



# **Relative Humidity Calibration Kit**

**For Calibrating All RH  
Measuring Kestrel® Meters**

Model Numbers

3000, 3500, 4000, 4200,  
4250, 4300, 4400, 4500

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***While the calibration process is very simple, it is important that you follow the steps carefully! A careless calibration could enter incorrect values into the unit and degrade its performance.***

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Please refer to [Standard Practice for Maintaining Constant Relative Humidity by Means of Aqueous Solutions ASTM Designation: E104-85](#) (reapproved 1996) for additional information.

## **Factory Calibration**

Each Kestrel Pocket Weather Meter is individually calibrated after assembly. In essence, each unit is “taught” what the correct relative humidity (RH) values should be for given signals from the RH sensor.

NK factory calibrates at RH = 32.8% and RH = 75.3%. Calibration is performed in two sealed environmental chambers maintained at 25°C. The humidity is held constant with saturated aqueous salt baths: magnesium chloride for the 32.8% chamber and sodium chloride for the 75.3% chamber. Chamber temperatures are held constant at 25°C ±0.5°C.

The temperature and RH of each chamber are independently monitored using a precision chilled mirror dew point hygrometer (Edge Tech Model 2002) accurate to ± 0.1°C and NIST (National Institute of Standards and Technology) traceable.

A proprietary auto calibration routine controls the calibration process. After 60 minutes, this routine stores a calibration value that ensures the Kestrel is correct at the RH value of the chamber.

The response of the humidity sensor is a highly reproducible, non-linear curve. This non-linear characteristic is stored in the microprocessor used to compute RH, and in this manner we are able to maintain an accuracy of ± 3% of scale over the relative range 5% - 95%.

NK’s factory calibration is traceable to the National Institute of Standards and Technology, ensuring the reliability you need. Our primary Calibration Standards are sent for calibration in accordance with NIST requirements and based on a regular schedule. Only approved laboratories and NIST itself are used for these calibration services. Calibration certificates and stickers may be requested (at an additional charge) when purchasing your Kestrel or returning it for Factory Recalibration (see next section).

## **Factory Recalibration / Certification**

The Kestrel should be recalibrated if the RH sensor has shown drift in its RH measurement. The Kestrel RH sensor is specified to develop less than 2% drift over 24 months. You may return your Kestrel to NK for Factory Recalibration of the relative humidity and related measurements. Recalibration is available with and without certification of NIST traceability and calibration stickers. Note that NK can recalibrate and certify any of the values measured by your Kestrel– wind speed / air flow; temperature; barometric pressure and humidity. Please contact NK for more information about Factory Recalibration and certification.

## **Field Recalibration**

As an alternative to Factory Recalibration, this kit allows you to perform dozens of recalibrations in the field to ensure that your Kestrel is always performing within specifications. This manual explains in detail all of the steps for recalibrating your Kestrel. This process will take approximately 13 hours, including setup and calibration.

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***While the calibration process is very simple, it is important that you follow the steps carefully! A careless calibration could enter incorrect values into the unit and degrade its performance.***

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**Please read ALL of these instructions before beginning the recalibration of your Kestrel!**

## **Contents of the Humidity Calibration Kit**

- two jars with color-coded salt chamber labels, plastic grids and sealing lids
- one jar with no grid (for water)
- one vial or sealed bag with magnesium chloride (MgCl) salt and blue color-coded label
- one vial or sealed bag with sodium chloride salt (NaCl) and red color-coded label
- one RH Calibration Kit insulated bag/carry case
- one color-coded labeled measuring cup

The RH Calibration Kit insulated bag and jar of water are used to create a stable environment. The jar of water will stabilize the temperature inside the Cal Kit bag. The saturated salt solutions generate well-defined humidities when they are confined to the contained environment of the two gridded jars inside the insulated, stabilized Cal Kit.

