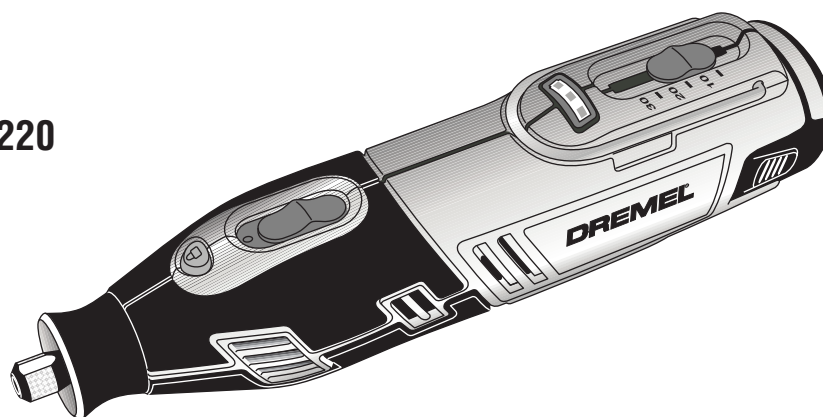


IMPORTANT:
Read Before Using



Operating/Safety Instructions

8220



DREMEL®

General Power Tool Safety Warnings

⚠ WARNING Read all safety warnings and all instructions. Failure to follow the warnings and instructions may result in electric shock, fire and/or serious injury.

SAVE ALL WARNINGS AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR FUTURE REFERENCE

The term “power tool” in the warnings refers to your mains-operated (corded) power tool or battery-operated (cordless) power tool.

Work area safety

Keep work area clean and well lit. Cluttered or dark areas invite accidents.

Do not operate power tools in explosive atmospheres, such as in the presence of flammable liquids, gases or dust. Power tools create sparks which may ignite the dust or fumes.

Keep children and bystanders away while operating a power tool. Distractions can cause you to lose control.

Electrical safety

Power tool plugs must match the outlet. Never modify the plug in any way. Do not use any adapter plugs with earthed (grounded) power tools. Unmodified plugs and matching outlets will reduce risk of electric shock.

Avoid body contact with earthed or grounded surfaces such as pipes, radiators, ranges and refrigerators. There is an increased risk of electric shock if your body is earthed or grounded.

Do not expose power tools to rain or wet conditions. Water entering a power tool will increase the risk of electric shock.

Do not abuse the cord. Never use the cord for carrying, pulling or unplugging the power tool. Keep cord away from heat, oil, sharp edges or moving parts. Damaged or entangled cords increase the risk of electric shock.

When operating a power tool outdoors, use an extension cord suitable for outdoor use. Use of a cord suitable for outdoor use reduces the risk of electric shock.

If operating the power tool in damp locations is unavoidable, use a Ground Fault Circuit Interrupter (GFCI) protected supply. Use of an GFCI reduces the risk of electric shock.

Personal safety

Stay alert, watch what you are doing and use common sense when operating a

power tool. Do not use a power tool while you are tired or under the influence of drugs, alcohol or medication. A moment of inattention while operating power tools may result in serious personal injury.

Use personal protective equipment. Always wear eye protection. Protective equipment such as dust mask, non-skid safety shoes, hard hat, or hearing protection used for appropriate conditions will reduce personal injuries.

Prevent unintentional starting. Ensure the switch is in the off-position before connecting to power source and / or battery pack, picking up or carrying the tool. Carrying power tools with your finger on the switch or energizing power tools that have the switch on invites accidents.

Remove any adjusting key or wrench before turning the power tool on. A wrench or a key left attached to a rotating part of the power tool may result in personal injury.

Do not overreach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times. This enables better control of the power tool in unexpected situations.

Dress properly. Do not wear loose clothing or jewelry. Keep your hair, clothing and gloves away from moving parts. Loose clothes, jewelry or long hair can be caught in moving parts.

If devices are provided for the connection of dust extraction and collection facilities, ensure these are connected and properly used. Use of dust collection can reduce dust-related hazards.

Power tool use and care

Do not force the power tool. Use the correct power tool for your application. The correct power tool will do the job better and safer at the rate for which it was designed.

Do not use the power tool if the switch does not turn it on and off. Any power tool that cannot be controlled with the switch is dangerous and must be repaired.

Disconnect the plug from the power source and/or the battery pack from the power tool before making any adjustments, changing accessories, or storing power tools. Such preventive safety measures reduce the risk of starting the power tool accidentally.

Store idle power tools out of the reach of children and do not allow persons unfamiliar with the power tool or these instructions to operate the power tool. Power tools are dangerous in the hands of untrained users.

Maintain power tools. Check for misalignment or binding of moving parts, breakage of parts and any other condition that may affect the power tool's operation. If damaged, have the power tool repaired before use. Many accidents are caused by poorly maintained power tools.

Keep cutting tools sharp and clean. Properly maintained cutting tools with sharp cutting edges are less likely to bind and are easier to control.

Use the power tool, accessories and tool bits etc. in accordance with these instructions, taking into account the working conditions and the work to be performed. Use of the power tool for operations different from those intended could result in a hazardous situation.

Battery tool use and care

Recharge only with the charger specified by the manufacturer. A charger that is suitable for one type of battery pack may create a risk of fire when used with another battery pack.

Use power tools only with specifically designated battery packs. Use of any other battery packs may create a risk of injury and fire.

When battery pack is not in use, keep it away from other metal objects like paper clips, coins, keys, nails, screws, or other small metal objects that can make a connection from one terminal to another. Shorting the battery terminals together may cause burns or a fire.

Under abusive conditions, liquid may be ejected from the battery, avoid contact. If contact accidentally occurs, flush with water. If liquid contacts eyes, additionally seek medical help. Liquid ejected from the battery may cause irritation or burns.

Service

Have your power tool serviced by a qualified repair person using only identical replacement parts. This will ensure that the safety of the power tool is maintained.

Safety Rules for Cordless Rotary Tools

Use clamps or another practical way to secure and support the workpiece to a stable platform. Holding the work by your hand or against the body leaves it unstable and may lead to loss of control.

Accessories must be rated for at least the speed recommended on the tool warning label. Wheels and other accessories running over rated speed can fly apart and cause injury.

If cutting into existing walls or other blind areas where electrical wiring may exist is unavoidable, disconnect all fuses or circuit breakers feeding this worksite.

Do not operate the flexible shaft with a sharp bend. Over bending the shaft can generate excessive heat on the jacket or hand piece. The recommended minimum is 6" radius.

Disconnect battery pack from tool or place the switch in the locked or off position

before making any assembly, adjustments or changing accessories. Such preventive safety measures reduce the risk of starting the tool accidentally.

Be aware of the switch location, when placing the tool down or when picking the tool up. You may accidentally activate the switch.

Always hold the hand piece firmly in your hands during the start-up. The reaction torque of the motor, as it accelerates to full speed, can cause the shaft to twist.

Always wear safety goggles and dust mask. Use only in well ventilated area. Using personal safety devices and working in safe environment reduces risk of injury.

After changing the bits or making any adjustments, make sure the collet nut and the EZ TWIST™ integrated wrench/nose cap are both securely tightened. Loose

Safety Rules for Cordless Rotary Tools - (cont.)

adjustment devices can unexpectedly shift, causing loss of control, loose rotating components will be violently thrown.

Do not reach in the area of the spinning bit. The proximity of the spinning bit to your hand may not always be obvious.

Allow brushes to run at operating speed for at least one minute before using wheel. During this time no one is to stand in front or in line with the brush. Loose bristles or wires will be discharged during the run-in time.

Wire and bristle brushes must never be operated at speeds greater than 15,000/min. Direct the discharge of the spinning wire brush away from you. Small particles and tiny wire fragments may be discharged at high velocity during the "cleaning" action with these brushes and may become imbedded in your skin. Bristles or wires will be discharged from the brush at high speeds.

Wear protective gloves and face shield with wire or bristle brushes. Apply wire or bristle brushes lightly to the work as only the tips of the wire/bristles do the work. "Heavy" pressure on bristles will cause the wire or bristle to become overstressed, resulting in a wiping action and will cause the bristles/wire to be discharged.

