

HIOKI

3281, 3282

DIGITAL CLAMP ON HITESTER

Instruction Manual

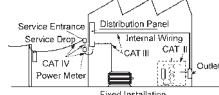
Sept. 2015 Revised edition 19
Printed in Japan
3281A981-19 15-09H

EN



* 6 0 0 0 2 0 9 4 *

■ Measurement categories
This instrument conforms to the safety requirements for CAT III(3281), CAT IV(3282) measurement instruments. To ensure safe operation of measurement instruments, IEC 61010 establishes safety standards for various electrical environments, categorized as follows to CAT IV, and called measurement categories. These are defined as follows:



CAT II: Primary electrical circuits in equipment connected to an AC electrical outlet by a power cord (portable tools, household appliances, etc.)
CAT III: Primary electrical circuits of heating equipment (fixed installations) connected directly to the distribution panel, and feeders from the distribution panel to outlets.

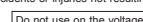
CAT IV: The circuit from the service drop to the service entrance, and to the power meter and primary overcurrent protection device (distribution panel).

Using a measurement instrument in an environment designated with a higher-numbered category than that for which the instrument is rated could result in a severe accident, and must be carefully avoided.

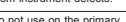
Use of a measurement instrument that is not CAT-rated in CAT II to CAT IV measurement applications could result in a severe accident, and must be carefully avoided.

Precautions**DANGER**

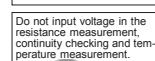
This instrument is designed to conform to IEC 61010 Safety Standards, and has been thoroughly tested for safety prior to shipment. However, mishandling during use could result in injury or death, as well as damage to the instrument. Be certain that you understand the instructions and precautions in the manual before use. We disclaim any responsibility for accidents or injuries not resulting directly from instrument defects.



Do not use on the voltage lines exceeding 600 Vrms.

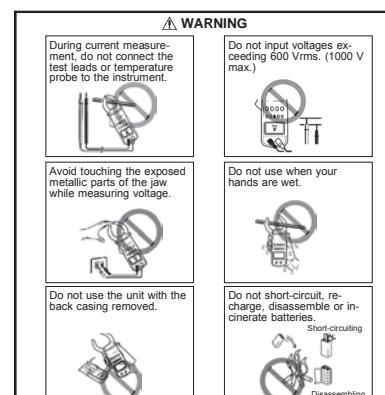


Do not use on the primary side of the breaker.



Do not input voltage in the resistance measurement, continuity checking and temperature measurement.

■ WARNING
To prevent electric shock, when measuring the voltage of a power line use a test lead that satisfies the following criteria:
• Conforms to safety standards IEC61010 or EN61010
• Of measurement category III or IV
• Its rated voltage is higher than the voltage to be measured
The test leads provided with this instrument conform to the safety standard IEC61010. Use a test lead in accordance with its defined measurement category and rated voltage.

**WARNING**

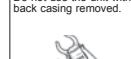
During current measurement, do not connect the test leads or temperature probe to the instrument.



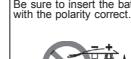
Avoid touching the exposed metallic parts of the jaw while measuring voltage.



Do not use when your hands are wet.



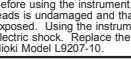
Do not use the unit with the back casing removed.



Do not short-circuit, recharge, disassemble or incinerate batteries.



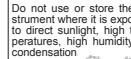
Short-circuiting



Disassembling

WARNING

Be sure to insert the polarity correctly.



Do not handle or dispose of batteries in accordance with local regulations.

• To avoid electric shock when measuring live lines, wear appropriate protective gear, such as insulated rubber gloves, boots and a safety helmet.

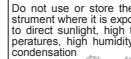
• Before using the instrument, make sure that the insulation on the test leads is undamaged and that no bare conductors are improperly exposed.

• Using the instrument in such conditions could cause an electric shock. Remove the test leads and probes with the specified

Hioki Model L9207-10.

CAUTION

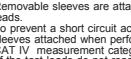
Do not use or store the instrument where it is exposed to direct sunlight, high temperatures, high humidity, or condensation.



Do not subject the instrument to vibrations or shocks.



Do not drop the instrument.



• Before using the instrument the first time, verify that it operates normally to ensure that no damage occurred during storage or shipping. If you find any damage, contact your dealer.

• Removable sleeves are attached to the metal pins at the ends of the test leads.