## Preparing the Calibration Salt Solutions

For your first use only, you will need to add water to the provided salts to prepare the saturated salt solutions for the calibration chambers. Note that it is important not to cross-contaminate either solution with the other salt. For this reason, every item is color-coded. Make sure to keep red items with red, and blue with blue, throughout the mixing and calibrating process.

You will be mixing the salts with water. We recommend distilled water if available, but clean uncontaminated tap water will not measurably affect the accuracy of your results. For both solutions, your aim is to produce a “slurry” in which you can still see visible grains of salt as well as liquid water. Look at the following pictures for reference:



**Just Right**



**Too Wet**



**Too Dry**

- 1) Open the two labeled jars. Remove the two spacer grids from the jars.
- 2) Open the sealed vial or bag labeled “Sodium Chloride 75.30%” and dump the salt into the bottom of the jar with the same label.
- 3) Fill the small measuring cup to the RED line marked “NaCl” (13 ml.) with distilled or clean tap water. Add to jar.
- 4) Using a stirring stick, stir the solution for at least a minute. Observe the consistency. If necessary, add a few drops of water to achieve the desired slurry consistency, and stir some more.

- 5) Place the lid with the same label on the jar and tighten securely.
- 6) Repeat for the Magnesium Chloride 32.80% solution, filling the measuring cup to the BLUE line marked MgCl (5 ml.) and using the BLUE color-coded supplies. You may need to use a stirring stick to scrape the salt out of the vial or bag. **Make sure not to add more than 5 ml. of water!** It is better to start with slightly less water, and add it a drop at a time, as this solution tends to become too wet.

**Note that the salt solutions will tend to change over time: the NaCl solution will tend to dry out, and the MgCl solution will tend to pull humidity from the air and get too wet. For this reason, keep the lids securely closed on the calibration chambers except when opening them to load a unit for calibration. You may add drops of water to the NaCl solution to return it to the proper “slurry” consistency if required. You may also place the MgCl solution in a clean pan in a slow oven to dry it if it becomes too wet, or you may simply purchase replacement salt bags and remix the solutions from scratch.**

## Stabilizing the Calibration Kit Temperature

- 1) **Choose a Calibration Location:** It is very important that the temperature of the calibration chambers be kept as constant as possible during the calibration process. Ideally, the Cal Kit should be used inside a temperature-controlled structure (house or office) with a temperature variation of  $\pm 2^{\circ}\text{F}$  or less.
- 2) **Prepare the Stabilizing Jar:** Fill the third jar with room temperature tap water. Put both salt chambers and the temperature stabilizing water jar inside the Cal Kit case. Zip the case closed.
- 3) For even more accurate calibration results, or where a stable environment is not available, the entire Cal Kit may be placed inside a large insulated cooler together with additional containers of water (gallon jugs work fine).

- 4) **Stabilize the Temperature:** Place the Kestrel unit to be calibrated on top of the Cal Kit. Place both in the location where you will perform the calibration and leave them there undisturbed for at least 10 hours. (If using the additional cooler, place inside the cooler with the full jugs of water.) This stabilization period will ensure that the salt chambers, temperature-stabilizing water jar(s) and Kestrel are all at the temperature of the calibration environment.

**Your Cal Kit, stabilizing water chamber and Kestrel are now at the same temperature as their environment and each other. You are ready to proceed to performing the calibration.**

### Calibrating Your Kestrel

**NOTE: Throughout the calibration process, keep both salt chambers and the jar of water inside the Cal Kit except when turning the unit on, moving the unit between chambers or starting the calibration cycle.**

Before recalibrating your Kestrel, the expected humidity calibration chamber values must be programmed into the unit. The salts provided will create chamber humidities of 75.3 (sodium chloride) and 32.8 (magnesium chloride). These are the default calibration values factory programmed into your unit. The following directions cover the steps required to ensure that your Kestrel is programmed for the correct values, set the calibration time period and run the calibration routine.