Carefully handle both the tool and individual grinding wheels to avoid chipping or cracking. Install a new wheel if tool is dropped while grinding. Do not use a wheel that may be damaged. Fragments from a wheel that bursts during operation will fly away at great velocity possibly striking you or bystanders.

Never use dull or damaged bits. Sharp bits must be handled with care. Damaged bits can snap during use. Dull bits require more force to push the tool, possibly causing the bit to break.

Use clamps to support workpiece whenever practical. Never hold a small workpiece in one hand and the tool in the other hand while in use. Allow for sufficient space, at least 6", between your hand and the spinning bit. Round material such as dowel rods, pipes or tubing have a tendency to roll while being cut, and may cause the bit to "bite" or jump toward you. Clamping a small workpiece allows you to use both hands to control the tool.

Inspect your workpiece before cutting. When cutting irregularly shaped workpieces, plan your work so it will not slip and pinch the bit and be torn from your hand. For example, if carving wood, make sure there are no nails or foreign objects in the workpiece. Nails or foreign objects can cause the bit to jump.

Never start the tool when the bit is engaged in the material. The bit cutting edge may grab the material causing loss of control of the cutter.

Avoid bouncing and snagging the wheel, especially when working corners, sharp edges etc. This can cause loss of control and kick-back.

The direction of feed with the bit into the material when carving, routing or cutting is very important. Always feed the bit into the material in the same direction as the cutting edge is exiting from the material (which is the same direction as the chips are thrown). Feeding the tool in the wrong direction, causes the cutting edge of the bit to climb out of the work and pull the tool in the direction of this feed.

If the workpiece or bit becomes jammed or bogged down, turn the tool "OFF" by the switch. Wait for all moving parts to stop and unplug the tool, then work to free the jammed material. If the switch to the tool is left "ON" the tool could restart unexpectedly causing serious personal injury.

Do not leave a running tool unattended, turn power off. Only when tool comes to a complete stop it is safe to put it down.

Do not grind or sand near flammable materials. Sparks from the wheel could ignite these materials.

Do not touch the bit or collet after use. After use the bit and collet are too hot to be touched by bare hands.

Regularly clean the tool's air vents by compressed air. Excessive accumulation of powdered metal inside the motor housing may cause electrical failures.

Do not allow familiarity gained from frequent use of your rotary tool to become commonplace. Always remember that a careless fraction of a second is sufficient to inflict severe injury.

Safety Rules for Cordless Rotary Tools - (cont.)

Do not alter or misuse tool. Any alteration or modification is a misuse and may result in serious personal injury.

This product is not intended for use as a dental drill, in human or veterinary medical applications. Serious personal injury may result.

When using the steel saws, cutoff wheels, high speed cutters or tungsten carbide cutters, always have the work securely clamped. Never attempt to hold the work with one hand while using any of these accessories. These accessories will grab if

they become slightly canted in the groove, and can kickback causing loss of control resulting in serious injury. Your second hand should be used to steady and guide the hand holding the tool. When a cutoff wheel grabs, the wheel itself usually breaks. When the steel saw, high speed cutters or tungsten carbide cutter grab, it may jump from the groove and you could lose control of the tool.

Use only Dremel®, high-performance accessories. Other accessories are not designed for this tool and may lead to personal injury or property damage.

Additional Safety Warnings

GFCI and personal protection devices like electrician's rubber gloves and footwear will further enhance your personal safety.

Do not use AC only rated tools with a DC power supply. While the tool may appear to work, the electrical components of the AC rated tool are likely to fail and create a hazard to the operator.

Keep handles dry, clean and free from oil and grease. Slippery hands cannot safely control the power tool.

Develop a periodic maintenance schedule for your tool. When cleaning a tool be careful not to disassemble any portion of the tool since internal wires may be misplaced or pinched or safety guard return springs may be improperly mounted. Certain cleaning agents such as gasoline, carbon tetrachloride, ammonia, etc. may damage plastic parts.

Ensure the switch is in the off position before inserting battery pack. Inserting the

battery pack into power tools that have the switch on invites accidents.

⚠ WARNING Some dust created by power sanding, sawing, grinding, drilling, and other construction activities contains chemicals known to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. Some examples of these chemicals are:

- Lead from lead-based paints,
- Crystalline silica from bricks and cement and other masonry products, and
- Arsenic and chromium from chemically-treated lumber.

Your risk from these exposures varies, depending on how often you do this type of work. To reduce your exposure to these chemicals: work in a well ventilated area, and work with approved safety equipment, such as those dust masks that are specially designed to filter out microscopic particles.

Battery/Charger

⚠ WARNING Before using battery charger, read all instructions and cautionary markings on (1) battery charger, (2) battery pack, and (3) product using battery.

Use only the charger which accompanied your product or direct replacement as listed in the catalog or this manual. Do not substitute any other charger. Use only Dremel approved chargers with your product. See Functional Description and Specifications.

Do not disassemble charger or operate the charger if it has received a sharp blow, been dropped or otherwise damaged in any way. Replace damaged cord or plugs immediately. Incorrect reassembly or damage may result in electric shock or fire.

Do not recharge battery in damp or wet environment. Do not expose charger to rain or snow. If battery case is cracked or otherwise damaged, do not insert into charger. Battery short or fire may result.

Charge only Dremel approved rechargeable batteries. See Functional Description and Specifications. Other types of batteries may burst causing personal injury and damage.

Charge battery pack in temperatures above +32 degrees F (0 degrees C) and below +113 degrees F (45 degrees C). Store tool and battery pack in locations where temperatures will not exceed 120 degrees F (49 degrees C). This is important to prevent serious damage to the battery cells.

Battery leakage may occur under extreme usage or temperature conditions. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. The battery liquid is caustic and could cause chemical burns to tissues. If liquid comes in contact with skin, wash quickly with soap and water. If the liquid contacts your eyes, flush them with water for a minimum of 10 minutes and seek medical attention.

Place charger on flat non-flammable surfaces and away from flammable materials when re-charging battery pack. The charger and battery pack heat during charging. Carpeting and other heat insulating surfaces block proper air circulation which may cause overheating of the charger and battery pack. If smoke or melting of the case are observed unplug the charger immediately and do not use the battery pack or charger.

Use of an attachment not recommended or sold by Dremel will result in a risk of fire, electric shock or injury to persons.

Battery Care

⚠ WARNING When batteries are not in tool or charger, keep them away from metal objects. For example, to protect terminals from shorting, **DO NOT** place batteries in a tool box or pocket with

nails, screws, keys, etc. Fire or injury may result.

DO NOT PUT BATTERIES INTO FIRE OR EXPOSE TO HIGH HEAT. They may explode.

Battery Disposal

⚠ WARNING Do not attempt to disassemble the battery or remove any component projecting from the battery terminals. Fire or injury may result. Prior to disposal, protect exposed terminals with heavy insulating tape to prevent shorting.

LITHIUM-ION BATTERIES

If equipped with a lithium-ion battery, the battery must be collected, recycled or disposed of in an environmentally sound manner.















"The EPA certified RBRC Battery Recycling Seal on the lithium-ion (Li-ion) battery indicates Robert Bosch Tool Corporation is voluntarily participating in an industry

program to collect and recycle these batteries at the end of their useful life, when taken out of service in the United States or Canada. The RBRC program provides a convenient alternative to placing used Li-ion batteries into the trash or the municipal waste stream, which may be illegal in your area.

Please call 1-800-8-BATTERY for information on Li-ion battery recycling and disposal bans/restrictions in your area, or return your batteries to a Skil/Bosch/Dremel Service Center for recycling. Robert Bosch Tool Corporation's involvement in this program is part of our commitment to preserving our environment and conserving our natural resources."

Symbols

IMPORTANT: Some of the following symbols may be used on your tool. Please study them and learn their meaning. Proper interpretation of these symbols will allow you to operate the tool better and safer.