To prevent a short circuit accident, be sure to use the test leads with the sleeves attached when performing measurements in the CAT III and CAT IV measurement categories. In the CAT III environment, if the tips of the test leads do not touch the object to be measured, remove the rigid insulating sleeves before measuring. For details on measurement categories, see "Measurement categories" in the instruction manual.

• When performing measurements with the sleeves attached, be careful to avoid damaging the sleeves. If the sleeves are inadvertently removed during use, be especially careful in handling the test leads to avoid electric shock.

• To prevent an electric shock accident, confirm that the white or red portion (insulation layer) inside the cable is not exposed. If a color inside the cable is exposed, do not use the cable.

• Accurate measurement may be impossible in the presence of strong magnetic fields, such as near transistors and high-current conductors, or in the presence of strong electromagnetic fields such as near radio transmitters.

• The **■** indicator lights up when the remaining battery capacity is low. In this case, the instrument's reliability is not guaranteed. Replace the battery immediately.

Specification

Tables 3281 and 3282 are different in the maximum range.(3281: 600 A, 3282: 1000 A)

1. Measurement specification

• Temperature and humidity for guaranteed accuracy: $23^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($73^{\circ}\text{F} \pm 9^{\circ}\text{F}$), 80% RH or less (This is guaranteed when the **■** mark is not lighting.)

• Measurement accuracy: $\pm 0.5\%$ (1 year, or opening and closing of the jaws 10,000 times, whichever comes first)

(A) in the current ranges: 3282

(A) Maximum rated voltage to earth: Max. 600 Vrms

• Accuracy is guaranteed for over 10% input of the range in current and voltage.

Function	Mode	Range	Accuracy ($\pm\%$ rdg. \pm dgt.)	Maximum permissible input
		40 to 1 kHz: ±1.0%rdg. ±0.7%fs.		
RMS (Effective value)	300.0	45 to 66 Hz: ±1.0% ±0.7%fs.		3281: 600 AAC 3282: 1000 AAC
AC current (A)	600(1000)	40 to 45, 66 to 1 kHz: ±1.5% ±1.0% max.		
	Auto-ranging	As per the above range		600 AAC
	30.0	40 to 1 kHz: ±3% ±5		
PEAK (Peak value)	300	40 to 1 kHz: ±3% ±5		3281: 1000 AAC 3282: 1000 (5 minutes)
	600(1000)	40 to 45, 66 to 1 kHz: ±3% ±5		1700 A max.
	Auto-ranging	As per the above range		
AC voltage (V)	300.0/600	45 to 66 Hz: ±1.0% ±1.3% 40 to 1 kHz: ±1.5% ±3		600 VAC continuous 1000 V max.
	PEAK	40 to 1 kHz: ±3% ±5		
Crest factor	1.00 to 5.00	±10% ±5		See the current and voltages above
Frequency (Hz)	100(1000)	30 to 99.9 Hz: ±0.3% ±1		
Resistance (Ω)	1000(10,000)	95 to 1000 Hz: ±1% ±1		Open terminals 3 VDC max.
Continuity	1000 Ω	10 to 10,000 Ω : ±1.5% ±5		Overload protection: 600 Vrms

2. General specifications

Diameter of measurable conductor: 3281: 33 mm dia. max. (1.3"), 3282: 46 mm dia. max. (1.8")

Effect of conductor position: At any position based on the center of the jaw position: 3281: Within ±4.0%, 3282: Within ±1.0%

Effect of external magnetic field: In an external magnetic field of 400 AAC/m

Functions: Record (displays the maximum (MAX), minimum (MIN) and average (Ave) values) in the AC current, AC voltage and frequency ranges. Auto power-off: When the instrument is left without power for approx. 10 minutes, the buzzer alarms just before the instrument is powered off, can be extended and released), buzzer (can be turned on or off)

Display: LCD, digital (3000 counts), bar graph (35 segments)

Over range display: "OL" or "—" (bar graph input over)

Battery low warning: "■" (When this mark is lighting, the accuracy is not guaranteed.)

Data hold display: "HOLD", Auto power-off display: "APS", Auto power-off display: "APS", Units (A, V, Hz, Ω , kHz , $^{\circ}\text{C}$, $^{\circ}\text{F}$), Zero suppression: 5 counts/min, *: Temperature probes have been discontinued.

The temperature measurement function is no longer available.

