scale reading (FSR) of the meter - see table. The meter will have to be re-calibrated by adjusting the calibration potentiometer on the rear of the module.

	FSR	R_a	R_b
Voltage (V_{in})	2V	910k	100k
	20V	1M	10k
	200V	1M	1k
	2000V*	1M	100R
	200µA	0R	1k
Current (I_{in})	2mA	0R	100R
	20mA	0R	10R
	200mA	0R	1R

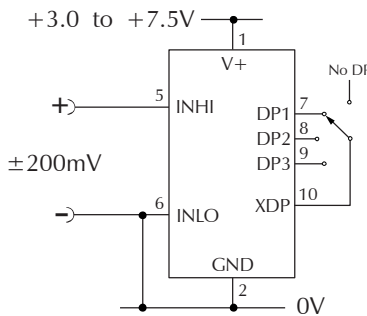
*Ensure that R_a is rated for high voltage use.



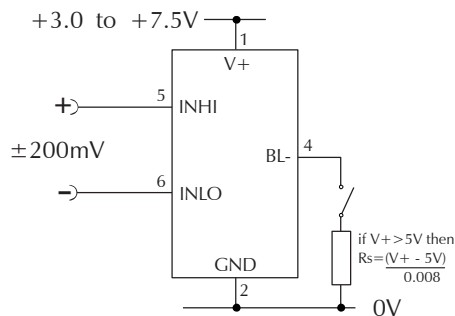
APPLICATIONS

Do not connect more than one meter to the same power supply if the meters cannot use the same signal ground. Taking any input beyond the power supply rails will damage the meter.

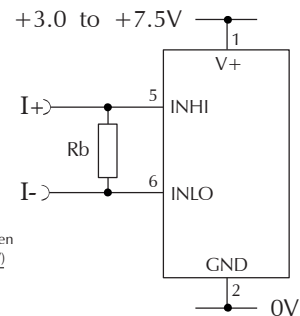
5V supply operation (3.0 to 7.5V Meter Power Supply)



Measuring a single ended input voltage referenced to supply, i.e. the input voltage and the meter's power supply share the same 0V rail. Ensure solder link LCOM is open.

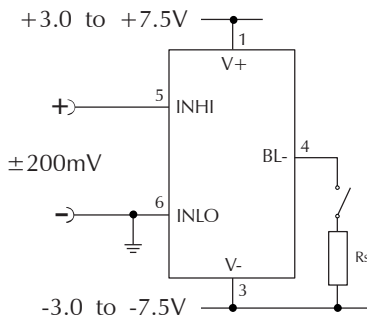


Measuring an input voltage referenced to a floating supply, i.e. the input voltage and the meter's power supply are isolated from each other. Ensure solder link LCOM is closed.

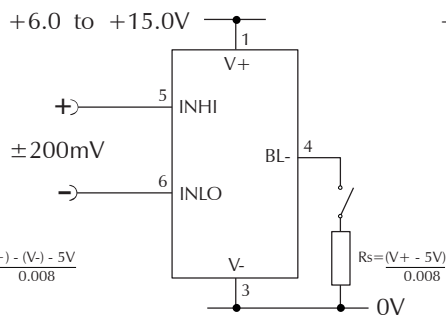


Measuring a current from a circuit which is floating with respect to the DPM's supply, i.e. the current and the meter's power supply are isolated from each other. Ensure solder link LCOM is closed.

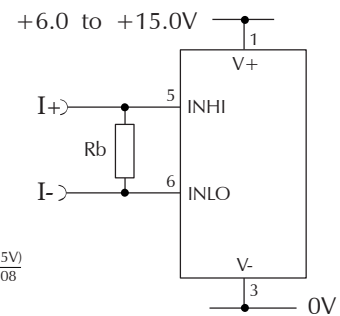
9V supply operation (6.0 to 15.0V Meter Power Supply)



Measuring a single ended input voltage referenced to supply, i.e. the input voltage and the meter's power supply share the same 0V rail. Ensure solder link LCOM is open.



Measuring an input voltage referenced to a floating supply, i.e. the input voltage and the meter's power supply are isolated from each other. Ensure solder link LCOM is closed.



Measuring a current from a circuit which is floating with respect to the DPM's supply, i.e. the current and the meter's power supply are isolated from each other. Ensure solder link LCOM is closed.