Symbol	Name	Designation/Explanation
V	Volts	Voltage (potential)
A	Amperes	Current
Hz	Hertz	Frequency (cycles per second)
W	Watt	Power
kg	Kilograms	Weight
min	Minutes	Time
s	Seconds	Time
∅	Diameter	Size of drill bits, grinding wheels, etc.
n_0	No load speed	Rotational speed, at no load
n	Rated speed	Maximum attainable speed
.../min	Revolutions or reciprocation per minute	Revolutions, strokes, surface speed, orbits etc. per minute
0	Off position	Zero speed, zero torque...
1, 2, 3, ... I, II, III,	Selector settings	Speed, torque or position settings. Higher number means greater speed
	Infinitely variable selector with off	Speed is increasing from 0 setting
	Arrow	Action in the direction of arrow
	Alternating current	Type or a characteristic of current
	Direct current	Type or a characteristic of current
	Alternating or direct current	Type or a characteristic of current
	Class II construction	Designates Double Insulated Construction tools.
	Earthing terminal	Grounding terminal
	Warning symbol	Alerts user to warning messages
	Li-ion RBRC seal	Designates Li-ion battery recycling program
	Ni-Cad RBRC seal	Designates Ni-Cad battery recycling program
	Read manual symbol	Alerts user to read manual
	Wear eye protection symbol	Alerts user to wear eye protection

Symbols (continued)

IMPORTANT: Some of the following symbols may be used on your tool. Please study them and learn their meaning. Proper interpretation of these symbols will allow you to operate the tool better and safer.



This symbol designates that this tool is listed by Underwriters Laboratories.



This symbol designates that this tool is recognized by Underwriters Laboratories.



This symbol designates that this tool is listed by Underwriters Laboratories, to United States and Canadian Standards.



This symbol designates that this tool is listed by the Canadian Standards Association.



This symbol designates that this tool is listed by the Canadian Standards Association, to United States and Canadian Standards.



This symbol designates that this tool is listed by the Intertek Testing Services, to United States and Canadian Standards.

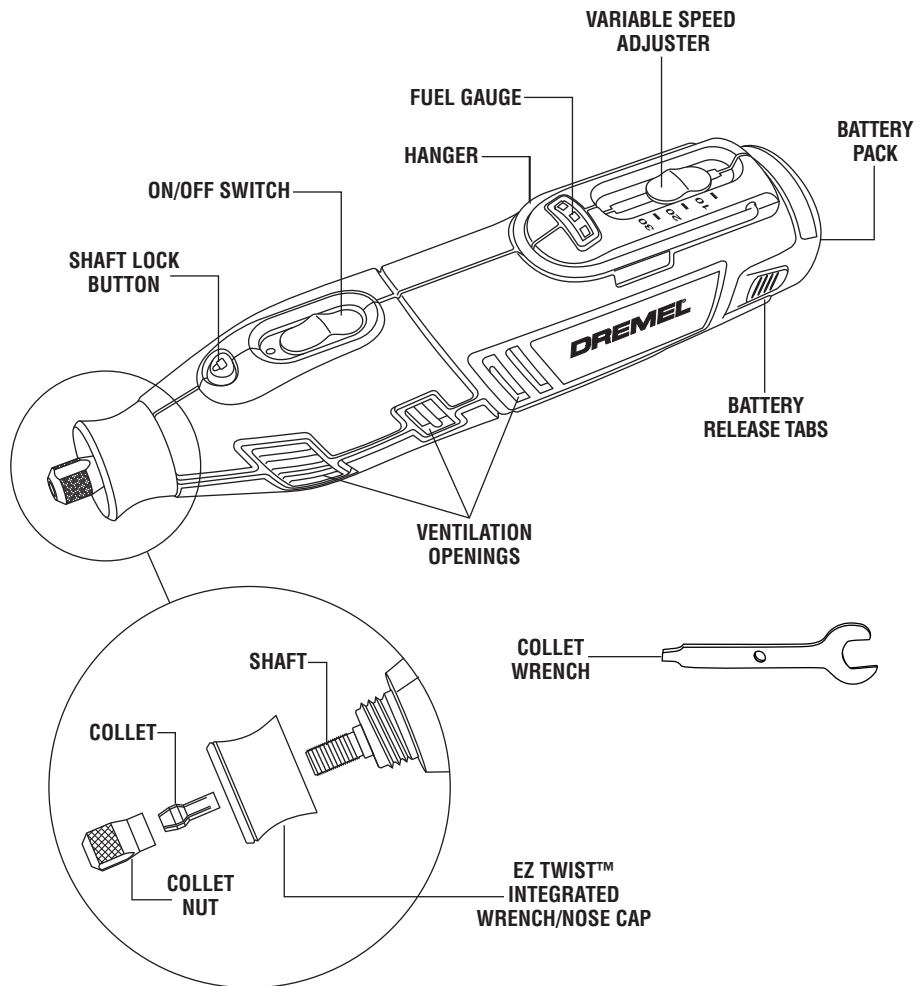


This symbol designates that this tool complies to NOM Mexican Standards.

Functional Description and Specifications

⚠ WARNING Disconnect battery pack from tool before making any assembly, adjustments or changing accessories. Such preventive safety measures reduce the risk of starting the tool accidentally.

Model 8220 Cordless Rotary Tool

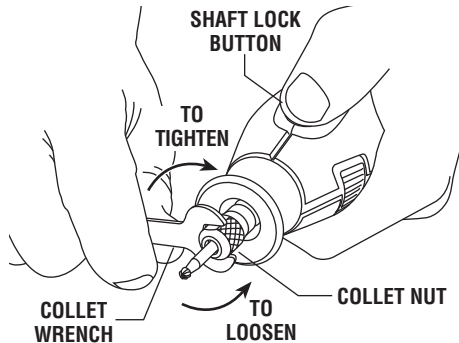


Model number 8220
 Voltage rating 10.8V/12V == MAX
 No load speed n_0 5,000-30,000/min
 Collet capacities 1/32, 1/16", 3/32", 1/8"

Charger 876
 Charge Time 1 Hour
 Voltage rating 120 V ~ 60 Hz
Battery pack B812-01
 Capacity 1.5 Ahr

Assembly

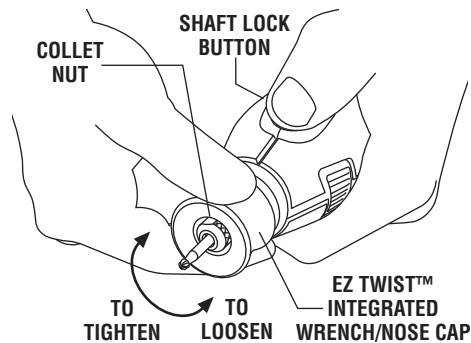
⚠ WARNING Disconnect battery pack from tool before making any assembly, adjustments or changing accessories. Such preventive safety measures reduce the risk of starting the tool accidentally.



COLLET NUT — To loosen, first press shaft lock button and rotate the shaft by hand until the lock engages the shaft preventing further rotation. Your Dremel 8220 is equipped with a quick collet lock mechanism. This mechanism engages the output shaft in 8 separate locations on the shaft for easier operation.

⚠ CAUTION Do not engage lock while the Rotary Tool is running.

With the shaft lock engaged use the collet wrench to loosen the collet nut if necessary. The collet nut must be loosely threaded on when inserting an accessory. Change accessories by inserting the new one into the collet as far as possible to minimize runout and



unbalance. With the shaft lock engaged, finger tighten the collet nut until the accessory shank is gripped by the collet. **Avoid excessive tightening of the collet nut when there is no bit inserted.**

EZ TWIST™ INTEGRATED WRENCH/NOSE CAP

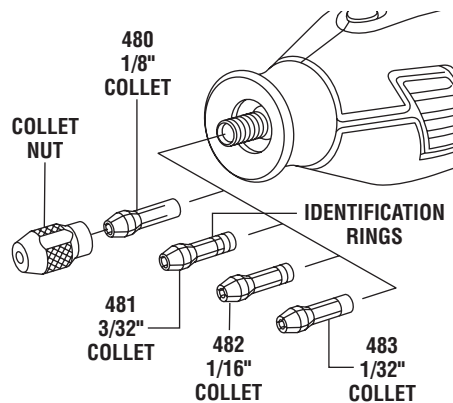
The nose cap of your tool has an integrated wrench allowing you to loosen and tighten the collet nut without the use of the standard collet wrench. Unscrew the nose cap from the tool, line-up steel insert on inside of cap with collet nut. With the shaft lock engaged twist nose cap clockwise to tighten, and counter-clockwise to loosen.