Display update rate: Digital display: Approx. twice per second, SLOW: Approx. once per 3 seconds, FAST: A 4 times per second

Bar graph display: Approx. 4 times per second (fixed)

Response time: Current, voltage, frequency: Approx. 2.2 seconds

Resistance, continuity check: Approx. 1.1 seconds

Range selection: Auto-ranging/manual ranging (fixed range) selectable (excluding the frequency, resistance and continuity check)

Circuit dynamic (Crest factor): 2.5 max. (600 A (3281), 1000 A (3282), 600 V range: 1.7)

Dielectric strength: 3281: Between the case and input: AC 850 V rms / 1 minute

Between the case and input terminals: AC 5312 V rms / 15 sec

3282: Between the case and input terminals: AC 8540 V rms / 1 minute

Between the case and input: AC: 8540 V rms / 1 minute

Location for use: Altitude up to 2000 m (6562 feet), Indoors

Standards Safety: EN 61010 applying: 3281 (current): 600 VAC (Measurement Category III)

Anticipated transient overvoltage: 6000 V, Pollution Degree 2

3281 (voltage): 600 VAC (Measurement Category IV)

Anticipated transient overvoltage: 6000 V, Pollution Degree 2

3282 (current): 600 VAC (Measurement Category IV)

Anticipated transient overvoltage: 8000 V, Pollution Degree 2

3282 (voltage): 600 VAC (Measurement Category IV)

Anticipated transient overvoltage: 8000 V, Pollution Degree 2

EMC: EN 61326

Dust resistance: EN 60529 IP40

Operating temperature and humidity range: 0 to 40°C (32 to 104°F), 80% RH max. (no condensation)

Temperature characteristics: 0.05 x accuracy specifications/°C (°F) at 0 to 40°C (32 to 104°F)

DANGER Indicates that incorrect operation presents an extreme hazard that could result in serious injury or death to the user.

WARNING Indicates that incorrect operation presents a significant hazard that could result in serious injury or death to the user.

CAUTION Indicates that incorrect operation presents a possibility of injury to the user or damage to the instrument.

NOTE Advisory items related to performance or correct operation of the instrument.

Safety Symbols

■: The **■** symbol printed on the instrument indicates that the user should refer to a corresponding topic in the manual (marked with the **■** symbol) before use.

□: In the manual, the **□** symbol indicates particularly important information that the user should read before using the instrument.

△: Indicates that dangerous voltage may be present at this terminal.

□: Indicates a double-insulated device.

□: Indicates DC (Direct Current).

□: Indicates AC (Alternating Current).

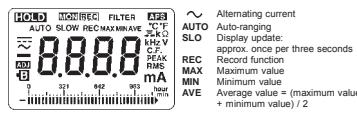
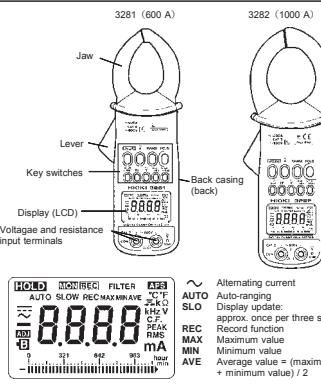
□: Indicates a grounding terminal.

□: Indicates that the instrument may be connected to or disconnected from a live circuit.

Storage temperature	-10 to 50°C (14 to 122°F) (no condensation)
range	
Power source	Rated power voltage 9 VDC
	6F22 layer-built manganese battery x 1
Maximum rated power	100 mVA
Battery lifetime	Approx. 45 hours (continuous, no load)
External dimensions and mass	Approx. 62W x 216.5H x 39D mm, Approx. 350 g (3281) Approx. 2.44" W x 8.58" H x 1.54" D, Approx. 12.3 oz. (3281) Approx. 62W x 231H x 39D mm, Approx. 400 g (3281) Approx. 2.44" W x 9.06" H x 1.54" D, Approx. 14.1 oz. (3282)

3. Accessories
Model L9207-10 Test Lead (black and red set), Instruction manual, Model 9399 Carrying Case, Hand strap, 6F22 (006P) battery

Names and Functions of Parts



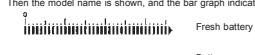
min One minute: one segment (bar graph)
hour One hour: one segment (bar graph)
HOLD Data hold
AFS Auto power-off
T° Fahrenheit
Ω Resistance
Continuity

* Temperature probes have been discontinued.
The temperature measurement function is no longer available.

Measurement Procedure

Preparation

1. Remove the test cover and insert a battery. (Refer to Battery Replacement Procedure.)
2. Press **POWER** to turn the unit on. Verify that all segments of the display light up briefly. Then the model name is shown, and the bar graph indicates the battery condition.



