



SURETRACE™

CIRCUIT TRACER



Your IDEAL troubleshooting solution. Designed to find everything, while saving you time and money.

- Finds:
 - Breakers and Fuses
 - Splice Errors
 - Dead Shorts
 - Energized/De-Energized Conductors in Walls, Ceilings and Floors
- Works on 3-Phase Systems
- Indicates Voltage Level (61-948)
- Tests for Continuity (61-948)



Scan here for more
details and
informational videos

Find Quality Products Online at:

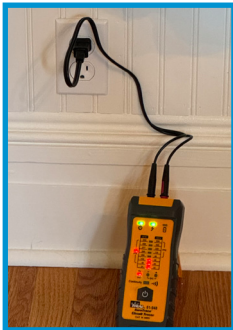
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STEP 1: VERIFY POWER AND SIGNAL ON CIRCUIT

Plug Transmitter into an outlet and power on.



Hold the Receiver near the Transmitter to verify connection, confirmed by the lightning bolt symbol.



STEP 2: SCAN EACH PANEL FOR THE HIGHEST READING

Set Receiver to the highest sensitivity mode (Receiver defaults to this).



Place Receiver flat on the front near the top of each panel until the highest reading is reached. This is the correct panel.



If two panels read 99 or are close in values, press the sensitivity button once to reduce the receiver sensitivity one level and rescan.



STEP 3: SCAN EACH BREAKER FOR HIGHEST READING

Set Receiver to the lowest sensitivity mode (also known as Breaker mode).



Scan each breaker and look for the highest reading. This is the correct breaker.

Turn breaker off and verify CertainCircuit™ Lightning bolt indication has gone out.



TIPS FOR HIGHEST ACCURACY:

- Perform two slow scans around breakers to start.
- Hold Receiver at a right angle to the breaker and level with the floor.
- Once highest reading is found, tilt Receiver up and down at a 45° angle to confirm consistent high numeric reading.



STEP 1: ATTACH CLIPS

1

1. Confirm branch circuits are de-energized
2. Use a continuity check to determine which conductors are affected
3. Attach Transmitter alligator clips to the affected breaker neutrals. (The two neutrals of the AFCI/GFCI/Combo Breakers that are nuisance tripping)

Note: The 61-948 will indicate continuity automatically, the 61-946 requires a separate tester.



STEP 2: SCAN

2

Scan each electrical location (switch, outlet, light fixture, etc.) with the Receiver in the 3rd sensitivity mode setting until you identify the highest numeric reading on the Receiver.

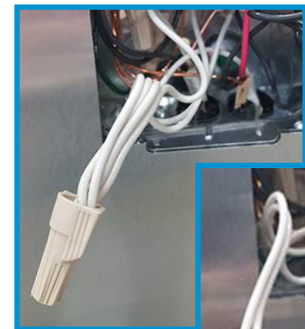
The highest numerical value on the Receiver indicates the likely location of the incorrectly spliced conductors.



STEP 3: SEPARATE NEUTRALS

3

Identify the incorrect splice, separate each circuit's neutral conductors, and re-splice each neutral circuit's connections.





STEP 1: DETERMINE THE SHORTED CONDITION

1. Confirm branch circuit is de-energized.
2. Unplug all items connected to the affected branch circuit.
3. Verify the fault is in the affected branch circuit.
4. Use a continuity check to determine which conductors are affected.

Note: The 61-948 will indicate continuity automatically, the 61-946 requires a separate tester.



STEP 2: ATTACH CLIPS AND SET RECEIVER'S SENSITIVITY

Set Receiver to the first, or highest, sensitivity mode.



Note: Sensitivity levels may need to be adjusted in various situations

FOR A NEUTRAL TO GROUND CONDITION WITH AFCI/GFCI/COMBO BREAKERS



Attach alligator clips to the breaker's neutral wire and ground wire.

FOR STANDARD BREAKERS

Attach alligator clips to the neutral/ground bar and breaker's hot wire.



STEP 3: SCAN

3

METAL CONDUIT



DEAD SHORT FOUND IN CONNECTING CONDUIT

Since metal conduit cannot be traced through, simply trace over the outlets in a circuit. The outlet where the reading starts to drop means that the short is between that outlet and the previously traced outlet.

PVC CONDUIT/UNDERGROUND

Hold the Receiver flat on the conduit/ground and trace along until the reading drops to zero. This is the location of the short.



WIRE IN WALL, CEILING AND FLOOR

FIND IT

STEP 1: PLUG ADAPTER INTO CIRCUIT

Plug the transmitter into a wall outlet using the outlet plug adapter provided with the circuit tracer.



Hold the receiver near the transmitter to verify signal strength. The lightning bolt indicates power is present on the circuit.



STEP 2: SET RECEIVER TO HIGHEST SENSITIVITY MODE AND SCAN

Set the receiver to the highest sensitivity mode.



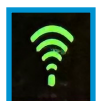
Start several feet away from the transmitter, then scan the area while holding the back of the receiver flat.



Rotate the receiver to find the highest numerical reading. This is necessary to follow signal strength variations while tracing due to bends, twists and conductors that run deeper or shallower along their path. Signal strength variations occur and may require constant adjustment to the angle of the receiver to trace.

STEP 3: MAINTAIN ORIENTATION AND TRACE

Adjust the signal strength on the receiver if needed. If the reading is too high, reduce the strength. If the reading is too weak, utilize the remote return path method for the transmitter, then repeat step 2.