COLLETS — Four different size collets (see illustration), to accommodate different shank sizes, are available for your Rotary Tool. To install a different collet, remove the collet nut and remove the old collet. Insert the unslotted

end of the collet in the hole in the end of the tool shaft. Replace collet nut on the shaft.

⚠ CAUTION Always use the collet which matches the shank size of the accessory you plan to use. Never force a larger diameter shank into a collet.

Note: Most rotary tool kits do not include all four collets sizes.



COLLET IDENTIFICATION CHART

Collet sizes can be identified by the rings on the back end of collet.

1/32" Collet has one (1) ring.
1/16" Collet has two (2) rings.
3/32" Collet has three (3) rings.
1/8" Collet has no rings. (Included in most tool kits on the tool)

BALANCING ACCESSORIES — For precision work, it is important that all

accessories be in good balance (much the same as the tires on your automobile). To true up or balance an accessory, slightly loosen collet nut and give the accessory or collet a 1/4 turn. Retighten collet nut and run the Rotary Tool. You should be able to tell by the sound and feel if your accessory is running in balance. Continue adjusting in this fashion until best balance is achieved. To maintain balance on abrasive wheel points, before each use,

with the wheel point secured in the collet, turn on the Rotary Tool and run the 415 Dressing Stone lightly against the revolving wheel point. This removes high spots and trues up the wheel point for good balance.

The hanger is provided for the use of hanging your tool while using the flex-shaft or for storage. If you do not use the hanger, snap it back into place so it will be out of the way while the tool is in use.

Operating Instructions

Dremel 8220

Thank you for purchasing the Dremel 8220. This product was designed by the many Dremel users who passionately use their rotary tools daily. This tool was designed to give you the ultimate performance when working on projects.

The Dremel 8220 is one of the MOST versatile cordless rotary tool available today. It has a wide speed range including a high performance motor that allows the tool to maintain its speed under load. The design of the tool also contains plenty of soft grip so the tool can be held comfortably in many positions. The quick collet lock mechanism makes locking the output shaft easier for changing accessories. You will appreciate the many applications that the Dremel 8220 can easily tackle.

Rotary Tool Introduction

The Rotary Tool has a small, powerful electric motor, is comfortable in the hand, and is made to accept a large variety of accessories including abrasive wheels, drill bits, wire brushes, polishers, engraving cutters, router bits, cutting wheels and attachments. Accessories come in a variety of shapes and permit you to do a number of different jobs. As you become familiar with the range of accessories and their uses, you will learn just how versatile the Rotary Tool is. You'll see dozens of uses you hadn't thought of before.

The real secret of the Rotary Tool is its speed. To understand the advantages of its high speed, you have to know that the standard portable electric drill runs at speeds up to 2,800 revolutions per minute. The Rotary Tool operates at speeds up to 30,000 revolutions per minute. The typical electric drill is a low-

speed, high torque tool; the Rotary Tool is just the opposite – a high-speed, low torque tool. The major difference to the user is that in the high speed tools, the speed combined with the accessory mounted in the collet does the work. You don't apply pressure to the tool, but simply hold and guide it. In the low speed tools, you not only guide the tool, but also apply pressure to it, as you do, for example, when drilling a hole.

It is this high speed, along with its compact size and wide variety of special accessories and attachments, that makes the Rotary Tool different from other tools. The speed enables it to do jobs low speed tools cannot do, such as cutting hardened steel, engraving glass, etc.

Getting the most out of your Rotary Tool is a matter of learning how to let this speed work for you.

Using the Rotary Tool

The first step in learning to use the Rotary Tool is to get the "feel" of it. Hold it in your hand and feel its weight and balance. Feel the taper of the housing.

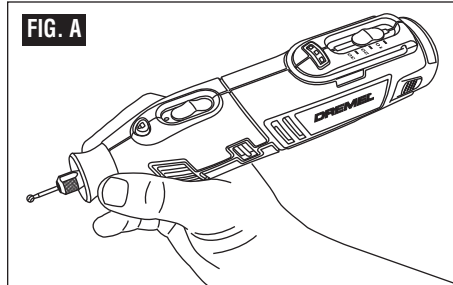


Always hold the tool away from your face. Accessories can be damaged during handling, and can fly apart as they come up to speed. This is not

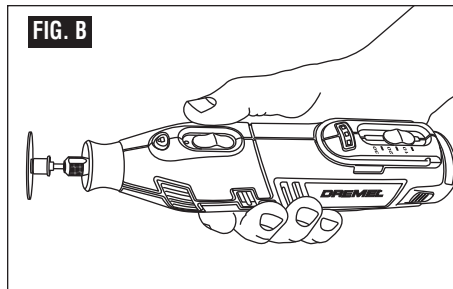
common, but it does happen.

CAUTION Whenever you hold the tool, be careful not to cover the air vents with your hand. This blocks the air flow and causes the motor to overheat.

For best control in close work, grip the Rotary Tool like a pencil between your thumb and forefinger (Figure A).



The "Golf Grip" method of holding the tool can be used for more aggressive operations such as grinding a flat surface or using cutoff wheels (Figure B).



Practice on scrap materials first to see how the Rotary Tool's high speed action performs. Keep in mind that the work is done by the speed of the tool and by the accessory in the collet. You should not lean on or push the tool during use.

Instead, lower the spinning accessory lightly to the work and allow it to touch the point at which you want cutting (or sanding or etching, etc.) to begin. Concentrate on guiding the tool over the work using very little pressure from your hand. Allow the accessory to do the work.

Usually, it is best to make a series of passes with the tool rather than attempt to do all the work in one pass. To make a cut, for example, pass the tool back and forth over the work, much as you would a small paint brush. Cut a little material on each pass until you reach the desired depth. For most work, the gentle touch is best. With it, you have the best control, are less likely to make errors, and will get the most efficient work out of the accessory.

Operating Speeds

To select the right speed for each job, use a practice piece of material.

SLIDE "ON/OFF" SWITCH

The tool is switched "ON" by the slide switch located on the topside of the motor housing.

TO TURN THE TOOL "ON", slide the switch button forward.

TO TURN THE TOOL "OFF", slide the switch button backward.

HIGH PERFORMANCE MOTOR

Your tool is equipped with a high performance rotary tool motor. This motor expands the versatility of the rotary tool by driving additional attachments such as the Dremel Multi-Saw and Dremel Planer.

ELECTRONIC MONITORING

Your tool is equipped with an internal electronic monitoring system that provides a "soft start",

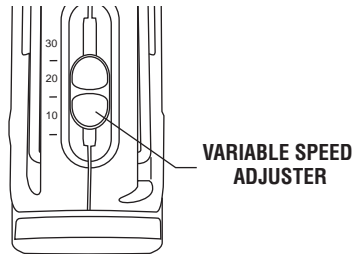
which will reduce the stresses that occur from a high torque start. The system also helps to maximize motor and battery performance by limiting the current to the tool when overload and stall conditions occur. The motor and battery pack are protected by limiting the current to the motor in these situations.

VARIABLE SPEED ADJUSTER

Your tool is equipped with a variable speed adjuster. The speed may be adjusted during operation by sliding the adjuster back or forth between any one of the settings.

You can refer to the charts on page 22, 23, 24 and 25 to determine the proper speed, based on the material being worked and the type of accessory being used. These charts enable you to select both the correct accessory and the optimum speed at a glance.

The speed of Rotary Tool is controlled by setting this adjuster on the housing.



Settings for Approximate Revolutions.

Switch Setting	Speed Range
5	5,000-7,000 RPM
*10	7,000-10,000 RPM
15	13,000-17,000 RPM
20	18,000-23,000 RPM
25	23,000-27,000 RPM
30	28,000-30,000 RPM

* Wire Brush Setting.