3. The AC current measurement mode is activated.

Low battery voltage detection function

After the **b** mark lights and battery voltage drops below a certain level, the power goes off automatically. When this occurs, **b** and **LO** are displayed.

When power goes off after display of these marks, replace the exhausted battery with a new one.

AC current (ACA) measurement A

1. Press the **A** key.
2. Clean the tip of the conductors and place it in the center of the jaw.

The effective value (RMS) of the current is displayed in the digital display and bar graph.

A suitable measurement range is selected automatically (AUTO).



NOTE
* Use the **HOLD** function when you abolish indication and want to read it.
* Please note that equipments that include elements outside the frequency characteristic range may not be measured correctly.
* Current measurements exceeding 600 A AC should be of short duration. Heat builds up and is proportional to the current value, and will reach a dangerous level over a long period of time.
* The unit cannot read zero with no input at low temperature. Even then, the accuracy is guaranteed when a current of 3 A or more is measured.

Range selection
Press the **RANGE** key repeatedly cycles through the 30 A, 300 A, 600 A (1000 A) and **AUTO** ranges.

Changing the display update SLOW

When the readings fluctuate and are difficult to take, it is possible to make the display update slow (approx. once per three seconds), and the readings easy to take. The screen updating speed cannot be changed for the bar-graph display.
Pressing the **SLOW/PEAK** key repeatedly changes the display as follows.

→ SLOW→PEAK→C.F.→RMS

Peak value display PEAK

The peak value is displayed. The effective value is displayed in the bar graph.

NOTE

* Mode displaying the peak value of a continuous wave which lasts for more than 250 ms.
* To display the peak value, use the recording function in the PEAK display mode (refer to recording function REC 3.).

* As there is a period whereby no sampling is done in the instrument, it may not be possible to measure the peak value of a signal that does not reach 250 ms, such as the motor starting current, even when the recording function is used.

* To accurately measure an instantaneous peak current such as an arched current, please use HIOKI CM4371 and CM4373.

Crest factor display C.F.

The crest factor (peak-to-rms ratio) of a waveform is displayed.
Crest factor = Peak value / Effective value
The crest factor of an undistorted sine wave is 1.41.

A crest factor of less than 1.41 indicates that a waveform is distorted, i.e., contains harmonic components.

When a crest factor of current is displayed, the indicated value is the effective value.

The effective value is displayed in the bar graph.

Frequency display Hz

1. Press the **Hz** key.

2. Pressing the **Hz** key changes the display as shown in the figure.

3. The frequency of the sine wave is displayed.

When no input is applied, "—" is displayed. When measuring the current frequency, "A" flashes. The effective value is displayed in the bar graph.

NOTE

* When the frequency is lower than 30 Hz, "—" is displayed.

* The AUTO range display indicates the current range.

AC voltage measurement V

1. Press the **V** key.
2. The effective value (RMS) of voltage is displayed in the digital display and bar graph.

The display updates changing, and the peak value, crest factor and frequency displays are possible as well as in the AC current measurement.

NOTE

* Be sure to use the test leads with the sleeves attached when performing measurements in the CAT III and CAT IV measurement categories. In the CAT II environment, if the tips of the test leads do not reach the measurement object, remove the rigid insulating sleeve before measuring.

* Please note that waveforms that include elements outside the frequency characteristic range may not be measured correctly.

Resistance measurement

1. Insert the test leads in the instrument as shown in the figure.

2. Attach or remove the rigid insulating sleeve as required by the measurement object.

3. Press the **Ω/TEMP** key to display **Ω**, changes the display as follows.

→ **Ω** → **°C*** → **°F*** (Centigrade) (Fahrenheit)

Plug in the test leads

* : Temperature probes have been discontinued.

The temperature measurement function is no longer available.

4. The resistance value is displayed in the digital display and bar graph. Ranging is automatic (AUTO).

NOTE

* If a voltage is input, a warning beep will sound. Stop measurement immediately. (The internal circuit is protected against up to AC 600 V.)

* In some cases, the alarm does not beep for DC or DC weighted components.

Continuity check

1. Insert **Ω** in the same way as in the resistance measurement.

2. The buzzer beeps at least than approximately 30 Ω, and **Ω** flashes.

NOTE

* The digital display indicates the measured resistance value.

* If a voltage is input, a warning beep will sound. Stop measurement immediately. (The internal circuit is protected against up to AC 600 V.)

* In some cases, the alarm does not beep for DC or DC weighted components.