**IMPORTANT! Identify your Kestrel model:** The calibration instructions differ depending upon which Kestrel model you have. You must identify your model and follow the correct directions. The three procedures are:

**For the Two-Button Kestrel 3000, the 75.3% sodium chloride chamber is used first, and for the Three-Button 3000/3500 and 4000/4200/4250/4400/4500, the 32.8% magnesium chloride chamber is used first.**

### **Two-Button Kestrel 3000:**

- 1) Turn on the Kestrel 3000. Press the [MODE] button until the unit is in dew point mode (💧).
- 2) Hold the [ON] and [MODE] buttons simultaneously until the display reads "P 1" (approximately six seconds).
- 3) Press the [ON] button to display the first calibration value, which will have the last digit blinking. To keep the displayed value (75.3 for the sodium chloride chamber), simply press the [ON] button twice to skip to step 4. If it is necessary to change the value, press the [MODE] button to change the flashing digit. When the desired number is displayed, press the [ON] button to move to the middle digit. Again, press the [MODE] button to change the flashing digit. When the desired number is displayed, press the [ON] button to continue setting the second calibration value.
- 4) The display will now read "P 2." Press the [ON] button to display the second calibration value, which will have the last digit blinking. To keep the displayed value (32.8 for the magnesium chloride chamber), simply press the [ON] button twice to exit setting. If it is necessary to change the value, press the [MODE] button to change the flashing digit. When the desired number is displayed, press the [ON] button to move to the middle digit. Again, press the [MODE] button to change the flashing digit. When the desired number is displayed, press the [ON] button to exit, setting the second calibration value.
- 5) The display will return to the normal dew point mode. (Note that the RH measurement will NOT be any different than before setting the calibration values.) The unit is now ready for calibration.
- 6) Press the [MODE] button until the unit is in relative humidity mode (💧%).

- 7) Hold the [ON] and [MODE] buttons simultaneously until the display reads "C 1" (approximately 6 seconds).
- 8) Press the [MODE] button. The display will alternate between "C 1" and the programmed first chamber value. This will continue for 60 minutes to indicate that the first calibration point is being taken.
- 9) Place the unit into the sodium chloride chamber, close the jar tightly, place it inside the Cal Kit and zip the bag closed. If you are using an additional cooler, place the zippered bag inside. Leave the Cal Kit undisturbed for 60 minutes. After that time, remove the Kestrel from the first chamber. The display should read "C 2," indicating that the first calibration point is finished and the unit is ready for the second point.
- 10) Thoroughly wipe off any sodium chloride clinging to the Kestrel or lanyard. Press the [MODE] button to begin the calibration count-down for the second point. The display will toggle between "C 2" and the programmed second chamber value. This will continue for 60 minutes.
- 11) Place the unit into the magnesium chloride chamber, close the jar tightly, place it inside the Cal Kit and zip the bag closed. If you are using an additional cooler, place the zippered bag inside. Leave the Cal Kit undisturbed for 60 minutes. After that time, remove the Kestrel from the second chamber. The display should read "End," indicating that the second calibration point is finished.
- 12) Press the [MODE] button to return to the normal mode of operation. Wipe or rinse the unit clean. Your Kestrel is now recalibrated and ready to take accurate measurements.