Needs for Slower Speeds

Certain materials, however, (some plastics and precious metals, for example) require a relatively slow speed because at high speed the friction of the accessory generates heat and may cause damage to the material.

Slow speeds (15,000 RPM or less) usually are best for polishing operations employing the felt polishing accessories. They may also be best for working on delicate projects as “eggery” work, delicate wood carving and fragile model parts. **All brushing applications require lower speeds to avoid wire discharge from the holder.**

Higher speeds are better for carving, cutting, routing, shaping, cutting dadoes or rabbets in wood.

Hardwoods, metals and glass require high speed operation, and drilling should also be done at high speeds.

Many applications and accessories in our line will provide the best performance at full speed, but for certain materials, applications, and accessories, you need slower speeds, which is the reason our variable speed models are available.

To aid you in determining the optimum operational speed for different materials and different accessories, we have constructed a series of tables that appear on page 22, 23, 24 and 25. By referring to these tables, you can discover the recommended speeds for each type of accessory. Look these tables over and become familiar with them.

Ultimately, the best way to determine the correct speed for work on any material is to practice for a few minutes on a piece of scrap, even after referring to the chart. You can quickly learn that a slower or faster speed is more effective just by observing what happens as you make a pass or two at different speeds. When working with plastic, for example, start at a slow rate of speed and increase the speed until you observe that the plastic is melting at the point of contact. Then reduce the speed slightly to get the optimum working speed.

Some rules of thumb in regard to speed:

1. Plastic and other materials that melt at low temperatures should be cut at low speeds.
2. Polishing, buffing and cleaning with any type of bristle brush must be done at speeds not greater than 15,000 RPM to prevent damage to the brush from bristles flying toward operator.
3. Wood should be cut at high speed.
4. Iron or steel should be cut at high speed. If a high speed steel cutter starts to chatter — this normally means it is running too slow.
5. Aluminum, copper alloys, lead alloys, zinc alloys and tin may be cut at various speeds, depending on the type of cutting being done. Use paraffin or other suitable lubricant on the cutter to prevent the cut material from adhering to the cutter teeth.

Increasing the pressure on the tool is not the answer when it is not performing as you think it should. Perhaps you should be using a different accessory, and perhaps an adjustment in speed would solve the problem. Leaning on the tool does not help.

Let speed do the work!

All Dremel Rotary Tool attachments are compatible with your tool, but you may experience reduced run times on the battery when using certain attachments.

Use only Dremel®, high-performance accessories.

FUEL GAUGE

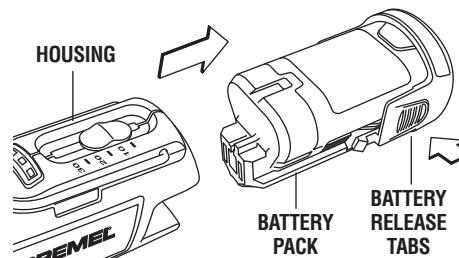
This tool is equipped with a fuel gauge that tells you how much charge your battery has. A fully charged battery is indicated when all three LED lights are illuminated. As the battery discharges, the lights will turn off one by one until only one light is on. When the last light starts "flashing", the battery is almost empty. When the battery is dead, the tool will automatically turn off. This will be a sudden stop as opposed to a gradual winding down of the tool. Simply recharge the battery and reuse.

- 3 lights - 100% charge remaining
- 2 lights – 50% charge remaining
- 1 light - 25% charge remaining
- 1 "flashing" light - tool is about to shut off
- 3 "side to side" lights – battery charge is too low to run tool. Recharge the battery.
- 3 "flashing" lights – battery is too hot or too cold for use. Turn tool off and let battery return to normal operating temperature before resuming use.

INSERTING AND RELEASING BATTERY PACK

Release battery pack from tool by pressing on both sides of the battery release tabs and pull away from housing.

To insert battery, align battery and slide battery pack into tool until it locks into position. Do not force.



CHARGER INDICATORS, SYMBOLS AND MEANING

If the indicator lights are "OFF", the charger is not receiving power from power supply outlet.



If the green indicator light is "BLINKING", the battery pack is being fast-charged. Fast-charging will automatically stop when the battery pack is fully charged.

Fast-charging means that the battery will be fully charged in one hour.



If the green indicator light is "ON", the charger is plugged in but the battery pack is not inserted, or the battery pack is fully charged, or the battery pack is too hot or cold for fast-charging. The charger will automatically switch to fast-charging once a suitable temperature is reached.

IMPORTANT CHARGING NOTES

1. The charger was designed to fast charge the battery only when the battery temperature is between 32°F (0°C) and 113°F (45°C). If the battery pack is too hot or too cold, the charger will not fast charge the battery. (This may happen if the battery pack is hot from heavy use). When the battery temperature returns to between 32°F (0°C) and 113°F (45°C), the charger will automatically begin charging.
2. A substantial drop in operating time per

charge may mean that the battery pack is nearing the end of its life and should be replaced.

3. Remember to unplug charger during storage period.

4. If battery does not charge properly:

- a. Check for voltage at outlet by plugging in some other electrical device.
- b. Check to see if outlet is connected to a light switch which turns power "off" when lights are turned off.

c. Check battery pack terminals for dirt. Clean with cotton swab and alcohol if necessary.

d. If you still do not get proper charging, take or send tool, battery pack and charger to your local Dremel Service Center.

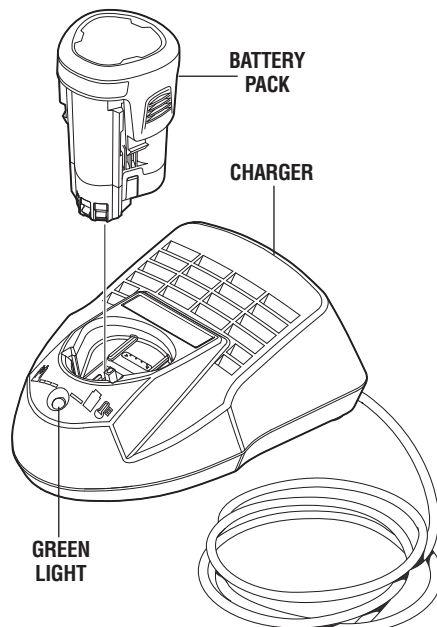
Note: Use of chargers or battery packs not sold by Dremel will void the warranty.

Charging Battery Pack

876 1-HOUR CHARGER

Plug charger cord into your standard power outlet, then insert battery pack into charger.

The charger's green indicator light will begin to "BLINK". This indicates that the battery is receiving a fast charge. Fast-charging will automatically stop when the battery pack is fully charged.



When the indicator light stops "BLINKING" (and becomes a steady green light) fast charging is complete.

The battery pack may be used even though the light may still be blinking. The light may require more time to stop blinking depending on temperature.

The purpose of the green light is to indicate that the battery pack is fast-charging. It does not indicate the exact point of full charge. The light will stop blinking in less time if the battery pack was not completely discharged.

When charging several batteries in sequence, the charge time may slightly increase.

When the battery pack is fully charged, unplug the charger (unless you're charging another battery pack) and slip the battery pack back into the tool.

FCC Caution:

The manufacturer is not responsible for radio interference caused by unauthorized modifications to this equipment. Such modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- 1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- 2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

NOTE! This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital devices, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Maintenance

Service

⚠ WARNING **NO USER SERVICEABLE PARTS INSIDE.** Preventive maintenance performed by unauthorized personnel may result in misplacing of internal wires and components which could cause serious hazard. We recommend that all tool service be performed by a Dremel Service Center. **SERVICEMEN:** Disconnect tool and/or charger from power source before servicing.

BATTERIES

Be alert for battery packs that are nearing their end of life. If you notice decreased tool performance or significantly shorter running time between charges then it is time to replace the battery pack. Failure to do so can cause the tool to operate improperly or damage the charger.

D.C. MOTORS

The motor in your tool has been engineered for many hours of dependable service. To maintain peak efficiency of the motor, we

recommend it be examined every six months. Only a genuine Dremel replacement motor specially designed for your tool should be used.