Data hold function HOLD

Data hold functions to "stop" the display at its present reading.

Press the **HOLD** key. **HOLD** appears, and the digital and bar graph displays are held. This function is effective for all measurement functions and modes.

Pressing the **HOLD** key again cancels **HOLD** display and activates the recording

To release this function, press the **HOLD** key again.

Auto power-off function APS

When **APS** is being displayed, the auto power-off function is effective.

The unit is powered off in approx. 10 minutes unless any key is pressed. **APS** flashes and the alarm beeps for approx. 30 seconds just before the unit is powered off.

Pressing a key other than the **POWER** key prolongs the auto power-off function for 10 minutes.

To release the auto power-off function, press the **POWER** key while holding down the **POWER** key to power on the unit. In this case, **APS** does not appear.

When using the record function, the auto power-off function is ineffective.

Battery consumption warning

If **b** is indicated, the battery power is running low and accuracy cannot be guaranteed. Replace with a new battery. Refer to "Preparation" for the confirmation of the capacity of the battery.

Buzzer

To turn off the buzzer, press the **POWER** key while holding down the **RANGE** key to power on the instrument. The alarm and continuity buzzers cannot be turned off.

FAST mode

Make it FAST mode when you measure load currents with variations.

The digital display update can be set to approx. 4 times per second.

1. Press the **A** key twice to set the FAST mode.

* "F" appears for instance, and the unit enters the FAST mode.

Then the segments of the bar graph are set to the **A** key.

2. Press the **RANGE** key to fix the current range.

3. It is convenient for taking readings to hold the maximum value (MAX) by using the record function.

4. To release the FAST mode, press the **A** key twice again.

NOTE

* The stable measurement cannot be made unless the waveform lasts for more than 250 ms.

* Press the **V** key in the case of the voltage measurement as well after it is made FAST mode.

* This mode is not effective for the resistance, continuity and temperature measurements.

* The **SLOW** display in the FAST mode, the display update is the same as in the normal mode (approx. twice per second).

Recording function REC

Use the recording function to hold the maximum and minimum measured values and maximum/minimum averages.

1. Measurement indicated value.

Pressing the **MAX/MIN** key during measurements of current, voltage, or frequency activates the recording function. **REC** flashes and the instrument saves the measured data. The data is held in the internal memory. When the recording function is activated, the data is held in the internal memory from the instant you press the **MAX/MIN** key. Pressing the **MAX/MIN** key with the recording function activated switches the display as shown below. If MAX, MIN, or AVE is not displayed, an instantaneous value is displayed.

→ MAX → MIN → AVE → Instantaneous value → (No display)

Data (MAX, MIN, AVE) remains saved while the display is switched. If maximum or minimum is updated in the meantime, however, the data values will change. With the recording function activated, the auto power-off function remains disabled.

APS off

The average value (AVE) is displayed as calculated: Average Value = [(Maximum value + Minimum value)/2].

After pressing the **SLOW/PEAK** key to display the peak value, activate the recording function and select MAX. The peak hold function will be activated.

2. Display of Elapsed Time

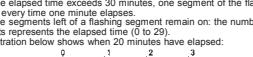
When you press the **MAX/MIN** key to activate the recording function, the bar graph segment corresponding to the elapsed time appears.

When "MIN" is shown, the right hand side of the bar graph, each segment of the bar graph corresponds to one minute. Every time one minute elapses, one segment of the bar graph goes on. When all segments of the bar graph go on, the elapsed time is 30 minutes.

When the elapsed time exceeds 30 minutes, one segment of the bar graph goes off every time one minute elapses.

When the elapsed time exceeds 60 minutes, the segment remain on: the number of "on" segments represents the elapsed time (0 to 29).

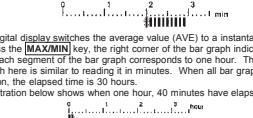
The illustration below shows when 20 minutes have elapsed:



When digital display switches the average value (AVE) to a instantaneous value when you press the **MAX/MIN** key, the right corner of the bar graph indicates hours. In this mode, each segment of the bar graph corresponds to one hour. The way to read the bar graph is same as in the case of the 60 minutes.

When all bar graph segments remain on, the elapsed time is 30 hours.

The illustration below shows when one hour, 40 minutes have elapsed.



3. Deactivation of Recording Function

Pressing the **HOLD** key deactivates the recording function. **HOLD** goes on, **REC** goes off.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

While the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.

When the recording function is being deactivated, data are not updated, even if the power is turned on.