To assist in tracing, use a small piece of tape to pinpoint the location of the cable.



Continue tracing while following the highest reading until the end of the cable



BURIED CONDUCTOR

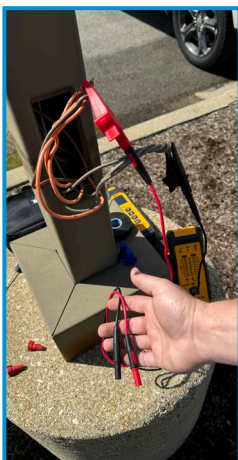
FIND IT

STEP 1: ATTACH ALLIGATOR CLIPS

Use appropriate methods and LO/TO to ensure the conductors are de-energized and locked out before proceeding.

Verify that you de-energized the correct conductors before proceeding when possible. Re-energize after the transmitter is attached.

Using appropriate safety methods, attach the alligator clips with 3 ft. leads to the Hot and Neutral conductors on the supply side of the branch circuit.



STEP 2: PLUG LEADS INTO TRANSMITTER AND TURN IT ON



STEP 3: TURN ON RECEIVER AND TRACE

The orientation of the receiver to the wiring affects the displayed signal strength. Simply adjust the orientation of the Receiver relative to the buried conductor to maximize the displayed signal strength.

Begin tracing the wires buried in the ground by following the strongest signal, and adjusting the sensitivity to obtain readings in the 60's to 80's.



Note: The strongest tracing signal will always be accomplished by connecting to a closed loop energized circuit with an active load.

3-PHASE BREAKER, FUSE, CONDUCTOR

FIND IT

STEP 1: ATTACHING ALLIGATOR CLIPS TO LIVE 3-PHASE SYSTEMS

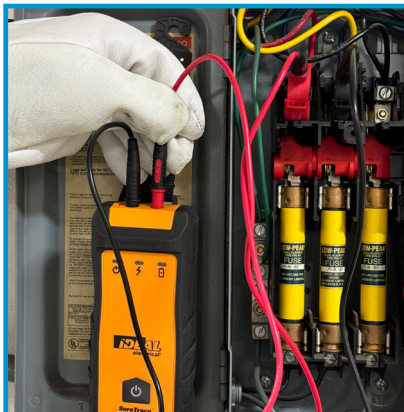
Using appropriate safety methods, attach the alligator clips with 3 ft. leads to any two of the three phases. (ensure leads are not plugged into the transmitter)

Next, plug opposite ends of leads into the transmitter starting with the black lead first.

Next, Turn on Transmitter



STEP 2: PLUG LEADS INTO TRANSMITTER AND TURN IT ON



STEP 3: TURN ON RECEIVER AND TRACE

Trace conductors or identify breakers or fuses by using previously described methods.



Adjust sensitivity as required to optimize received signal strength. Proper orientation of the receiver is important and may require adjustment to maximize displayed signal strength.



SURETRACE™ KIT OPTIONS

	61-946 SureTrace™ Circuit Tracer 0-480V AC/DC	61-948 SureTrace™ Plus Circuit Tracer 0-600V AC/DC
	 Residential Commercial	 Commercial Industrial
Transmitter*	 TR-946 - CAT III 480V, Range 0-480V AC/DC - Indicators: Power, Energized Circuit, CertainCircuit™, Battery Level - Kickstand - Magnetic Hanging Strap Clip (sold separately, UMHS-757)	 TR-948 Voltage Level Indicator Continuity Test - CAT III 600V, Range 0-600V AC/DC - Indicators: AC/DC Voltage and DC Polarity, Power, Energized Circuit, Battery Level - Voltage Level Indicator and Continuity Test - Kickstand - Magnetic Hanging Strap Clip (sold separately, UMHS-757)
	 RC-946 - Single LED Screen with Backlight - Displays: Signal Strength, Sensitivity Level, Energized Circuit, CertainCircuit™, Peak Signal Strength and Battery Level - Functions: Sensitivity Setting, Mute, Backlight, On/Off	 RC-948 - Dual High Visibility Displays, Patented 180° Main and TightSight® Secondary Displays - Displays: Signal Strength, Sensitivity Level, Energized Circuit, Peak Signal, EF and NCV (when in NCV Mode) and Battery Level - Functions: Sensitivity Setting, Mute, NCV, On/Off - Flashlight for use in Poor Lighting Conditions
Leads/ Accessories	 TL-956 (1) Outlet Plug Adapter (Hot and Neutral only) (2) Blade Prongs, Hot and Neutral (one pair) (1) Ground Prong (2) Alligator Clips (2) 3' Lead Adapters	
Case	 C-946 - Padded Nylon Pouch w/Handle - Transmitter & Receiver Retained by Straps - Side Panel Pockets for Battery Storage - Large Pocket for Lead/ Accessory Storage	 C-950 - Molded Hard Case with handle and Metal Clips - Slots for Transmitter, Receiver and Clamp - Side Slot for Battery Storage - Large Slots Lead/Accessory Storage

IMPORTANT: This tracer is intended for use by qualified electricians. Follow NFPA 70E Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace when using this tester. Always consult the instruction manual provided with the tester for operational limitations and procedures associated with a specific tester.

*The transmitter is to be used only on DC, or 50 or 60 Hz AC energized lines. Output from VFD's, shipboard voltage inverters or dimmers will damage the unit.