Cleaning

⚠ WARNING To avoid accidents, always disconnect the tool and/or charger from the power supply before cleaning. The tool may be cleaned most effectively with compressed dry air. **Always wear safety goggles when cleaning tools with compressed air.**

Ventilation openings and switch levers must be kept clean and free of foreign matter. Do not attempt to clean by inserting pointed objects through opening.

⚠ CAUTION Certain cleaning agents and solvents damage plastic parts. Some of these are: gasoline, carbon tetrachloride, chlorinated cleaning solvents, ammonia and household detergents that contain ammonia.

Extension Cords

⚠ WARNING If an extension cord is necessary, a cord with adequate size conductors that is capable of carrying the current necessary for your tool must be used. This will prevent excessive voltage drop, loss of power or overheating. Grounded tools must use 3-wire extension cords that have 3-prong plugs and receptacles.

NOTE: The smaller the gauge number, the heavier the cord.

RECOMMENDED SIZES OF EXTENSION CORDS 120 VOLT ALTERNATING CURRENT TOOLS

Tool's Ampere Rating	Cord Size in A.W.G.				Wire Sizes in mm ²			
	Cord Length in Feet				Cord Length in Meters			
	25	50	100	150	15	30	60	120
3-6	18	16	16	14	0.75	0.75	1.5	2.5
6-8	18	16	14	12	0.75	1.0	2.5	4.0
8-10	18	16	14	12	0.75	1.0	2.5	4.0
10-12	16	16	14	12	1.0	2.5	4.0	—
12-16	14	12	—	—	—	—	—	—

Dremel Accessories

⚠ WARNING Use only Dremel®, high-performance accessories. Other accessories are not designed for this tool and may lead to personal injury or property damage.

The number and variety of accessories for the Rotary Tool are almost limitless. There is a category suited to almost any job you might have to do — and a variety of sizes and shapes within each category which enables you to get the perfect accessory for every need.



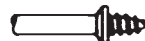
Collets

If you expect to use a variety of accessories, we recommend that in the beginning you purchase a complete set of four collets. Store these so that you will have the proper size of collet for any accessory or drill bit you want to use. **Currently, the 1/8", 3/32", 1/32" and 1/16" collets accommodate all of the available Dremel accessories. 1/8" collets are included in most rotary tool kits.**

Mandrels

A mandrel is a shank with a threaded or screw head, which are required when you use polishing accessories, cutting wheels, sanding discs, and polishing points. The reason mandrels are used is that sanding discs, cutting wheels and similar accessories must be replaced frequently. The mandrel is a permanent shank, allowing you to replace only the

worn head when necessary, thus saving the expense of replacing the shaft each time.



Screw Mandrel N° 401

This is a screw mandrel used with the felt polishing tip and felt polishing wheels. 1/8" shank.



Small Screw Mandrel N° 402

This is a mandrel with a small screw at its tip, and is used with emery and fiberglass cutting wheels, sanding discs and polishing wheels. 1/8" shank.



EZ Lock®

EZ Lock Mandrel N° 402

The Dremel EZ Lock makes accessory changes easy as PULL - TWIST - RELEASE. The one-piece mandrel design simplifies the process of changing cutting wheels, buffs and detail abrasive brushes (EZ Lock compatible accessories).



High Speed Cutters

Available in many shapes, high speed cutters are used in carving, cutting and slotting in wood, plastics and soft metals such as aluminum, copper and brass. These are the accessories to use for freehand routing or carving in wood or plastic, and for precision cutting. Made of high quality steel. 1/8" shank.



Tungsten Carbide Cutters

These are tough, long-lived cutters for use on hardened steel, fired ceramics and other very

hard materials. They can be used for engraving on tools and garden equipment. 1/8" shanks.



Engraving Cutters

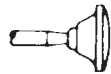
This group has a wide variety of sizes and shapes, and are made for intricate work on ceramics (greenware), wood carvings, jewelry and scrimshaw. They often are used in making complicated printed circuit boards. They should not be used on steel and other very hard materials but are excellent on wood, plastic and soft metals. 3/32" shank.

Dremel Accessories (Cont.)



Structured Tooth Tungsten Carbide Cutters

Fast cutting, needle-sharp teeth for greater material removal with minimum loading. Use on fiberglass, wood, plastic, epoxy and rubber. 1/8" shank.



Aluminum Oxide Grinding Stones (red/brown)

Round, pointed, flat — you name the shape and there is one available in this category. These are made of aluminum oxide and cover virtually every possible kind of grinding application. Use them for sharpening lawn mower blades, screwdriver tips, knives, scissors, chisels and other cutting tools. Use to remove flash from metal castings, deburring any metal after cutting, smoothing welded

joints, grinding off rivets and removing rust. These grinding stones can be resharped with a dressing stone. In machine shops, high speed drills and cutters normally are ground with aluminum oxide wheels. 1/8" shank.



Silicon Carbide Grinding Stones (blue/green)

Tougher than aluminum oxide points, these are made especially for use on hard materials such as glass and ceramics. Typical uses might be the removal of stilt marks and excess glaze on ceramics and engraving on glass. 1/8" shank.



Diamond Wheel Points

Excellent for fine detail work on wood, jade, ceramic, glass and other hard material. Bits are covered with diamond particles. 3/32" shanks. (Not recommended for drilling)



Wire Brushes

Three different shapes of wire brushes are available. **For best results wire brushes should be used at speeds not greater than 15,000 RPM. Refer to Operating Speeds section for proper tool speed setting.** The three shapes come in three different materials: stainless steel, brass and carbon wire. The stainless steel perform well on pewter, aluminum, stainless steel, and other metals,

without leaving "after-rust". Brass brushes are non sparking, and softer than steel; making them good for use on soft metal like gold, cooper and brass. The carbon wire brushes are good for general purpose cleaning.



Bristle Brushes

These are excellent cleaning tools on silverware, jewelry and antiques. The three shapes make it possible to get into tight corners and other difficult places. Bristle brushes can be used with polishing compound for faster cleaning or polishing.

Dremel Accessories (Cont.)

Brushing Pressure

1. Remember, the tips of a wire brush do the work. Operate the brush with the lightest pressure so only the tips of the wire come in contact with the work.

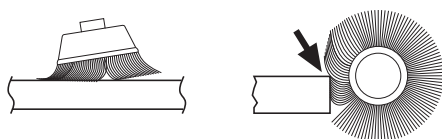
2. If heavier pressures are used, the wires will be overstressed, resulting in a wiping action;

and if this is continued, the life of the brush will be shortened due to wire fatigue.

3. Apply the brush to the work in such a way that as much of the brush face as possible is in full contact with the work. Applying the side or edge of the brush to the work will result in wire breakage and shortened brush life.

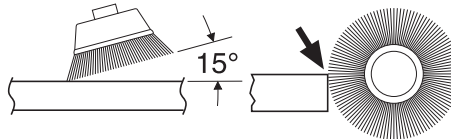
INCORRECT:

Excessive pressure can cause wire breakage.



CORRECT:

Wire tips doing the work.



EZ Lock®



Polishing Accessories

These include an impregnated polishing point and an impregnated polishing wheel for bringing metal surfaces to smooth finish; a felt polishing tip and felt polishing wheel, and cloth polishing wheel, all used for polishing plastics, metals, jewelry and small parts. Also included in this group is a polishing compound (No. 421) for use with the felt and cloth polishers.

Polishing points make a very smooth surface, but a high luster is obtained using felt or cloth wheels and polishing compound. **For best results polishing accessories should be used at speeds not greater than 15,000 RPM.**

No polishing compound is needed when using the 425 Polishing Wheel.



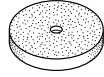
Aluminum Oxide Abrasive Wheels

Use to remove paint, deburr metal, polish stainless steel and other metals. Available in medium grit. 1/8" shank.