### Three-Button Kestrel 3000/3500:

- 1) Begin with the Kestrel 3000/3500 turned off. Hold the left button while pressing the center button. The display will read "P 1."
- 2) Press the center button to display the first calibration value. To keep the displayed value (32.8 for the magnesium chloride chamber), simply press the center button to skip to step 3. If it is necessary to change the value, use the left arrow button to adjust the value down, and the right arrow button to adjust it up. When the desired number is displayed, press the center button to continue to setting the second calibration value. The display will read "P 2."
- 3) Press the center button to display the second calibration value. To keep the displayed value (75.3 for the sodium chloride chamber), simply press the center button to exit value setting. If it is necessary to change the value, use the left arrow button to adjust the value down, and the right arrow button to adjust it up. When the desired number is displayed, press the center button to exit value setting. The display will read "C 1."
- 4) Press the center button to begin the calibration count-down. The display will toggle between "C 1" and the number of minutes remaining in the calibration.
- 5) Place the unit into the magnesium chloride chamber, close the jar tightly, place it inside the Cal Kit and zip the bag closed. If you are using an additional cooler, place the zippered bag inside. Leave the Cal Kit undisturbed for 60 minutes. After that time, remove the Kestrel from the first chamber. The display should read "C 2," indicating that the first calibration point is finished and the unit is ready for the second point.

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- 6) Thoroughly wipe off any magnesium chloride clinging to the Kestrel or lanyard. Press the center button to begin the calibration count-down for the second point. The display will toggle between "C 2" and the number of minutes remaining in the calibration.
- 7) Place the unit into the sodium chloride chamber, close the jar tightly, place it inside the Cal Kit and zip the bag closed. If you are using a secondary chamber, place it inside the second chamber. Leave the Cal Kit undisturbed for 60 minutes. After that time, remove the Kestrel from the second chamber. The display should read "End," indicating that the second calibration point is finished.
- 8) Press the center button to return to the normal mode of operation. Wipe or rinse the unit clean. Your Kestrel is now recalibrated and ready to take accurate measurements.

## Kestrel 4000/4200/4250/4300/4400/4500:

- 1) Turn on the Kestrel Meter. Press the **⓪** button to enter the main setup menu. Press the **▼** button to highlight the "Humidity Cal" option, which will be found either on the main menu or under the "System" sub-menu, depending on your software version. Press the **◀** or **▶** button to enter the humidity cal setup screen.
- 2) Press the **▼** button to highlight "Period." Use the **◀** and **▶** arrow buttons to adjust the setting for the length of time that the Kestrel will remain in each humidity chamber. The default and recommended setting is 60 minutes.
- 3) Press the **▼** button to highlight "RH Point 1." Use the **◀** and **▶** buttons to adjust and set the humidity value for the first calibration chamber (32.8 for the magnesium chloride chamber).

- 4) Press the **▼** button to highlight "RH Point 2." Use the **◀** and **▶** arrow buttons to adjust and set the humidity value for the second calibration chamber (75.3 for the sodium chloride chamber).
- 5) Press the **▼** button to highlight "Start 1." Press the **◀** or **▶** button to begin the first calibration period. A timer will appear next to "Start 1" and will immediately begin counting down the calibration period in seconds (i.e., beginning with 3600 for 60 minutes).
- 6) Place the unit into the magnesium chloride chamber, close the jar tightly, place it inside the Cal Kit and zip the bag closed. If you are using an additional cooler, place the zippered bag inside. Leave the Cal Kit undisturbed for 60 minutes (or other time period selected in step 2). After that time, remove the Kestrel from the first chamber. The display should be on "Start 1" with the counter no longer visible, indicating that the timer has counted down to "0" and the first calibration point is finished. The unit is now ready for the second point. Note: the plastic spacers should not be used for the calibration of the Kestrel 4400. When placing the Kestrel 4400 in the jar, inserting it upside down (shown in picture) is recommended. The black globe is more easily cleaned than the bottom of the Kestrel.
- 7) Thoroughly wipe off any magnesium chloride clinging to the Kestrel, lanyard or black globe (if 4400 model). Use the down arrow key to highlight "Start 2." Press the **◀** or **▶** button to begin the second calibration period. A timer will appear next to "Start 2" and will begin counting down the second period in seconds.
- 8) Place the unit into the sodium chloride chamber, close the jar tightly, place it inside the Cal Kit and zip the bag closed. If you are using an additional cooler, place the zippered bag inside. Leave the Cal Kit undisturbed for 60 minutes. After that time, remove the Kestrel from the second chamber. The display should again show "Start 2" highlighted with the timer no longer visible, indicating that the second calibration point is finished.
- 9) Press the **⓪** button twice to exit the calibration and main menus and return to the normal mode of operation. Your Kestrel is now recalibrated and ready to take accurate measurements.