Sanding Accessories

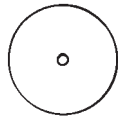
Sanding discs in fine, medium and coarse grades are made to fit mandrel No. 402. They can be used for nearly any small sanding job you might have, from model making to fine furniture finishing. In addition, there is the drum sander, a tiny drum which fits into the Rotary Tool and makes it possible to shape wood, smooth fiberglass, sand inside curves and other difficult places, and other sanding jobs. You replace the sanding bands on the drum as they become worn and lose their grit. Bands come in fine medium and coarse grades. Flapwheels grind and polish flat or contoured surfaces. They are used most effectively as a finishing sander after heavier surface sanding and material removal is completed. Flapwheels come in fine and coarse grades. Buffs are a great finishing accessory for cleaning and light sanding. They work effectively on metal, glass, wood, aluminum and plastics. Coarse and medium buffs are sold together. All buffs are sold individually. **Do not exceed 15,000 RPM in speed. 1/8" shank.**

Dremel Accessories (Cont.)



Grinding Wheel

Use for deburring, removing rust, and general purpose grinding. Use with Mandrel #402.



EZ Lock



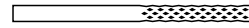
Cutting Wheels

These thin discs of emery or fiberglass are used for slicing, cutting off and similar operations. Use them for cutting off frozen bolt heads and nuts, or to reslot a screw head which has become so damaged that the screwdriver won't work in it. Fine for cutting BX cable, small rods, tubing, cable and cutting rectangular holes in sheet metal.



Drywall Cutting Bit

Gives you fast, clean cuts in drywall.



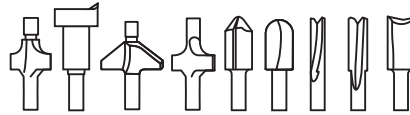
Tile Cutting Bit

Cuts ceramic wall tile, cement board, and plaster.



Spiral Cutting Bit

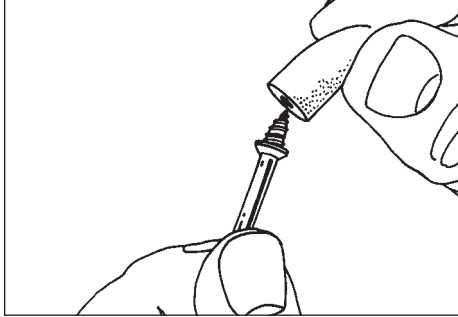
Cuts through all types of wood and wood composites.



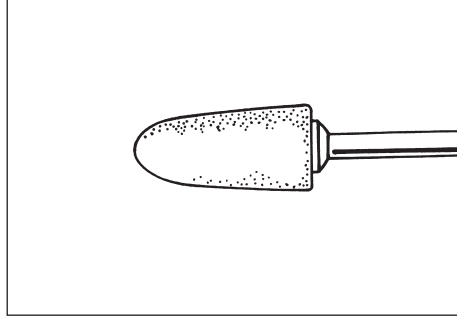
High Speed Router Bits

For routing, inlaying, and mortising in wood and other soft materials. Use with Dremel No. 335 Router attachment and No. 231 Shaper/Router table.

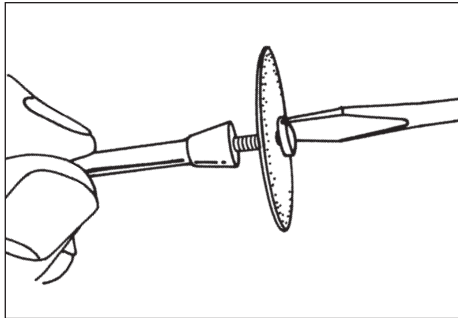
Replacing Screw Mandrel Accessories



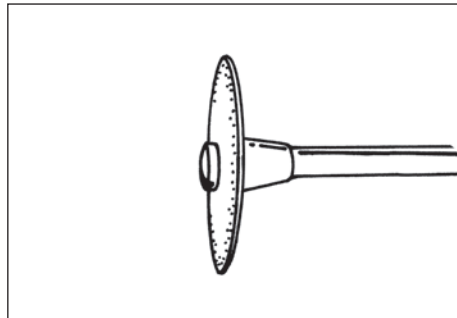
Mandrel No. 401 is used with the felt polishing tip and wheels. Thread the tip on to the screw carefully. The felt tip must thread



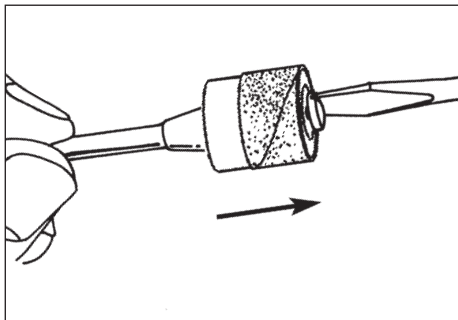
down straight on the screw Mandrel, and be turned all the way to the collar.



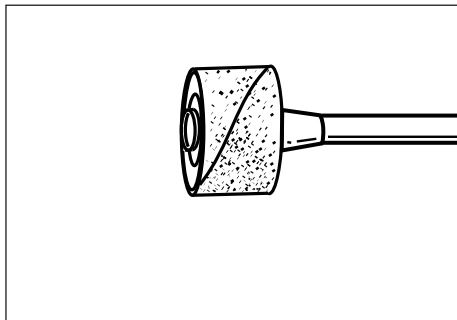
Mandrel N° 402 has a small screw at its tip, and is used with emery cutting wheels and sanding discs. Higher speeds, usually



maximum, are best for most work, including cutting steel. Which is shown here.



To replace a band on the **Drum Sander**, loosen the screw without removing it to contract the drum then slide the old band off. Slide the new sanding band on and then expand the drum by tightening the screw once again.



⚠ WARNING Before each use, check to make certain that all components are assembled to accessory shank and that the drum is sufficiently expanded to secure the band during use. If sanding band is loose on the drum during operation it may “fly” off and strike you or bystanders.

Speed Settings

- * Speed for light cuts; **Caution** - burning on deep grooves.
 • Depending on cutting direction relative to grain.

Note: Each number settings listed in the speed charts = x 1000 RPM's

High Speed Cutters

Catalog Number	Soft Wood	Hard Wood	Laminates /Plastic	Steel	Aluminum, Brass, etc.	Shell/ Stone	Ceramic	Glass
100, 121, 131	25-30	25-30	12-17	12-17	18-24	-	-	-
114, 124, 134, 144	25-30	12-17	9-11	12-17	12-17	-	-	-
190	25-30	25-30	9-11	12-17	25-30	-	-	-
118, 191, 192, 193, 194	25-30	25-30	9-11	12-17	25-30	-	-	-
116, 117, 125, 196	25-30	12-17	9-11	12-17	12-17	-	-	-
115	25-30	25-30	9-11	12-17	12-17	-	-	-
198	25-30	18-24	9-11	12-17	12-17	-	-	-
199	25-30	18-24	9-11	12-17	12-17	-	-	-

Engraving Cutters

Catalog Number	Soft Wood	Hard Wood	Laminates /Plastic	Steel	Aluminum, Brass, etc.	Shell/ Stone	Ceramic	Glass
105, 108	25-30	25-30	18-24	9-11	12-17	-	-	-
106, 109,	25-30	25-30	12-17	9-11	12-17	-	-	-
107, 110	25-30	25-30	12-17	9-11	12-17	-	-	-
111	25-30*	25-30*	18-24*	9-11	12-17	-	-	-
112	25-30*	25-30*	12-17*	9-11	12-17	-	-	-
113	25-30*	25-30*	12-17*	9-11	12-17	-	-	-

Diamond Wheel Points

Catalog Number	Soft Wood	Hard Wood	Laminates /Plastic	Steel	Aluminum, Brass, etc.	Shell/ Stone	Ceramic	Glass
7103, 7105, 7117, 7120, 7122, 7123, 7134, 7144	25-30	18-24	-	-	-	25-30	25-30	25-30

Structured Tooth Tungsten Carbide Cutters

Catalog Number	Soft Wood	Hard Wood	Laminates /Plastic	Steel	Aluminum, Brass, etc.	Shell/ Stone	Ceramic	Glass
9931, 9932, 9933, 9934, 9935, 9936	25-30	18-24	9-11	-	12-17	-	-	-

Speed Settings (Continued)

- * Speed for light cuts; **Caution** - burning on deep grooves.
 • Depending on cutting direction relative to grain.

Note: Each number settings listed in the speed charts = x 1000 RPM's

Tungsten Carbide Cutters

Catalog Number	Soft Wood	Hard Wood	Laminates /Plastic	Steel	Aluminum, Brass, etc.	Shell/ Stone	Ceramic	Glass
9901, 9902, 9903, 9904, 9905, 9906, 9909, 9910, 9911, 9912	25-30	18-24	9-11	25-30	12-17	18-24	18-30	18-30

High Speed Router Bits

Catalog Number	Soft Wood	Hard Wood	Laminates /Plastic	Steel	Aluminum, Brass, etc.	Shell/ Stone	Ceramic	Glass
612, 640	25-30*	18-24 •	-	-	-	-	-	-
615, 617, 618, 650, 652, 654	25-30* 25-30*	25-30 • 18-24 •	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -

Silicon Carbide Grinding Stones (blue/green)

Catalog Number	Soft Wood	Hard Wood	Laminates /Plastic	Steel	Aluminum, Brass, etc.	Shell/ Stone	Ceramic	Glass
83142, 83322, 83702, 84922, 85422, 85602, 85622	-	-	12-17	25-30	9-11	12-17	25-30	25-30

Abrasive Wheels/Points

Catalog Number	Soft Wood	Hard Wood	Laminates /Plastic	Steel	Aluminum, Brass, etc.	Shell/ Stone	Ceramic	Glass
516	9-17	9-17	-	18-24	12-17	-	-	-
500	9-17	9-17	-	8-24	9-17	-	-	-
EZ541GR	-	-	-	12-24	9-17	-	-	-

Aluminum oxide grinding stones (orange/brown)

Catalog Number	Soft Wood	Hard Wood	Laminates /Plastic	Steel	Aluminum, Brass, etc.	Shell/ Stone	Ceramic	Glass
541, 903, 911, 921, 932, 941, 945, 952, 953, 954, 971, 997, 8153, 8175, 8193, 8215	25-30	25-30	-	18-24	9-11	12-17	25-30	-

Speed Settings (Continued)

- * Speed for light cuts; **Caution** - burning on deep grooves.
 • Depending on cutting direction relative to grain.

Note: Each number settings listed in the speed charts x 1000 RPM's

Chain Saw Sharpening Stones

Catalog Number	Soft Wood	Hard Wood	Laminates /Plastic	Steel	Aluminum, Brass, etc.	Shell/ Stone	Ceramic	Glass
453, 454, 455	-	-	-	25-30	-	-	-	-

Cutting Accessories

Catalog Number	Soft Wood	Hard Wood	Laminates /Plastic	Steel	Aluminum, Brass, etc.	Shell/ Stone	Ceramic	Glass
409, 420, 426 540, EZ409	-	-	5-11	25-30	25-30	25-30	25-30	-
543, EZ544	25-30	18-30	5-11	-	-	-	-	-
545, EZ545	18-30	18-24	-	-	-	12-24	12-24	-
560	For use on drywall. For best results, use at 30,000 rpm.							
561	12-30	12-30	5-11	-	25-30	-	-	-
562	-	-	-	-	-	-	25-30	-
EZ456	-	-	-	25-30	25-30	-	-	-
EZ476	-	-	5-11	-	-	-	-	-

Polishing Accessories

Catalog Number	Soft Wood	Hard Wood	Laminates /Plastic	Steel	Aluminum, Brass, etc.	Shell/ Stone	Ceramic	Glass
461, 462, 463	-	-	-	18-24	18-24	18-24	18-24	18-24
414, 422, 429	-	-	-	12-17	12-17	12-17	12-17	12-17
425, 427	-	-	-	18-24	18-24	-	-	-
423E	-	-	-	12-24	5-8	5-8	5-8	12-24

Wire Brushes

Catalog Number	Soft Wood	Hard Wood	Laminates /Plastic	Steel	Aluminum, Brass, etc.	Shell/ Stone	Ceramic	Glass
403, 404, 405	9-11	9-11	5-11	12-15	5-8	-	-	-
428, 442, 443	9-11	9-11	5-8	9-11	9-11	-	-	-
530, 531, 532	-	9-11	-	9-11	-	-	-	-
535, 536, 537	9-11	9-11	-	9-11	9-11	9-11	-	-

Sanding Bands and Discs

Catalog Number	Soft Wood	Hard Wood	Laminates /Plastic	Steel	Aluminum, Brass, etc.	Shell/ Stone	Ceramic	Glass
430, 431, 438	5-30	5-30	5-17	25-30	25-30	5-30	5-30	-
439, 440, 444	5-30	5-30	5-17	25-30	25-30	5-30	5-30	-
407, 408, 432	5-30	5-30	5-17	25-30	25-30	5-30	5-30	-
411, 412, 413	12-17	12-17	5-8	-	5-8	-	-	-

Speed Settings (Continued)

* Speed for light cuts; **Caution** - burning on deep grooves.

- Depending on cutting direction relative to grain.

Note: Each number settings listed in the speed charts = x 1000 RPM's

Flapwheels

Catalog Number	Soft Wood	Hard Wood	Laminates /Plastic	Steel	Aluminum, Brass, etc.	Shell/ Stone	Ceramic	Glass
502, 503, 504, 505	25-30	18-24	5-8	25-30	18-30	-	-	-

Finishing Abrasive Buffs

Catalog Number	Soft Wood	Hard Wood	Laminates /Plastic	Steel	Aluminum, Brass, etc.	Shell/ Stone	Ceramic	Glass
511E, 512E	12-15	12-15	9-11	12-15	12-15	-	-	-

Detail Abrasive Brushes

Catalog Number	Soft Wood	Hard Wood	Laminates /Plastic	Steel	Aluminum, Brass, etc.	Shell/ Stone	Ceramic	Glass
EZ471SA, EZ472SA, EZ473SA	5-17	5-17	5-11	5-17	5-17	-	-	-

Drill Bit

Catalog Number	Soft Wood	Hard Wood	Laminates /Plastic	Steel	Aluminum, Brass, etc.	Shell/ Stone	Ceramic	Glass
150	25-30	18-30	5-11	-	12-17	-	-	-

Glass Drilling Bits

Catalog Number	Soft Wood	Hard Wood	Laminates /Plastic	Steel	Aluminum, Brass, etc.	Shell/ Stone	Ceramic	Glass
662DR, 663DR	-	-	-	-	-	5-17	5-17	5-17

Grout Removal Bits

Catalog Number	Soft Wood	Hard Wood	Laminates /Plastic	Steel	Aluminum, Brass, etc.	Shell/ Stone	Ceramic	Glass
569,570	For Use on Wall and Floor Grout					-	12-24	-

Dremel® Limited Warranty

Your Dremel product is warranted against defective material or workmanship for a period of two years from date of purchase. In the event of a failure of a product to conform to this written warranty, please take the following action:

1. DO NOT return your product to the place of purchase.
2. Carefully package the product by itself, with no other items, and return it, freight prepaid, along with:
 - A. A copy of your dated proof of purchase (please keep a copy for yourself).
 - B. A written statement about the nature of the problem.
 - C. Your name, address and phone number

We recommend that the package be insured against loss or in transit damage for which we cannot be responsible.

This warranty applies only to the original registered purchaser. DAMAGE TO THE PRODUCT RESULTING FROM TAMPERING, ACCIDENT, ABUSE, NEGLIGENCE, UNAUTHORIZED REPAIRS OR ALTERATIONS, UNAPPROVED ATTACHMENTS OR OTHER CAUSES UNRELATED TO PROBLEMS WITH MATERIAL OR WORKMANSHIP ARE NOT COVERED BY THIS WARRANTY.

No employee, agent, dealer or other person is authorized to give any warranties on behalf of Dremel. If Dremel inspection shows that the problem was caused by problems with material or workmanship within the limitations of the warranty, Dremel will repair or replace the product free of charge and return product prepaid. Repairs made necessary by normal wear or abuse, or repair for product outside the warranty period, if they can be made, will be charged at regular factory prices.

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