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## Using the Calibration Kit to Check Your Unit's Calibration Accuracy

**Kestrel 4000/4200/4250/4300/4400/4500:** Press the **bu** button to enter the main setup menu. Press the down arrow button to highlight the "Auto Off" option. Use the left/right arrow buttons to disable the auto-off feature. Press the **bu** button to exit the main setup menu. Place the unit in the desired salt chamber and leave it undisturbed in the chamber inside the Cal Kit for one to two hours. Remove the chamber from the Cal Kit and view the %RH through the jar. The reading should be within 3 percentage points of the expected value for that chamber's salt solution. For further confirmation of the calibration accuracy, you may set the unit to log the humidity data at 2-5 min intervals. Review the graph to be certain that the %RH had stabilized and that the temperature was not changing at the point where you took the confirming reading.

**Kestrel 3000 (Two-Button and Three-Button) and 3500:** It is not possible to disable the auto-off feature on these models. With the unit OFF, place it in the desired salt chamber inside the RH Cal Kit for an hour or more to allow the temperature and humidity to stabilize. After the stabilization period, open the jar quickly and turn on your unit. Using the [MODE] or **◀ / ▶** buttons (depending on model), select the relative humidity mode. Return the unit to the jar and leave it undisturbed in the jar inside the RH Cal Kit for 20 minutes. Remove the jar from the Cal Kit and view the %RH through the jar. The reading should be within 3 percentage points of the expected value for that chamber's salt solution. Be sure to take your confirmation reading within 30 minutes before auto shut-off.

### Verification of Other RH Values

It is possible to test the Kestrel at humidity values other than 32.8% and 75.3%. To set up a test at another RH value, simply use a different saturated salt solution in the humidity chamber. Refer to the table on the following page for various salts and their corresponding RH values.

1) Set up a large, clear sealed container with a saturated salt solution using any one of the salts from the table on page 15 and tap water to make a slurry similar to the slurry provided with the Cal Kit.

2) Follow the value checking instructions above for your unit. The Kestrel should display an RH value within  $\pm 3$  percentage points of the chart listing for the salt solution chosen.

**NOTE: Please observe all Material Safety precautions applicable to the salt you have chosen to use.**

### SALT BATH

LITHIUM BROMIDE

LITHIUM CHLORIDE

POTASSIUM ACETATE

MAGNESIUM CHLORIDE

POTASSIUM CARBONATE

MAGNESIUM NITRATE

SODIUM BROMIDE

POTASSIUM IODIDE

SODIUM CHLORIDE

POTASSIUM CHLORIDE

POTASSIUM SULFATE

### PUBLISHED RH AT 25 ° C

6.37%

11.30%

22.51%

32.80%

43.16%

52.89%

57.57%

68.86%

75.30%

84.34%

97.30%

\* Based on: [Humidity Fixed Points of Binary Saturated Aqueous Solutions](#), Greenspan, Lewis; Journal of Research of the National Bureau of Standards-A. Physics and Chemistry, Vol. 81A, No. 1, p. 89 January-February 1977

## NEED HELP?

Our NK Knowledge Center has answers to many common questions, along with tips and tricks for using NK products. It's available 24-7 at [www.nkhome.com/knowledge center/](http://www.nkhome.com/knowledge center/).

For email assistance with the installation or operation of your NK product, write [techsupport@nkhome.com](mailto:techsupport@nkhome.com).

For help with an apparent malfunction, or to arrange or inquire about a repair, write [repairs@nkhome.com](mailto:repairs@nkhome.com).

Or call 800.784.4221 (610.447.1555 outside of the USA), Monday to Friday, 9 to 5.



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